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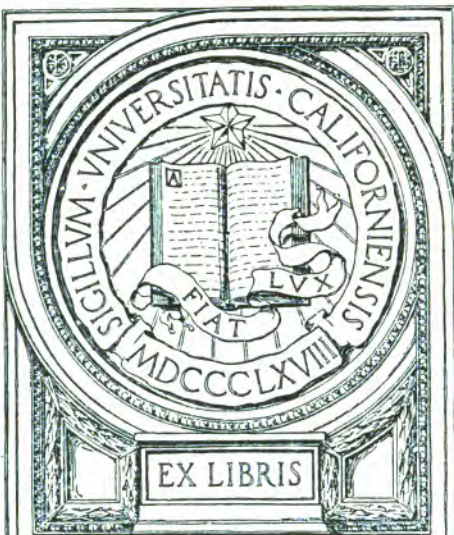
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DIRECT PRIMARY LAW
OF CALIFORNIA

1914

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STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DIRECT PRIMARY LAW

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TO VIND
ABROGATION

DIRECT PRIMARY LAW.

An act to provide for and regulate primary elections, and providing a method for choosing the delegates for political parties to state conventions and for nominating electors of president and vice president of the United States, and providing for the election of party county central committees, and to repeal the act approved April 7, 1911, known as the direct primary law, and also to repeal the act approved December 24, 1911, amending sections 1, 3, 5, 7, 10, 12, 13, 22, 23, and 24 of the said direct primary law, and also to repeal all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with or in conflict with the provisions of this act.

[Approved June 16, 1913; Statutes 1913, p. 1379.]

Definitions.

SECTION 1. Words and phrases where used in this act shall, unless such construction be inconsistent with the context, be construed as follows:

1. The words "primary election," any and every primary nominating election provided for by this act.

2. The words "August primary election," the primary election held in August to nominate candidates to be voted for at the ensuing November election or to elect members of a party central committee or delegates to a party convention.

3. The words "May presidential primary election," any such primary election, held in May of each year of the general November election at which electors of president and vice president of the United States are to be chosen, as shall provide for the indication of preference in the several political parties for party candidates for president of the United States through the election of delegates to national party conventions.

4. The word "election," a general state, county, city or city and county election as distinguished from a primary election.

5. The words "November election," either the presidential election, or the general state, county, or city and county election held in November of each even numbered year.

6. The words "judicial officer," any justice of the supreme court, justice of a district court of appeal, judge of the superior court, justice of the peace, or justice of such inferior court as the legislature may establish in any county, township, incorporated city or town, or city and county; and the words "judicial office," the office filled by any of the above judicial officers.

7. The words "school officer," the superintendent of public instruction and the superintendent of schools of a county or city and county; and the words "school office," the office filled by any of the above school officers.

8. The words "county officer," any officer elected within the boundaries of any county or city and county, except a member of the state senate or assembly or a member of the house of representatives of the congress of the United States or a member of any party county central committee or delegate to a state convention from a hold-over senatorial district; and the words "county office," the office filled by any county officer. The words "township officer," any such county officer as is elected within the boundaries of any judicial township that is now or may be hereafter provided by law; and the words "township office," the office filled by any township officer.

NOTE.—The direct primary law is not applicable to the nomination of officers for cities having freeholders' charters, for cities of the sixth class, etc. See section 2 of act.

9. The word or words "political party," "party," "political organization," or "organization," a political party or organization of electors which has qualified, as hereinafter provided, for participation in any primary election; and such party or organization shall be deemed to have so qualified when any one or more of the three following conditions have been complied with:

a. If at the last preceding November election there was polled for any one of its candidates who was the candidate of such party only for any office voted on throughout the state, at least three per cent of the entire vote of the state, or for any one of its candidates who was the joint candidate of such party and any other party for any office voted on throughout the state, at least six per cent of the entire vote of the state; or

b. If on or before a date which shall be the fiftieth day before any primary election, there shall have registered within the state, as intending to affiliate with such party or organization as shall have been designated in their affidavits of registration, qualified electors equal in number to at least three per cent of the total number of electors registered throughout the state for the last preceding November election; the number of such registered qualified electors to be determined by the secretary of state from the statements transmitted to him as required by subdivision 1 of section 4 of this act; or

c. If on or before a date which shall be the fiftieth day before any primary election, there shall be filed with the secretary of state a petition signed by registered qualified electors of the state, whether registered as intending to affiliate with any political party or not, equal in number to at least three per cent of the entire vote of the state at the last preceding November election, declaring that they represent a political party or organization the name of which shall be stated therein, which party said electors desire to have participate in such primary election; such petition to be circulated, signed, and the signatures thereon of the registered electors certified to and transmitted to the secretary of state by the county clerks substantially as provided in section 5 of this act, for the circulation, signing, certification, and transmission of nomination papers for state officers; *providing, however*, that no electors or organization of electors shall assume a party name or designation which shall be so similar to the name of an existing party or organization as to mislead voters.

This statute shall be liberally construed, so that the real will of the electors shall not be defeated by any informality or failure to comply with all the provisions of law in respect to either the giving of any notice or the conducting of the primary election or certifying the results thereof.

In each county and city and county in this state, having a registrar of voters or registrar of voters and a board of election commissioners, the powers conferred and the duties imposed in this statute upon a county clerk and his deputies, and other officers, in relation to matters of election and polling places, shall be exercised and performed by such registrar of voters or his deputies, or registrar of voters or his deputies and board of election commissioners; and all nominating papers, list of candidates, expenses, and oaths of office, required by this statute to be made to county clerks, shall be filed with the registrar of voters.

Nomination of candidates.

SEC. 2. All candidates nominated at a primary election for elective public offices shall be nominated by direct vote at such election held in accordance with the provisions of this act; *provided*, that electors of president and vice president of the United States shall be nominated as provided in subdivision 2 of section 24 of this act. Party candidates for the office of United States senator shall have their names placed on the official primary election ballots of their respective parties and shall be in all respects nominated in the manner herein provided for state officers. This act shall not apply to special elections to fill vacancies; nor to the nomination of officers of municipalities, counties, or cities and counties whose charters provide a system for nominating candidates for such officers; nor the nomination of officers for any district not formed for municipal purposes; nor to the nomination of freeholders to be elected for the purpose of framing a charter; nor to the nomination of officers for cities of the sixth class; nor to the nomination of school district officers.

Primary, when held.

SEC. 3. The August primary election shall be held at the legally designated polling places in each precinct on the last Tuesday in August, for the nomination of all candidates to be voted for at the ensuing November election. The day of the August primary election and the day of the May presidential primary election are hereby declared to be holidays within the meaning of section 10 of the Political Code. Any person entitled to vote at such August or May primary elections shall, on the day of such election, be entitled to absent himself from any service or employment in which he is then engaged or employed, for the period of two consecutive hours, between the time of opening and the time of closing the polls; and such voter shall not, because of so absenting himself, be liable to any penalty, nor shall any deduction be made, on account of such absence, from his usual salary or wages. Any primary election other than the August primary election, or May presidential primary election shall be held on Tuesday, three weeks next preceding the election for which such primary election is held.

Publication of notice.

SEC. 4. 1. On the first Monday in February, on the Monday which is the fiftieth day before the first Tuesday in May, on the first Monday in June, and on the Monday which is the fiftieth day before the last Tuesday in August, in each even numbered year, the county clerk or registrar of voters of each county or city and county shall transmit a statement to the secretary of state of the total number of electors registered in his county since the first day of January next preceding, together with the number so registered under each of the several political affiliations, and also the number declining or failing to declare such affiliation. At least forty days before the time of holding the August primary election in 1914 and biennially thereafter, the secretary of state shall prepare and transmit to each county clerk and to the registrar of voters in any city and county a notice in writing designating the offices for which candidates are to be nominated at such primary election, together with the names of the political parties qualified to participate in such election.

2. Within ten days after receipt of such notice such county clerk or registrar of voters in any city and county shall publish once in each week for two successive weeks in not more than two newspapers published in such county or city and county so much thereof as may be applicable to his county, including a statement of the number of members of the county central committee to be elected by each political party in each supervisorial or assembly district, as the case may be, according to the provisions of subdivision 4 of section 24 of this act.

3. In the case of August primary elections for the nomination of candidates for city or city and county officers to be voted for at the November election in the odd numbered years, the city clerk or secretary of the legislative body in any such city or the registrar of voters in any such city and county shall cause the publication of notice of such primary election, together with a complete statement of the offices for which candidates are to be nominated, once in each week for two successive weeks in not more than two newspapers of general circulation published in such city or city and county, the last publication to be made not more than forty and not less than fourteen days before such primary election.

4. In the case of primary elections other than the August primary elections the city clerk or secretary of the legislative body of the political subdivision for which such primary election shall be held shall cause one publication of such notice to be given, such publication to be not more than forty and not less than fourteen days before such primary election.

Nomination papers. Verification deputies.

SEC. 5. 1. The name of no candidate shall be printed on an official ballot to be used at any primary election unless at least forty days prior to the primary election, if the candidate is to be voted for at the August primary election or the May presidential primary election, and at least twenty days prior to the primary election, if the candidate is to be voted for at a primary election other than the August or May primary election, a nomination paper shall have been filed in his behalf as hereinafter provided by this act.

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2. a. The candidate may appoint verification deputies to serve within the county or city and county in which such deputies reside in securing signatures to his nomination paper for nomination to the office for which he is a candidate, and the verification deputies thus appointed shall be recognized as the duly authorized verification deputies to secure signatures to the nomination paper of such candidate in such county or city and county. The document in which such verification deputies are appointed as herein provided shall be filed with the county clerk of the county or city and county in which such verification deputies reside, at or before the time the nomination paper of the candidate is left with the county clerk for filing or for examination as provided in subdivision 4 of this section. Said document shall be in substantially the following form:

I, the undersigned, a candidate for the ----- party nomination for the office of -----, which nomination is to be made by direct vote at a primary election to be held on the ----- day of August, 19____, do hereby appoint the following registered qualified electors of the county of -----, as verification deputies to obtain signatures in said county to a nomination paper placing me in nomination as a candidate of said ----- party for said office of -----.

VERIFICATION DEPUTIES.

Names.	Residence.
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----
etc.	etc.
	(Signature) -----
	(Residence) -----

Filed in the office of the county clerk of ---- county this ---- day of ----, 19____.

-----, County Clerk.

By -----, Deputy.

In case it is desired to appoint additional verification deputies to secure signatures to the nomination paper of such candidate, one or more similar documents may be filed to supplement the first document. When the office for which the candidate is proposed is a judicial office, school office, county office, or township office, the words "----- party," and the words "of said ----- party," shall be omitted from said document. Or, as an alternative to the foregoing portion of this section and subdivision, verification deputies may be appointed in behalf of a candidate as follows:

b. Any five qualified electors of any county or city and county who are registered as intending to affiliate with the same political party may join in proposing a candidate of such party for nomination to any office to be voted on in such county or city and county at the next ensuing primary election, and in appointing verification deputies to serve within such county or city and county in securing signatures to the nomination paper of such candidate for such office. If the office is an office the candidate for which is to be voted on in more than one county, he may be proposed for nomination as herein provided by five of the registered qualified electors in each of the counties in which such electors may desire to circulate a nomination paper in his behalf. The signatures of the said five qualified electors shall be verified free of charge before any officer authorized to administer an oath, and the document containing such signatures shall be filed with the county clerk of the county or city and county in which said five qualified electors reside, at or before the time the nomination paper of the candidate is left with the county clerk or registrar of voters for filing or for examination as provided in subdivision 4 of this section. In said document the five signers shall make affidavit that the candidate therein named for the office therein specified has given his consent to be thus proposed for nomination to such office, and shall also state that the verification deputies therein appointed are duly registered qualified electors of said county or city and county; and the verifica-

tion deputies therein appointed shall be recognized as the duly authorized verification deputies to secure signatures to the nomination paper of such candidate in such county or city and county. Said document shall be substantially in the following form :

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, } ss.
COUNTY OF _____ }

We, the undersigned, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that we are each qualified electors of the county of _____, State of California, and that we are each registered as intending to affiliate with the _____ party; and we do hereby propose _____, who resides (at No. _____, _____ street in the city of) or (in the town of), _____, county of _____, as a candidate for the nomination of such party for the office of _____, to be voted for at the primary election to be held on the _____ day of August, 19____; and we do solemnly swear (or affirm) that said _____ has consented to this proposal of his name as candidate for the nomination for said office. We hereby appoint the following registered qualified electors of this county as verification deputies to obtain signatures in this county to the nomination paper of said _____ to said office of _____

VERIFICATION DEPUTIES.

Names.	Residence.
etc.	etc.

(Signed)

Names.	Residence.
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____, 19____
(SEAL) _____

Notary Public (or other official).

In case it is desired to appoint additional verification deputies to secure signatures to the nomination paper of said candidate, one or more similar documents may be filed, to supplement the first document. When the office for which the candidate is proposed is a judicial office, school office, county office, or township office, the provisions of this subdivision shall apply, except that the five qualified electors shall make no statement of their party affiliation and may be affiliated with different parties or with no party; and the candidate proposed for nomination shall not be so proposed as the candidate of any party.

3. Verification deputies appointed as provided in subdivision 2 of this section to obtain signatures to the nomination paper of any candidate for any office to be voted for at any primary election, may, at any time not more than seventy days nor less than forty days prior to such election, obtain signatures to such nomination paper of such candidate for such office. Each signer of a nomination paper shall sign but one such paper for the same office; *provided*, that prior to primary elections other than August primary elections or May presidential primary elections, signatures may be obtained not more than forty nor less than twenty days prior to such election. He shall also declare his intention to support such candidate for nomination, and shall

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add his place of residence, giving his street and number if any. His election precinct shall also appear on the paper just preceding his name, and the date of his signature shall appear at the end of the line just after his residence. Any nomination paper may be presented in sections, but each section shall contain the name of the candidate and the name of the office for which he is proposed for nomination. Each section shall bear the name of the city or town, if any, and also the name of the county or city and county, in which it is circulated, and only qualified electors of such county or city and county, registered as intending to affiliate with the political party in which the nomination is being made, shall be competent to sign such section. Any section circulated within any incorporated city or town shall be signed only by registered qualified electors of such city or town. Each section shall be prepared with the lines for signatures numbered, and shall have attached thereto the affidavit of the verification deputy who has obtained signatures to the same, stating that all the signatures to the attached section were made in his presence, and that to the best of his knowledge and belief, each signature to the section is the genuine signature of the person whose name it purports to be; and no other affidavit thereto shall be required. The affidavit of any verification deputy obtaining signatures hereunder shall be verified free of charge by any officer authorized to administer an oath. Such nomination paper so verified shall be prima facie evidence that the signatures thereto appended are genuine and that the persons signing the same are registered qualified electors, unless and until it is otherwise proven by comparison of such signatures with the affidavits of registration in the office of the county clerk or registrar of voters. Each section of the nomination paper, after being verified, shall be returned by the verification deputy who circulated it to one of the five electors by whom the said verification deputy was appointed; and in this manner all the sections circulated in any county shall be collected by said five electors of that county and shall be by them arranged for filing or for examination, as provided in subdivision 4 of this section. In case said verification deputy was appointed directly by the candidate according to the provisions of subdivision 2 (a) of this section, the collecting and arranging of the sections of the nomination paper shall be done by the candidate instead of by the "five electors" as hereinbefore provided. Each section of the nomination paper shall be in substance as follows:

County of _____, city (or town) of _____ (if any).

Nomination paper of _____, candidate for _____ party nomination for the office of _____.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, }
COUNTY OF _____ } ss.

SIGNER'S STATEMENT.

I, undersigned, am a qualified elector of the city (or town) of _____, county of _____, State of California; and am registered as intending to affiliate with the _____ party; and I hereby nominate _____ who resides at No. _____ street, city of _____, county of _____, State of California, as a candidate for the nomination of such party for the office of _____ to be voted for at the primary election to be held on the _____ day of August, 19____. I have not signed the nomination paper of any other candidate for the same office, and I further declare that I intend to support for such nomination the candidate named herein.

No.	Precinct.	Signature.	Residence.	Date.
1 _____	_____	_____	_____	_____
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	_____
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	_____
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	_____
5 _____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Etc. _____	_____	_____	_____	_____

VERIFICATION DEPUTY'S AFFIDAVIT.

I, -----, solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have been appointed according to the provisions of subdivision 2, section 5, of the direct primary law, as a verification deputy to secure signatures in the county of ----- to the nomination paper of ----- as candidate for the nomination of the ----- party for the office of -----; that all the signatures on this section of said nomination paper, numbered from 1 to ----- inclusive, were made in my presence, and that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, each of said signatures is the genuine signature of the person whose name it purports to be.

(Signed) -----

Verification deputy.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this -- day of -----, 19---

(SEAL) -----

Notary public (or other official).

In the case of a nomination paper for any candidate for a judicial office, school office, county office, or township office, the provisions of this subdivision shall apply, except that no such nomination paper nor any section thereof shall contain the name of any political party, of any signer thereto, nor shall the candidate be referred to as a candidate for the nomination of any party; and any nomination paper for any candidate for a judicial office, school office, county office, or township office may be signed by any registered qualified elector of the county or city and county, whether registered as being affiliated with any, or with no, political party.

4. Prior to the filing of a nomination paper for any candidate, the sections thereof must be numbered in order and fastened together by cities or towns or portions of the county not included in such cities or towns, substantially in the manner required for the binding of affidavits of registration by the provisions of section 1113 of the Political Code; *provided*, that the sections of the nomination paper shall be preceded by an index of precincts, arranged by cities, towns or outside territory in the numerical or alphabetical order of such precincts for each such city, town or outside territory and showing after the name or number of such precinct the numbers of the section pages on which the names of the electors registered in such precinct are to be found, and after the number of each page, the number (in parenthesis) of times such names are to be so found on such section page. Such index shall be substantially the following form:

CITY OF -----

No. of Precinct.	Numbers of Section Pages Containing Voters of Precinct.			
1-----	1 (3 times)	2 (5 times)	3 (7 times)	etc.
2-----	1 (4 times)	2 (0 times)	3 (6 times)	etc.
etc.-----	etc.			

TOWN OF -----

etc.

etc.

And provided, further, that for all nominations of candidates to be voted for in more than one county, or throughout the entire state, the nomination papers, properly assembled, may be consolidated and fastened or bound together by counties; but in no case shall nomination papers signed by electors of different counties be fastened or bound up together. The county clerk of any county or registrar of voters of any city and county shall examine all nomination papers herein provided for which purport to have been signed by electors of his county or city and county, and shall disregard and mark "not sufficient" any name appearing on such paper or papers which does not appear in the same handwriting on an affidavit of registration in his office, or which (except in the case of nomination papers of candidates, for judicial, school, county, or township offices the signers of which may be registered as of any

or no party) does not appear on said affidavit as intending to affiliate with the party named in such nomination papers. Such officer shall affix to all nomination papers a certificate reciting that he has examined the same and stating the number of names signed thereto which have not been marked "not sufficient" as hereinabove provided. All nomination papers which by this act are required to be filed in the office of the secretary of state, shall be left with the county clerk or registrar of voters for examination, as above provided, at least forty days prior to the August primary election or the May presidential primary election, and shall, with such certificate of examination attached, within five days after being so left, be forwarded by such county clerk or registrar of voters to the secretary of state, who shall receive and file the same. The verification of signatures to nomination papers shall not be made by the candidate, nor by any county clerk, or registrar of voters, nor by any of the deputies in the office of such county clerk or registrar of voters, nor within one hundred feet of any election booth, polling place, or any place where registration of electors is being conducted. Each candidate on or before the thirty-fifth day prior to the August primary election or the May presidential primary election, shall file in the place where his nomination paper is required to be filed, as provided in section 6 of this act, his affidavit, stating his residence, with street and number, if any; his election precinct; that he is a qualified elector in the election precinct in which he resides; the name of the office for which he desires to be a candidate; and that if nominated he will accept such nomination and not withdraw, and that he will qualify as such officer if nominated and elected; and he shall also make the statement required in subdivision 5 of section 6 of this act. Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to limit the rights of any person to become the candidate of more than one political party for the same office upon complying with the requirements of this act, but no person shall be entitled to become a candidate for more than one office at the same election.

5. Except in the case of a candidate for nomination to a judicial office, school office, county office, or township office, nomination papers shall be signed as follows: If the candidate is the candidate for an office to be voted on throughout the state, by not less than one half of one per centum and not more than two per centum of the vote or registration constituting the basis of percentage as defined in subdivision 6 of this section of the party of the candidate seeking nomination, within the state; if the candidate is the candidate for an office to be voted on in some political subdivision of the state, but not throughout the state, by not less than one per centum nor more than two per centum of the vote or registration constituting the basis of percentage, as defined in subdivision 6 of this section, of the party of the candidate seeking nomination within said political subdivision in which such candidate seeks nomination.

6. Except in case of a candidate for nomination to a judicial office, school office, county office, or township office, the basis of percentage in each case shall be the highest vote polled by the party for any such candidate as may have been the candidate of such party only, at the preceding general election, or, if there was no candidate who was the candidate of such party only, the basis of percentage shall be the lowest vote received by any candidate who was the joint candidate of such party and of one or more other parties; and if the candidate is the candidate of a party which had no candidate at the preceding general election, then the basis of percentage shall be upon the number of qualified electors who, on or before the fiftieth day prior to the primary election, shall in registering have declared their intention to affiliate with such party. Every political party qualified to participate in the primary election by the provisions of subdivision 8 of section 1 of this act, whose membership or members shall comply with the provisions of this act by filing nomination papers for one or more candidates, shall be entitled to a separate party ticket at the primary election; but all such party tickets must be alike in the designation of candidates for judicial, school, county, and township offices.

7. Whenever by rearrangement of political subdivisions of the state by any legislature, board of supervisors or other legislative body, the boundaries of such political subdivisions are changed, the highest vote polled by each party in each of the new political subdivisions shall be determined as follows: If the change occurs wholly

within any county or city and county, the county clerk or registrar of voters of such county or city and county shall determine as nearly as possible the highest vote of each party in the new political subdivision by adding together for each party the highest vote in each of the former precincts which now are combined to make up such new political subdivision. If the change occurs outside the limits of any county or city and county, the secretary of state shall determine the highest vote of each party in such new political subdivision by adding together for each party the highest vote in the counties which now are combined to make up such new political subdivision. In the same way that the highest vote for each party in each new political subdivision is ascertained, shall also be ascertained the total vote of all parties, as is required to be known by the provisions of subdivision 9 of this section.

8. Nothing herein shall be construed as prohibiting the independent nomination of candidates as provided by section 1188 of the Political Code, as said section was enacted at the fortieth session of the legislature of the State of California; except that a candidate who has filed nomination papers as one of the candidates for nomination to any office on the ballots of any political party at a primary election held under the provisions of this act, and who is defeated for such party nomination at such primary election, shall be ineligible for nomination to the same office at the ensuing general election, either as an independent candidate or as the candidate of any other party, and no person shall be permitted to file nomination papers for a party nomination and an independent nomination for the same office, or for more than one office at the same election. Nor shall any person whose name has been written in upon any ballot or ballots for any office at any primary election, have his name placed upon the ballot as a candidate for such office at the ensuing general election, except under the provisions of section 1188 of the Political Code, unless at such primary election he shall have received for such office votes equal in number to the minimum number of nomination papers which would have been required to be filed to have placed his name on the primary ballot as a candidate for nomination to such office.

9. In the case of a candidate for nomination to a judicial office, school office, county office, or township office, nomination papers shall be signed by not less than one half of one per centum, nor more than two per centum of the total vote cast by all political parties at the last election in the state or political subdivision thereof in which such candidate for judicial or school, county, or township office seeks nomination.

10. The officer with whom nomination papers are filed shall keep a record in which he shall enter the names of all persons filing the same, the name of the office, the party, if any, and the time of filing.

Nomination papers, filing of.

SEC. 6. All nomination papers provided for by this act shall be filed as follows:

1. For state officers, United States senators, representatives in congress, members of the state senate and assembly, delegates to state conventions from "hold-over senatorial districts" and all officers voted for in districts comprising more than one county, in the office of the secretary of state.

2. For officers to be voted for wholly within one county or city and county, except representatives in congress, delegates to state conventions from "hold-over senatorial districts" and members of the state senate and assembly, in the office of the county clerk of such county or in the office of the registrar of voters in such city and county.

3. For city officers, in the office of the city clerk or secretary of the legislative body of such city or municipality.

4. When a nomination paper or sections thereof shall have been received which contain a number of signatures equal to two per centum of the vote constituting the basis of percentage as provided in subdivisions 5, 6 and 9 of section 5 of this act, the officer with whom such papers are required to be filed shall not receive or file further sections of the nomination paper for the candidate named therein.

5. No more signatures shall be secured for any candidate than a number equal to three per centum of the vote constituting the basis of percentage as provided in

subdivisions 5, 6, and 9 of section 5 of this act; *provided*, that if, through miscalculation or otherwise, more signatures are secured than the said three per centum, all sections of the nomination paper containing signatures in excess of said three per centum must be sent to the candidate; and before any nomination paper is filed as provided in this section, the candidate must notify each signer of such excess sections that his name has not been used; and in the affidavit required to be filed in subdivision 4 of section 5 of this act, affiant must state whether he has complied with the provisions contained in subdivision 5 of section 6 of this act.

Fees for filing.

SEC. 7. 1. A filing fee of fifty dollars shall be paid to the secretary of state by each candidate for state office or for the United States senate.

2. A filing fee of twenty-five dollars shall be paid to the secretary of state by each candidate for representative in congress or for any office, except member of senate and assembly, to be voted for in any district comprising more than one county.

3. A filing fee of ten dollars shall be paid to the secretary of state by each candidate for the state senate or assembly.

4. A filing fee of ten dollars shall be paid to the county clerk or registrar of voters in any city and county when the nomination paper or papers and affidavit of any candidate to be voted for wholly within one county or city and county are filed with such county clerk or registrar of voters.

5. A filing fee of ten dollars shall be paid to the city clerk or secretary of the legislative body of any municipality when the nomination paper or papers and affidavit of any candidate for a city office are filed with such clerk or secretary of such legislative body.

6. No filing fee shall be required from any person to be voted for at the May presidential primary election, or from any candidate for an office to the holder of which no compensation is required to be paid, or for township offices the compensation to the holder of which does not exceed the sum of nine hundred dollars per annum.

7. In no case shall the secretary of state, county clerk, registrar of voters, or city clerk, receive any nomination papers for filing until the requisite fee for such filing, as prescribed in this section, has first been paid to him.

8. When a person is nominated for an office by reason of his name having been written on a ballot that has been voted at any primary election provided for by this act, he must pay the same filing fee provided for the same office to the same officer as would have been required if nomination papers had been filed to place his name on the primary ballot; otherwise his name must not be printed on the ballot at the ensuing general election; *provided*, he is not the nominee of another party for the same office.

Fees, disposal of.

SEC. 8. The county clerk shall immediately pay to the county treasurer and the registrar of voters in any city and county shall immediately pay to the city and county treasurer all fees received from candidates. The city clerk or secretary of the legislative body of any municipality shall immediately pay to the city treasurer all fees received from candidates. Within ten days after the primary election the secretary of state shall pay to the state treasurer all fees received from candidates and shall apportion the fees paid to him by each candidate equally among the counties within which such candidate is to be voted for, and certify such apportionment to the state controller, who shall issue warrants on the state treasurer for the amount due each county and the state treasurer shall pay the same.

Expenses, how paid.

SEC. 9. The expense of providing all ballots, blanks and other supplies to be used at any primary election provided for by this act and all expenses necessarily incurred in the preparation for or the conduct of such primary election shall be paid out of the treasury of the city, city and county, county or state, as the case may be, in the same manner, with like effect and by the same officers as in the case of general elections.

Certified list of candidates, publication of.

SEC. 10. At least thirty days before any August primary election preceding a November election or before any May presidential primary election the secretary of state shall transmit to each county clerk or registrar of voters in any city and county a certified list containing the name and post-office address of each person for whom nomination papers have been filed in the office of such secretary of state, including the candidate for delegate to a state convention, if any, from a "hold-over senatorial district" and who is entitled to be voted for in such county at such primary election, together with a designation of the office for which such person is a candidate and except in the case of a judicial office, or a school office of the party or principle he represents. Such county clerk or registrar of voters shall forthwith, upon receipt thereof, publish under the proper party designation the title of each office (except a judicial office or a school office) which appears upon the certified list transmitted by the secretary of state as hereinbefore provided, together with the names and addresses of all persons for whom nomination papers have been filed for each of said offices in the office of the secretary of state, and also the names of all candidates for the county central committee, filed in the office of the county clerk or registrar of voters. He shall also publish the title of each judicial office, school office, county office, and township office, together with the names and addresses of all persons for whom nomination papers have been filed for each of said offices, either in the office of the secretary of state or in the office of the county clerk or registrar of voters, and shall state that candidates for said judicial, school, county, and township offices may be voted for at the primary election, by any registered, qualified elector of the county, whether registered as intending to affiliate with any political party or not. He shall also publish the date of the primary election, the hours during which the polls will be open, and that the primary election will be held at the legally designated polling places in each precinct, which shall be particularly designated. It shall be the duty of the county clerk or registrar of voters in any city and county to cause such publication to be made once each week for two successive weeks prior to said primary election.

Publications. Where made.

SEC. 11. Every publication required by this act shall be made in not more than two newspapers of general circulation published in such county or city and county, and one of such newspapers shall represent the political party that cast at the last preceding general election the highest number of votes in such county or city and county, and one of such newspapers, if any, shall represent the party which cast the next highest number of votes at such election. In any case where the publication of the notices provided for by this act can not be made as hereinbefore provided it shall be made in any newspaper having a general circulation in the city or county in which the notice is required to be published.

Ballots. Instructions to voters.

SEC. 12. 1. All voting at primary elections within the meaning of this act shall be by ballot. A separate official ballot for each political party shall be printed and provided for use at each voting precinct; but all such party ballots must be alike in the designation of candidates for judicial, school, county, and township offices. The ballots must have a different tint or color for each of the political parties participating in the primary election. There shall also be printed and provided a non-partisan ballot of a different tint and color from all the others (or white, if all the others are colored), which shall contain only, but in like manner, all the candidates for judicial, school, county, and township offices to be voted for at the primary election; and one of the non-partisan ballots shall, at the primary election, be furnished to each registered qualified elector who is not registered as intending to affiliate with any one of the political parties participating in said primary election; but to any elector registered as intending to affiliate with any political party participating in the primary there shall be furnished, not a non-partisan ballot, but a ballot of the political party with which said elector is registered as intending to affiliate.

It shall be the duty of the county clerk of each county or of the registrar of voters in any city and county to provide such printed official ballots to be used at any August primary election for the nomination of candidates to be voted for in such county or city and county at the ensuing November election and at any May presidential primary election. It shall be the duty of the city clerk or secretary of the legislative body of any municipality to provide such printed official ballots for any primary election other than the August primary election or the May presidential primary election. Such official ballots to be used at any primary election shall be printed on official paper, furnished by the secretary of state, in the manner provided by section 1196 of the Political Code, and in the form hereinafter provided. The names of all candidates for the respective offices for whom the prescribed nomination papers have been duly filed shall be printed thereon.

2. Official primary election ballots used at any primary election for the nomination of candidates to be voted for at any presidential or general state election, except as provided in subdivision 5 of this section, shall be as long as the herein prescribed captions, headings, party designations, directions to voters and lists of names of candidates, properly subdivided according to the several offices to be nominated for, may require; and no official primary election ballot shall be less than six and one half inches wide.

3. Across the top of the ballot shall be printed in heavy faced gothic capital type, not smaller than forty-eight point, the words: "Official Primary Election Ballot;" *providing*, that on a non-partisan ballot said words may be printed in gothic capital type not smaller than twenty-four point. Beneath this heading shall be printed in heavy faced gothic capital type, not smaller than twenty-four point, the party designation if it be a party ballot; or, in the case of a ballot containing the names of no candidates except candidates for a judicial, school, county, or township office, the words "Non-Partisan Ballot." The instructions to voters shall be printed in ten point gothic type. In the case of official primary election ballots to be used at any primary election held for the nomination of candidates other than those to be voted for at a presidential or a general state election, and on which, in accordance with the provisions of this act, the names of candidates may be printed in a single column or in two parallel columns, as the case may be, the words "Official Primary Election Ballot" shall be printed thereon in heavy faced gothic capital type, not smaller than twenty-four point. The party or non-partisan designation shall be printed in heavy faced gothic capital type, not smaller than eighteen point. The instructions to voters shall be printed in ten point gothic type.

4. At least three eighths of an inch below the assembly district designation and the date of the primary election shall be printed in ten point gothic type, double leaded, the following instructions to voters: "To vote for a person whose name occurs on the ballot, stamp a cross (X) in the square at the right of the name of the person for whom you desire to vote. To vote for a person whose name is not printed on the ballot, write his name in the blank space provided for that purpose."

5. The instructions to voters shall be separated from the lists of candidates and the designations of the several offices to be nominated for by one light and one heavy line or rule. The names of the candidates and the respective offices shall, except as may be hereinafter otherwise provided, be printed on the ballot in four or more parallel columns, each two and one half inches wide. The number of such parallel columns shall be exactly divisible by two, and such parallel columns shall be equally divided on the ballot for party and non-partisan tickets by a solid black line, extending down from the printed lines separating the instructions to voters from the list of names of candidates to the bottom margin of the ballot. In the case of a primary election for the nomination of candidates to be voted for at a presidential or general state election, the order of precedence shall be as follows, that is to say: In the column to the left, under the heading STATE shall be printed the groups of names of candidates for state offices, except judicial and school offices, and for members of the state board of equalization. In the second column, under the heading CONGRESSIONAL shall be printed the groups of names for United States senator in congress, if any, and for representative in congress. Next, under the heading LEGISLATIVE shall be printed the

groups of names for state senator, if any, for member of assembly, and for election as delegate to the state convention from a "hold-over senatorial district," if any. Finally under the heading COUNTY COMMITTEE, shall be printed the names of the candidates for election to membership in the county central committee of the party. In the case of primary elections where state officers are not to be nominated, at the left of the solid black dividing line there may be only one column. In the parallel columns to the right of the solid black dividing line shall be printed the groups of names of candidates for nomination to judicial, school, county, and township offices in the following order: Under the heading JUDICIAL shall be printed all the names of candidates for judicial offices, in the order of chief justice supreme court, associate justices supreme court, judge of district court of appeals, judge of superior court and justice of the peace. Next, under the heading SCHOOL shall be printed all the names of candidates for school offices in the order of state superintendent of instruction, superintendent of schools, and school district officers, if any. Next, under the heading COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP shall be printed the groups of candidates for all county and township offices except judicial or school offices. In the case of primary elections where county officers are not to be nominated, at the right of the solid black dividing line there may be only one column. The non-partisan ballot provided for in subdivision one of this section shall be identical as to offices and names of candidates with that portion of the party ballot which is printed to the right of the solid black dividing line hereinabove described. The tally sheets furnished to election officers shall have the names of offices and candidates arranged in the order in which said names of officers and candidates are printed on the ballots according to the provisions of this section and subdivision. In the case of primary elections for the nomination of candidates for city, city and county or municipal offices only, the groups of names of candidates may be printed in two parallel columns and the order of precedence shall be determined by the legislative body of such city or municipality or by the board of election commissioners of any such city and county.

6. The group of names of candidates for nomination to any judicial office, school office, county office, or township office shall include all the names receiving the requisite number of signatures on a nomination paper for such office, and shall be identical for each such office on the primary election ballots of each political party participating at the primary election; but the groups of names of candidates for all other offices on the ballots of each political party shall comprise only the names of the candidates for nomination by such party.

7. The order in which the list of candidates for any office shall appear upon the primary election ballot shall be determined as follows:

(a) If the office is an office the candidates for which are to be voted on throughout the entire state, including United States senator in congress, the secretary of state shall arrange the names of all candidates for such office in alphabetical order for the first assembly district; and thereafter for each succeeding assembly district, the name appearing first for each office in the last preceding district shall be placed last, the order of the other names remaining unchanged. If the office is that of representative in congress, or is an office the candidates for nomination to which are to be voted on in more than one county or city and county, but not throughout the entire state, except the office of state senator or assemblyman, the secretary of state shall arrange the names of all candidates for such office in alphabetical order for that assembly district which is lowest in numerical order of any assembly district in which such candidates are to be voted on; and thereafter for such succeeding assembly district in which such candidates are to be voted on, the name appearing first for such office in the last preceding district shall be placed last, the order of the other names remaining unchanged. In transmitting to each county clerk or registrar of voters the certified list of names as required in section 10 of this act, the secretary of state shall certify and transmit the list of candidates for nomination to each office according to assembly districts, in the order of arrangement as determined by the above provisions; and in the case of each county or city and county containing more than one assembly district he shall transmit separate lists for each assembly district. Except for the office of state senator or assemblyman, the order in which the names filed with the secretary of state shall appear upon the ballot, shall be for each assembly district the

DIRECT PRIMARY LAW.

OFFICIAL PRIMARY ELECTION BALLOT NON-PARTISAN BALLOT

Forty-Eighth Assembly District, August 22, 1914

To vote for a person whose name appears on the ballot, stamp a cross (X) in the square at the RIGHT of the name of the person for whom you desire to vote. To vote for a person whose name is not printed on the ballot, write his name in the blank space provided for that purpose.

JUDICIAL		County Clerk	Vote for One
Chief Justice Sup. Court	Vote for One	R. E. MALLORY	
WALTER WILTER		JAMES R. MCCREARY	
JOSEPH JENNINGS		ABNEY C. LATTIMER	
THOMAS MERTON			
		Judges	Vote for One
Associate Justice Sup. Ct.	Vote for Two	JOHN W. DANIEL	
WILLIAM BREWER		M. J. FORTY	
ERASTUS PICE		JOHN M. PATTERSON	
SAMUEL SNOW		J. P. ALLEN	
GEORGE TAWNEY		CLARENCE D. CLARK	
		Treasurer	Vote for One
Judge of the District Court of Appeal, First Division	Vote for One	FRED T. DU BOIS	
ANTHONY BRENNAN		AUGUSTUS D. BACON	
PETER DREW		JAMES H. BERRY	
		Assessor	Vote for One
Judge of the Superior Ct.	Vote for Two	J. E. SPOONER	
GEORGE BURN		E. G. NEWLANDS	
WALTER CAMPBELL		E. W. PETTUS	
CHARLES E. DAVIS			
THOMAS McCALL			
ERNEST W. ROBERTS			
		Tax Collector	Vote for One
Justice of the Peace	Vote for Two	ELIOTH NELSON	
THOMAS SULLIVAN		REDFIELD PROCTOR	
PETER NEPHEW		E. W. GARMACK	
CLAUDE SWANSON			
		Recorder	Vote for One
		C. M. DE FEW	
		CHARLES W. FULTON	
		THOMAS H. CARTER	
		Public Administrator	Vote for One
SCHOOL		R. H. TELLER	
Super. of Pub. Instruction	Vote for One	J. W. BAILEY	
CHARLES H. STOVER			
FRANK H. KENDALL			
ARTHUR ROBERTS			
		Overseer	Vote for One
County Super. of Schools	Vote for One	JAMES E. FRAZIER	
TIMOTHY HEALEY		H. C. LODGE	
J. W. REYNOLDS		W. P. DILLINGHAM	
CHARLES CARSON			
		Surveyor	Vote for One
		JOHN F. DRYDEN	
		J. B. FORAKER	
COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP			
Sheriff	Vote for One	Supervisor	Vote for One
J. F. DOLLIVER		G. E. PATTERSON	
CHESTER I. LONG		THOMAS SPIGOT	
E. A. ALGER		JAMES E. WATSON	
		Constable	Vote for One
District Attorney	Vote for One	R. W. PARKER	
A. B. KITTREDGE		JOHN A. STEARLING	
JOHN T. MORGAN			
E. J. BURETT			

order as determined by the secretary of state in accordance with the above provisions, and as certified and transmitted by him to each county clerk or registrar of voters.

(b) If the office is an office to be voted on throughout, but wholly within, one county or city and county, except the office of representative in congress or state senator or assemblyman, the county clerk of such county or the registrar of voters of such city and county, shall arrange the names of all candidates for such office in alphabetical order for the first supervisorial district; and thereafter for each supervisorial district, the name appearing first for each such office in the last preceding supervisorial district shall be placed last, the order of the other names remaining unchanged; *provided*, there are no more than five assembly districts in such county, or city and county. If there are more than five assembly districts in such county, or city and county, the county clerk or registrar of voters shall so arrange on the ballot the order of names of all candidates for such office that they shall appear in alphabetical order for that assembly district in such county, or city and county, which is lowest in numerical order, and thereafter for each succeeding assembly district in such county, or city and county, the name appearing first for each office in the last preceding assembly district shall be placed last, the order of the other names remaining unchanged.

(c) If the office is that of state senator or assemblyman, or delegate to the state convention from a "hold-over senatorial district," or member of a county central committee, or any office except the office of representative in congress to be voted on wholly within any county or city and county but not throughout such county or city or county, the names of all candidates for such office shall be placed upon the ballot in alphabetical order.

(d) If the office is a municipal office in any city or town whose charter does not provide for the order in which names shall appear on the ballot, the names of candidates for such office shall be placed upon the ballot in alphabetical order.

8. In publishing the names and addresses of all candidates for whom nomination papers have been filed, as required in section 10 of this act, the county clerk or registrar of voters shall publish the names in the order in which they will appear upon the ballot; *provided*, that in counties or cities and counties containing more than one assembly district the order of names of candidates shall be that of the assembly district in such county or city and county which is lowest in numerical order.

9. Each group of candidates to be voted on shall be preceded by the designation of the office for which the candidates seek nomination, and the words "Vote for One" or "Vote for Two" or more according to the number to be elected to such office at the ensuing election. Such designation of the office to be nominated for and of the number of candidates to be nominated shall be printed in heavy faced gothic type, not smaller than ten point. The word or words designating the office shall be printed flush with the left-hand margin and the words "Vote for One" or "Vote for Two" or more, as the case may be, shall extend to the extreme right of the column and over the voting square. The designation of the office and the direction for voting shall be separated from the names of the candidates by a light line.

10. The names of the candidates shall be printed on the ballot without indentation, in roman capital type not smaller than eight point, between light lines or rules three eighths of an inch apart. Under each group of names of candidates shall be printed as many blank spaces, defined by light lines or rules, three eighths of an inch apart, as there are to be candidates nominated for such office. To the right of the names of the candidates shall be printed a light line or rule so as to form a voting square three eighths of an inch square. Each group of names of candidates shall be separated from the succeeding group by one light and one heavy line or rule. Each series of groups shall be headed by the word "State," "Congressional," "Legislative," "County and Township" or "Municipal" or other proper general classification, as the case may be, printed in heavy faced gothic capital type, not smaller than twelve point. All official primary election ballots shall have printed on the back and immediately below the center thereof, in eighteen point gothic capital type, the words "Official Primary Election Ballot," and underneath these words the respective numbers of the congressional, senatorial and assembly districts in which each ballot is to be voted.

In the case of a primary election for the nomination of candidates for city or city and county offices only, the designations on the back of the ballot, in addition to the words "Official Primary Election Ballot," shall be the official designation of the respective ward and voting precinct in any such city or municipality, or the number of the assembly district and of the voting precinct in any such city and county in which each ballot is to be voted. The ballot shall be printed on the same leaf with a stub and separated therefrom by a perforated line across the top of the ballot. On each ballot a perforated line shall extend from top to bottom one half inch from the right hand side of such ballot, and upon the half-inch strip thus formed there shall be no printing except the number of the ballot which shall be on the back of each strip, in such position that it shall appear on the outside when the ballot is folded. The number on each ballot shall be the same as that on the corresponding stub, and the ballots and stubs shall be numbered consecutively in each county; *provided*, that the sequence of numbers on such official ballots and stubs for each party shall begin with the number one. The official ballots of each political party shall be made up in stub books, each book to contain ten, or some multiple of ten, ballots, in the manner provided by law for official election ballots, and except as to the order of the names of candidates shall be printed in substantially the following form:

Forty-Eighth Assembly District, August 25, 1914

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

STATE		CONGRESSIONAL		JUDICIAL		County Clerk		Voter for One	
Governor		United States Senator		Chief Justice Sup. Court		S. R. HALLORY			
RICHARD ROE		CHARLES H. HART		WALTER WILTER		JAMES R. MCKEARY			
HENRY BROWN		WALTER BROWNLOW		JOSEPH JENNINGS		ASBURY C. LATTIMER			
JOHN DOE		CASSIUS N. CLAY		THOMAS HERTON					
						Auditor		Voter for One	
Lieutenant Governor		Representative in Congress		Associate Justice Sup. Ct.		JOHN W. DAXIEL			
WILLIAM SMITH		9th District		WILLIAM BREWER		H. J. FOSTER			
THOMAS GREEN		PETER PETERSON		ERASTUS PECK		JOHN W. PATTERSON			
HORACE JONES		BASTICK BOYLAN		SAMUEL SNOW		J. F. ALLEE			
		HENRY HUDSON		GEORGE TAWNEY		CLARENCE D. CLARK			
Secretary of State		LEGISLATIVE				Treasurer		Voter for One	
JOHN TOURTELLOTT		Member Assembly		Judge of the District Court of Appeal		FRED T. DU BOIS			
ALBERT BERO		69th District		First District		ACOSTUS G. BACON			
PETER E. HANSON		PETER PETERSON		ANTHONY BRENNAN		JAMES H. BERRY			
		ANDREW ANDERSON		PETER DEWE					
		GEORGE CAUGHEY				Assessor		Voter for One	
Quintiller				Judge of the Superior Ct.		J. S. SPOOKER			
THOMAS THOMPSON		Delegate to State Convention		GEORGE BUNN		E. G. NEWLANDS			
SAMUEL ALDEN		17th Senatorial District		WALTER CAMPBELL		E. W. PETTUS			
WILLIAM DUNK		WILLIAM S. STOKES		CHARLES B. DAVIS					
		AMOS STRONG		THOMAS MCCALL		Tax Collector		Voter for One	
Treasurer		COUNTY COMMITTEE		ERNEST W. ROBERTS		NUTE NELSON			
HENRY SANFSON		Members County Central				REDFIELD PROCTOR			
A. V. CHILTON		Committee		Justice of the Peace		E. W. CARMACK			
SAMUEL JOHNSON		JOHN T. HUNT		THOMAS SULLIVAN					
		JOSEPH T. JOHNSON		PETER HEBURN		Recorder		Voter for One	
Attorney General		R. L. MAYNARD		CLAUDE SWANSON		C. M. DE FEW			
GEORGE P. WILSON		E. S. MINOR							

Sample ballots.

SEC. 13. At least twenty days before the August primary election or before the May presidential primary election each county clerk or registrar of voters in any city and county shall prepare separate sample ballots for each political party, and a separate sample non-partisan ballot, placing thereon in each case in the order provided in subdivision 7 of section 12 of this act, and under the appropriate title of each office, the names of all candidates for whom nomination papers have been duly filed with him, or have been certified to him by the secretary of state, to be voted for at the primary election in his county or city and county. Such sample ballots shall be printed on paper of a different texture from the paper to be used on the official ballot, and one sample ballot of the party to which the voter belongs as evidenced by his registration shall be mailed to each such voter entitled to vote at such August primary election or May presidential primary election, as the case may be, not more than ten nor less than five days before the election. Not more than ten nor less than five days before the August primary election a non-partisan sample ballot printed on paper of a different texture from the paper to be used on the official ballot shall be mailed to each registered qualified elector who is not registered as intending to affiliate with any of the parties participating in said primary election. Such clerk or registrar of voters shall forthwith submit the ticket of each political party to the chairman of the county committee of such party and shall mail a copy to each candidate for whom nomination papers have been filed with him or whose name has been certified to him by the secretary of state, to the post-office address as given in such nomination paper or certification, and he shall post a copy of each sample ballot in a conspicuous place in his office. Before such primary election the county clerk or registrar of voters in any city and county shall cause the official ballot to be printed as provided by section 12 of this act, and distributed in the same manner and in the same quantities as provided in sections 1198, 1199 and 1201 of the Political Code for the distribution of ballots for elections; *provided*, that the number of party ballots to be furnished to any precinct shall be computed from the number of voters registered in such precinct as intending to affiliate with such party, and the number of non-partisan ballots to be furnished to any precinct shall be computed from the number of voters registered in such precinct without statement of intention to affiliate with any of the parties participating in the primary election. In the case of primary elections for the nomination of candidates for city offices it shall be the duty of the city clerk, secretary of the legislative body of such city or municipality, or such other officer charged by law with the duty of preparing and distributing the official ballots used at elections in such city or municipality, to prepare and mail the sample ballot and to prepare and distribute the official primary election ballots, and so far as applicable and not otherwise provided herein the provisions of this act shall apply to the nomination of all candidates for city offices.

Opening and closing of polls.

SEC. 14. The polls must be open at six o'clock of the morning of the day of primary election and must be kept open until seven o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, when the polls shall be closed; *provided, however*, that if at the hour of closing there are any voters in the polling place, or in line at the door, who are qualified to vote and have not been able to do so since appearing, the polls shall be kept open a sufficient time to enable them to vote. But no one who shall arrive at the polling place after seven o'clock in the afternoon shall be entitled to vote, although the polls may be open when he arrives. No adjournment or intermission shall be taken except as provided in the case of general elections.

Election officers.

SEC. 15. The officers for primary elections shall be the same, and shall be appointed in the same manner, as provided by law for general elections, and such officers shall receive the same compensation for their services at primary elections as provided by law for general elections.

It shall be the duty of the proper officers to furnish the original affidavits of registration and indexes for use at primary elections, which shall show the names of all voters entitled to vote at such primary election, and shall be numbered, for purposes of the primary election, in like manner as provided in section 1113 of the Political Code. And all the provisions of section 1096 of the Political Code, so far as they are consistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby made applicable to primary elections within the meaning of this act.

Challenge of voter.

SEC. 16. Any elector offering to vote at a primary election may be challenged by any elector of the city, city and county or county, upon either or all of the grounds specified in section 1230 of the Political Code, but his right to vote the primary election ticket of the political party designated in his affidavit of registration, as provided in section 1096 of the Political Code, or his right to vote the non-partisan primary ticket providing no such party is so designated, shall not be challenged on any ground or subjected to any tests other than those provided by the constitution and section 1230 of the Political Code of this state.

Who may vote.

SEC. 17. Any elector qualified to take part in any primary election, who has, at least thirty days before the day of such primary election, qualified by registration, as provided by section 1096 of the Political Code, shall be entitled to vote at such primary election, such right to vote being subject to challenge only as hereinbefore provided; and shall, on writing his name or having it written for him on the roster, as provided by law for general elections in this state, receive the official primary election ballot of the political party designated in his affidavit of registration; (or the non-partisan ballot, providing no such party was so designated), and no other; *provided, however*, that no one shall be entitled to vote at any primary election who has not been a resident of the state one year, and of the county ninety days, preceding the day upon which such primary election is held. He shall be instructed by a member of the board as to the proper method of marking and folding his ballot, and he shall then retire to an unoccupied booth and without undue delay stamp the same with the rubber stamp there found. If he shall spoil or deface the ballot he shall at once return the same to the ballot clerk and receive another.

Ballots, how marked.

SEC. 18. The voter shall designate his choice on the ballot by stamping a cross (X) in the small square opposite the name of each candidate for whom he wishes to vote. If he shall stamp more names than there are candidates to be nominated for any office, or if for any reason it be impossible to determine his choice for any office, his ballot shall not be counted for such office, but the rest of his ballot, if properly stamped, shall be counted. No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not render it impossible to determine the voter's choice, nor even though such ballot be somewhat soiled or defaced.

Ballots, how folded.

SEC. 19. When a voter has stamped his ballot he shall fold it so that its face shall be concealed and only the printed designation on the back thereof shall be visible, and hand the same to the member of the board in charge of the ballot box. Such folded ballot shall be voted as ballots are voted at general elections and the name of the voter checked upon the register as having voted.

No intermission.

SEC. 20. No adjournment or intermission whatever shall take place until the polls shall be closed and until all the votes cast at such polls shall be counted and the result publicly announced, but this shall not be deemed to prevent any temporary recess while taking meals or for the purpose of other necessary delay; *provided*, that no more than one member of the board shall at any time be absent from the polling place.

Canvass of votes.

SEC. 21. As soon as the polls are finally closed the judges must immediately proceed to canvass the votes cast at such primary election. The canvass must be public, in the presence of bystanders, and must be continued without adjournment until completed and the result thereof declared. Except as hereinafter provided, the canvass shall be conducted, completed and returned as provided by sections 1253, 1254, 1255, 1256, 1257, 1258, 1259, 1260, 1261, 1262, 1263, 1264, 1265, 1266, 1267 and 1268 of the Political Code of this state; *provided, however*, that the ballots of each party must be sealed and returned in separate envelopes, and the non-partisan ballots must be sealed and returned in another separate envelope. The number of ballots agreeing or being made to agree with the number of names on the lists, as provided by section 1255 of the Political Code, the board must take the ballots from the box, count those cast by each party, and string them separately; count all the votes cast for each party candidate for the several offices and record the same on the tally lists; and count all the votes on all the ballots, both party and non-partisan, for the candidates for judicial, school, county, and township offices, and record the same on the tally lists.

Canvass of returns. Statement of result.

SEC. 22. The board of supervisors of each county, the board of election commissioners in any city and county, or, in the case of a city or municipal primary election, the officers charged by law with the duty of canvassing the vote at any city or municipal election in such political subdivision, shall meet at the usual place of such meeting, or at any other place permitted by law, at one o'clock in the afternoon of the first Thursday after each primary election to canvass the returns, or as soon thereafter as all the returns are in. When begun the canvass shall be continued until completed, which shall not be later than six o'clock in the afternoon of the sixteenth day following such primary election. The clerk of the board must, as soon as the result is declared, enter upon the records of such board a statement of such result, which statement shall contain the whole number of votes cast for each candidate of each political party for each candidate for each judicial, school, county, or township office, for each candidate for delegate, if any, to a state convention from a hold-over senatorial district, and for each candidate for membership in the county central committee; and a duplicate as to each political party shall be delivered to the county, city and county or city chairman of such political party, as the case may be. The clerk shall also make an additional duplicate statement in the same form, showing the votes cast for each candidate not voted for wholly within the limits of such county or city and county. The county clerk or registrar of voters in any city and county shall forthwith send to the secretary of state by registered mail or by express one complete copy of all returns as to such candidates, and as to all candidates for the state assembly, state senate, representatives in congress, judicial officers, except justices of the peace, delegate, if any, to a state convention from a hold-over senatorial district, and as to all persons voted for at the May presidential primary election. The clerk shall also prepare a separate statement of the names of the candidates of each political party who have received the highest number of votes for the several offices to be voted for wholly within such county, city and county, or other political subdivision in which such primary election was held. The secretary of state shall, not later than the twenty-fifth day after any primary election, compile the returns for United States senator and for all candidates voted for in more than one county, and for all candidates for the assembly, state senate, representatives in congress and judicial offices, except justices of the peace, delegate, if any, to a state convention from a hold-over senatorial district, and for all persons voted for at the May presidential primary election, and shall make out and file in his office a statement thereof. He shall compile the returns for the May presidential primary election not later than the twenty-first day after such election, and shall compile said returns in such a manner as to show, for each candidate, both the total of the votes received and the votes received in each congressional district of the state.

Certificates of nomination.

SEC. 23. Except in the case of a candidate for nomination to a judicial office, school office, county office, or township office, the person receiving the highest number of votes, at a primary election as the candidate for the nomination of a political party for an office shall be the candidate of the party for such office, and his name as such candidate shall be placed on the official ballot voted at the ensuing election; *provided*, he has paid the filing fee required by subdivision 8 of section 7 of this act. The name of the person in each political party who receives at a primary election the highest number of votes for United States senator shall also be placed on the official ballot under the heading "United States Senator." In the case of a judicial office, school office, county office, or township office, the candidates equal in number to twice the number to be elected to such office, or less, if so there be, who receive the highest number of the votes cast on all the ballots of all the voters participating in the primary election for nomination to such office, shall be the candidates for such office at the ensuing election, and their names as such candidates shall be placed on the official ballot voted at the ensuing election; *provided, however*, that in case there is but one person to be elected at the November election to a judicial office, school office, county office, or township office, any candidate who receives at the August primary election a majority of the total number of votes cast for all the candidates for such office shall be the only candidate for such office at the ensuing election. Of the candidates for election to membership in the county central committee, the candidates equal in number to the number to be elected receiving the highest number of votes in their supervisorial district or assembly district, as the case may be in accordance with the provisions of subdivision 4 of section 24 of this act, shall be declared elected as the representatives of their district to membership in such committee. It shall be the duty of the officers charged with the canvass of the returns of any primary election in any county, city and county or municipality to cause to be issued official certificates of nomination to such party candidates as have received the highest number of votes as the candidates for the nomination of such party for any offices to be voted for wholly within such county, city and county, or municipality, and cause to be issued to such delegate a certificate of his election; and to cause to be issued official certificates of nomination to such candidates for judicial, school, county, or township office as may be entitled thereto under the provisions of this section. It shall be the duty of the secretary of state to issue official certificates of nomination to candidates nominated under the provisions of this act for representatives in congress, members of the state senate and assembly and officers voted for in more than one county; and to issue certificates of election to all persons elected at the May presidential primary election as delegates to their respective national party conventions, and to notify each of said delegates of the total vote received by each of the persons voted for in his party at said election, under the heading "For Presidential Nominee." Not less than thirty days before the November election the secretary of state shall certify to the county clerks or registrars of voters of each county and city and county within the state, the name of every person entitled to receive votes within such county or city and county at said November election who has received the nomination as a candidate for public office under and pursuant to the provisions of this act, and whose nomination is evidenced by the compilation and statement required to be made by said secretary of state and filed in his office, as provided in section 22 of this act. Such certificates shall in addition to the names of such nominees respectively, also show separately and respectively for each nominee the name of the political party or organization which has nominated such person if any and the designation of the public office for which he is so nominated. The secretary of state shall also certify to the county clerk or registrar of voters the names of those persons who have received in their respective parties the highest number of votes for United States senator.

Party conventions.

SEC. 24. 1. Party conventions of delegates chosen as hereinafter provided may be held in this state, for the purpose of promulgating platforms and transacting such other business of the party as is not inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

2. The candidates of each political party for state officers, if any, except judicial and school officers, and such candidates for senate and assembly as have been nominated by such political party at the primary election, and in whose behalf nomination papers have been filed, together with one delegate chosen by such political party from each senatorial district represented by a hold-over senator, shall meet in a state convention at the state capitol at two o'clock in the afternoon of the third Tuesday in September after the date on which any primary election is held preliminary to the general November election. They shall forthwith formulate the state platforms of their party, which said state platform of each political party shall be framed at such time that it shall be made public not later than six o'clock in the afternoon of the following Thursday. They shall also proceed to elect a state central committee to consist of at least three (3) members from each congressional district, who shall hold office until a new state central committee shall have been selected. In each year of the general November election at which electors of president and vice president of the United States are to be chosen, they shall also nominate as the candidates of their party as many electors of president and vice president of the United States as the state is then entitled to, and it shall be the duty of the secretary of state to issue certificates of nomination to the electors so nominated, and to cause the names of such candidates for elector to be placed upon the ballots at the ensuing November election.

Membership in the state convention shall not be granted to a party nominee for a state office or office of senator or assemblyman who has become such by reason of his name having been written on a ballot, and who has not had his name printed on the primary ballot by having had a nomination paper filed in his behalf, as provided in section 5 of this act; and, in every such case, a vacancy shall be deemed to exist; and any vacancy thereby existing, or existing because no nomination for such office has been made, or for any other cause, shall be filled as hereinafter provided. In any senatorial district represented by a hold-over senator there shall be chosen at such primary election by the electors of every political party one delegate to the state convention, who shall have nomination papers circulated in his behalf, shall have his name placed upon the ballot, and shall be chosen in the same manner as a state senator is nominated from any senatorial district; but no such delegate shall be disqualified by reason of holding any office, nor shall any filing fee be required in order to have his name placed upon the ballot. The term "hold-over senator" as herein used shall apply to a state senator whose term of office extends beyond the first Monday in January of the year next ensuing after the primary election, and the term "hold-over senatorial district" shall apply to the district represented by such hold-over senator.

In the event that there shall not have been filed any nomination paper for a candidate for any state office or office of senator or assemblyman by the electors of any political party, the vacancy thus created in the state convention of such party shall be filled as follows:

(a) If the vacancy occurs in a senatorial or assembly district situated wholly within the limits of a single county or city and county, by appointment by the newly elected county central committee of such party in such county or city and county.

(b) If the vacancy occurs in a senatorial or assembly district comprising two or more counties, by appointment by the newly selected chairman of the several newly elected county central committees of such party in such counties.

(c) If the vacancy occurs in a state office, by appointment by the state central committee of such party.

Such delegate so appointed shall present to the convention credentials signed by the chairman and the secretary of the appointing committee, or by the appointing chairmen of the several committees, as the case may be.

3. Each state central committee may select an executive committee, to which executive committee it may grant all or any portion of its powers and duties. It shall choose its officers by ballot and each committee and its officers shall have the power usually exercised by the such committees and the officers thereof in so far as

may be consistent with this act. The various officers and committees now in existence shall exercise the powers and perform the duties herein prescribed until their successors are chosen in accordance with the provisions of this act.

4. At each August primary election there shall be elected in each county or city and county a county central committee for each political party, which shall have charge of the party campaign under general direction of the state central committee or of the executive committee selected by such state central committee. In all counties or cities and counties containing five or more assembly districts the county central committee shall be elected by assembly districts and shall consist of one member for each one thousand electors or fraction thereof in each such assembly district registered as belonging to the political party with which such electors are affiliated as shown by the register of voters of such county or city and county on the first Monday of June next preceding said primary election. In all counties containing less than five assembly districts the county central committee shall be elected by supervisorial districts, and the number to be elected from any supervisorial district shall be determined as follows: the number of electors registered in any supervisorial district as intending to affiliate with any political party shall be divided by one twentieth of the number of electors registered in the entire county as intending to affiliate with said party, as such registration exists, in each case, on the first Monday of June next preceding the primary election; and the integer next larger than the quotient obtained by such division shall constitute the number of members of the county central committee to be elected by such party in said supervisorial district. The county clerk or registrar of voters in each county or city and county shall, between the first Monday and the second Monday of June next preceding the primary election, complete the number of members of the county central committee allotted to each assembly district or supervisorial district, as the case may be, by the provisions of this subdivision. Each candidate for member of a county central committee shall appear upon the ballot upon the filing of a nomination paper according to the provisions of section 5 of this act, signed in his behalf by the electors of the political subdivision in which he is a candidate, as above provided; and the number of candidates to which each party is entitled, as hereinbefore provided, in each political subdivision, receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected. Each county central committee shall meet in the court house at its county seat on the second Tuesday in September following the August primary election, and shall organize by selecting a chairman, a secretary and such other officers and committees as it shall deem necessary for carrying on the campaign of the party.

Vacancies.

SEC. 25. In case as a result of any primary election a person has received a nomination to any elective office without first having filed nominating papers and having his name printed on the primary election ballot, he may at least thirty days before the day of election cause his name to be withdrawn from nomination by filing in the office where he would have filed his nominating papers had he been a candidate for nomination, his request therefor in writing, signed by him and acknowledged before the county clerk of the county in which he resides, and no name so withdrawn shall be printed on the election ballot for the ensuing general election. The vacancy created by the withdrawal of such person as aforesaid, or on account of the ineligibility of such person to qualify as a candidate because of the inhibitions of subdivision 8 of section 5 of this act shall not be filled. In all other cases vacancies occurring after the holding of any primary election may be filled by the party committee of the city, county, city and county, or state, as the case may be, unless such vacancy occurs among candidates chosen at the primary election to go on the ballot for the succeeding general election for a judicial, school, county, or township office according to the provisions of section 23 of this act, in which case that candidate receiving at said primary election the highest vote among all the candidates for said office who have failed to receive a sufficient number of votes to get upon said ballot according to the provisions of said section 23, shall go upon said ballot to fill said vacancy.

Tie vote.

SEC. 26. In case of a tie vote, if for an office to be voted for wholly within one county or city and county, the county, city and county or city board, as the case may be, shall forthwith summon the candidates who have received such tie votes to appear before such board, and such board in the presence of such candidates shall determine the tie by lot. In the case of a tie vote for an office to be voted for in more than one county, such tie shall be determined by lot by the secretary of state in the presence of the candidates or their legally appointed representatives. Such summons must in every case be mailed to the address of the candidate as it appears upon his affidavit of registration.

Errors and omissions.

SEC. 27. Whenever it shall be made to appear by affidavit to the supreme court or district courts of appeal or superior court of the proper county that an error or omission has occurred or is about to occur in the placing of any name on an official primary election ballot, that any error has been or is about to be committed in printing such ballot, or that any wrongful act has been or is about to be done by any judge or clerk of a primary election, county clerk, registrar of voters in any city and county, canvassing board or any member thereof, or other person charged with any duty concerning the primary election, or that any neglect of duty has occurred or is about to occur, such court shall order the officer or person charged with such error, wrong or neglect to forthwith correct the error, desist from the wrongful act or perform the duty, or forthwith show cause why he should not do so. Any person who shall fail to obey the order of such court shall be cited forthwith to show cause why he shall not be adjudged in contempt of court.

Contest of nomination.

SEC. 28. Any candidate at a primary election, desiring to contest a nomination of another candidate for the same office, may, within five days after the completion of the official canvass, file an affidavit in the office of the clerk of the superior court of the county in which he desires to contest the vote returned from any precinct or precincts in such county, and thereupon have a recount of the ballots cast in any such precinct or precincts, in accordance with the provisions of this section. Such affidavit must specify separately each precinct in which a recount is demanded, and the nature of the mistake, error, misconduct, or other cause why it is claimed that the returns from such precinct do not correctly state the vote as cast in such precinct, for the contestant and the contestee. The contestee must be made a party respondent, and so named in the affidavit. No personal service or other service than as herein provided need be made upon the contestee. Upon the filing of such affidavit the county clerk shall forthwith post in a conspicuous place in his office, upon a bulletin board to be prepared for that purpose, and to have upon it in conspicuous letters the words "Notice of primary election contests" a copy of the affidavit. Upon the filing of such affidavit and the posting of the same, the superior court of the county shall have jurisdiction of the subject matter and of the parties to such contest, and all candidates at any such primary election are permitted to be candidates under this act, upon the condition that such jurisdiction for the purposes of the proceeding authorized by this section shall exist in the manner and under the conditions provided for by this section. The contestant on the date of filing such affidavit, must mail a copy thereof to the contestee in a sealed envelope, with postage prepaid, addressed to the contestee at the place of residence named in the affidavit of registration of such contestee, and shall make an affidavit of such mailing and file the same with the county clerk to become a part of the records of the contest. Within two days after the expiration of the time for filing such affidavits, the county clerk shall present all such affidavits and proof of posting as aforesaid to the judge of the superior court of the county, or any judge acting in his place, or the presiding judge of the superior court of a county or city and county, or any one acting in his stead, which judge shall, upon such presentation, forthwith designate the time and place where such contest shall proceed, and in counties or cities and counties where there are more than one superior judge, assign all the cases to one department by the order of such court. Such order

must so assign such case or cases, and fix such time and place for hearing, which time must not be less than one nor more than three days from the presentation of the matter to the court by the county clerk, as herein provided. It shall be the duty of the contestee to appear either in person or by attorney, at the time and place so fixed, and to take notice of the order fixing such time and place from the records of the court, without service. No special appearance of the contestee for any purpose shall be permitted, and any appearance whatever of the contestee or any request of the court by the contestee or his attorney, shall be entered as a general appearance in the contest. No demurrer or objection can be taken by the contestee in any other manner than by answer, and all the objections of the contestee must be contained in his answer in the contest. The court if the contestee shall appear, must require the answer to be made within three days from the time and place as above provided, and if the contestee shall not appear shall note his default, and shall proceed with all convenient speed. If the number of votes which are sought to be recounted, or the number of contests are such that the judge shall be of opinion that it will require additional judges to enable the contest or contests to be determined in time to print the ballots for the election, if there be only one judge for such county, he may obtain the service of any other superior judge, and the proceedings shall be the same as herein provided in counties where there is more than one superior court judge. If the proceeding is in a county or city and county where there is more than one superior court judge, the judge to whom the case or cases shall be assigned, shall notify the presiding judge forthwith, of the number of judges which he deems necessary to participate, in order to finish the contest or contests in time to print the ballots for the primary election, and the said presiding judge shall forthwith designate as many judges as are necessary to such completion of such contest, by order in writing, and thereupon all of the judges so designated shall participate in the recount of such ballots and the giving of judgment in such contest or contests in the manner herein specified. The said judges so designated by said last mentioned order, including the judge to whom said contests were originally assigned, shall convene upon notice from the judge to whom such contest or contests were originally assigned, and agree upon the precincts which each one of such judges will recount, sitting separately, and thereupon such recount shall proceed before each such judge sitting separately, as to the precincts so arranged, in such manner that the recount shall be made in such precincts before each such judge as to all the contests pending, so that the ballots opened before one judge need not be opened before another judge or department, and the proceedings before such judge in making such recount as to the appointment of the clerk and persons necessary to be assistants of the court in making the same, shall be the same as in contested elections, and the judge shall fix the pay or compensation for such persons and require the payment each day in advance, of the amount thereof by the person who is proceeding with and requiring the recount. When the recount shall have been completed in the manner herein required, if more than one judge has taken part therein, all the judges who took part shall assemble and make the decision of court, and if there be any differences of opinion, a majority of such judges shall finally determine all such questions, and give the decision or judgment of the court in such contest or contests, separately. Such decision or judgment of the court shall be final in every respect, and no appeal can be had therefrom. The judgment shall be served upon the county clerk or registrar of voters by delivery of a certified copy thereof, and may be enforced summarily in the manner provided in section 27 of this act, and if the contest proceeds in more than one county, and the nominee is to be certified by the secretary of state from the compilation of election returns in his office, then the judgment in each county shall show what, if any changes in the returns in the office of the secretary of state relating to such county or city and county, ought to be made, and all such judgments shall be served upon the secretary of state, by the delivery of a certified copy, and he shall make such changes in the record in his office as such judgment or judgments require, and conform his compilation and his certificate of nomination in accordance therewith.

Campaign expenses.

SEC. 29. No candidate for nomination to any elective office, including that of United States senator in congress, shall directly or indirectly pay, expend or contribute any money or other valuable thing, or promise so to do, except for lawful expenses. Lawful expenses as used in this section are limited to expenses for the following purposes only:

1. For the candidate's official filing fee.
2. For the preparing, printing, circulating, and verifying of nomination papers.
3. For the candidate's personal traveling expenses.
4. For rent and necessary furnishing of halls or rooms, during such candidacy, for public meetings or for committee headquarters.
5. For payment of speakers and musicians at public meetings and their necessary traveling expenses.
6. For printing and distribution of pamphlets, circulars, newspapers, cards, handbills, posters and announcements relative to candidates or political issues or principles.
7. For his share of the reasonable compensation of challengers at the polls.
8. For making canvasses of voters.
9. For clerk hire.
10. For conveying infirm or disabled voters to and from the polls.
11. For postage, expressage, telegraphing, and telephoning, relative to candidacy.

Statement of expenses.

SEC. 30. Every person who shall be a candidate for nomination to any elective office, including that of United States senator in congress, shall make in duplicate, within fifteen days after the primary election, a verified statement, setting forth each and every sum of money contributed, disbursed, expended or promised by him, and, to the best of his knowledge and belief, by any and every other person or association of persons in his behalf wholly or partly in endeavoring to secure his nomination. This statement must show in detail all moneys paid, loaned, contributed, or otherwise furnished to him directly or indirectly in aid of his election, together with the name of the person or persons from whom such moneys were received; and must also show in detail, under each of the subdivisions of section 29 of this act, all moneys contributed, loaned, or expended by him directly or indirectly by himself or through any other person, in aid of his election, together with the name of the person or persons to whom such moneys were paid, or disbursed. Such statement must set forth that the affiant has used all reasonable diligence in its preparation, and that the same is true and is as full and explicit as he is able to make it. Within the time aforesaid the candidate shall file one copy of said statement with the officer with whom his nomination papers were filed, and the other with the recorder of the county or city and county in which he resides, who shall record the same in a book to be kept for that purpose, and to be open to public inspection. No officer shall issue any certificate of nomination to any person until such statement as herein provided has been filed, and no other statement of expenses shall be required except that provided herein, and no fee or charge whatsoever shall be made or collected by any officer herein specified for the filing of such statements or a copy thereof.

Penalty.

SEC. 31. Any person violating any of the provisions of section 29 or section 30 of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon trial and conviction thereof, in addition to the sentence imposed by the court, he shall forfeit all right to the office for which he was a candidate at the time of violating the provisions aforesaid.

Bribes. Failure to file nomination papers.

SEC. 32. 1. Any person who shall offer, or with knowledge of the same permit any person to offer for his benefit, any bribe to a voter to induce such voter to sign any nomination paper, and any person who shall accept such bribe or any promise of gain of any kind in the nature of a bribe as consideration for signing any nomination paper, whether such bribe or promise of gain in the nature of a bribe

be offered or accepted before or after signing, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon trial and conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than three hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than ten days nor more than one hundred and twenty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

2. Any person who, being in possession of any nomination paper or papers and affidavits entitled to be filed under the provisions of this act, shall wrongfully either suppress, neglect or fail to cause the same to be filed at the proper time and in the proper place shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon trial and conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty days nor more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

3. Any act or omission declared to be an offense by the general laws of this state concerning primaries and elections shall also in like case be an offense concerning primary elections as provided for by this act, and shall be punished in the same manner and form as therein provided, and all the penalties and provisions of the law governing elections, except as herein otherwise provided, shall apply in equal force to primary elections as provided for by this act.

Forms.

SEC. 33. It shall be the duty of the secretary of state and the attorney general to prepare on or before August 1, 1913, all forms necessary to carry out the provisions of this act, which forms shall be substantially followed in all primary elections held in pursuance hereof.

Name of act.

SEC. 34. This act shall be known as the direct primary law.

Validity of act.

SEC. 35. If any section, subdivision, sentence, clause, or phrase of this act is for any reason held to be unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this act. The legislature hereby declares that it would have passed this act, and each section, subdivision, sentence, clause, and phrase thereof, irrespective of the fact that any one or more other sections, subdivisions, sentences, clauses, or phrases be declared unconstitutional.

Conflicting acts repealed.

SEC. 36. The act approved April 7, 1911, known as the direct primary law, and also the act approved December 24, 1911, amending sections 1, 3, 5, 7, 10, 12, 13, 22, 23, and 24 of the said direct primary law, are hereby repealed; and all other acts or parts of acts, inconsistent with or in conflict with the provisions of this act, are also hereby repealed.

DIRECT PRIMARY LAW FORMS.

The following forms have been prepared by Frank C. Jordan, Secretary of State, and U. S. Webb, Attorney General, pursuant to section 33 of the Direct Primary Law, which provides that the forms so prepared shall be substantially followed in all primary elections held in pursuance of that law.

Whenever the powers conferred and the duties imposed by the Direct Primary Law upon a County Clerk are required by law to be exercised and performed by the Registrar of Voters in any county or city and county, the title "Registrar of Voters" should be inserted in these forms in place of the title "County Clerk."

FRANK C. JORDAN,
Secretary of State.
U. S. WEBB,
Attorney General.

FORM 1

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

STATEMENT OF REGISTRATION.

(Section 4, subdivision 1, Direct Primary Law.)

*To the Secretary of State,
Sacramento, California.*

I, _____, County Clerk of the County
of _____, do hereby certify that up to and includ-
ing Monday, the (*) _____ day of _____, 191____, there
was registered in said county since the first day of January of this year,
under the political affiliations hereinafter stated, the number of electors
respectively set opposite thereto:

(Name)	(Number)
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----

That the number of electors registered in said
county during said time who declined or failed to
declare such affiliation was-----

That the total number of electors registered in
said county during said time was-----

Dated this _____ day of _____, 191____.

_____, County Clerk.

(SEAL)

By _____, Deputy.

NOTE.—(*) Insert the appropriate date as required by subdivision 1 of section 4 of
the Direct Primary Law.

County clerk shall insert names of political parties in alphabetical order.

FORM 2

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

**NOTICE BY SECRETARY OF STATE OF OFFICES FOR WHICH
CANDIDATES ARE TO BE NOMINATED AT PRIMARY ELEC-
TION AND NAMES OF POLITICAL PARTIES QUALIFIED TO
PARTICIPATE THEREIN.**

(Section 4, subdivision 1, Direct Primary Law.)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
SACRAMENTO, July -----, 191--.

To the County Clerk of the County of -----

Pursuant to section 4, subdivision 1 of the direct primary law, notice is hereby given that the offices for which candidates are to be nominated at the primary election to be held on Tuesday, the ----- day of August, 191--, together with the names of the political parties qualified to participate in such election, are as follows:

STATE (AND DISTRICT) OFFICES.

(Designate all state offices, if any, and Member of State Board of Equalization for that district which includes the county to which the notice is sent, and omitting judicial and school offices.)

CONGRESSIONAL OFFICES.

(Designate United States Senator, if any, and Representative in Congress for that district which includes or lies within the county to which the notice is sent.)

LEGISLATIVE OFFICES.

(Designate State Senator, if any, and Members of Assembly for those districts which include or lie within the county to which the notice is sent.)

That the names of the political parties qualified to participate in such election for nomination of candidates for each of the above mentioned offices are as follows:

Notice is also hereby given that at said primary election candidates are to be nominated for the following offices:

JUDICIAL OFFICES.

(Designate all judicial offices to be nominated throughout the State or in any district that includes the county to which the notice is sent (stating the particular appellate district), or throughout that county, or in any portion thereof, stating the particular political subdivision in such county.)

SCHOOL OFFICES.

(Designate all school offices, if any, to be nominated throughout the state or throughout that county to which notice is sent.)

COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP OFFICES.

(Designate all county and township offices (except judicial and school offices) for which nominations are to be made in the county to which notice is sent, stating in the case of county offices the particular district, if any, and in the case of township offices the particular township for which such nominations are to be made.)

I further certify that at said election there is to be chosen by the electors of each of the political parties above named, in any senatorial district represented by a state senator whose term of office extends beyond the first Monday in January of the year next ensuing after said primary election, one delegate to the State Convention of such party, and that at said election there shall be elected in each county and city and county a county central committee for each of said political parties as provided in subdivision 4 of section 24 of the direct primary law.

(SEAL)

Secretary of State.

NOTE.—Whenever an office is one voted for only in a district the number and name of such district shall be stated with the title of the office.

Within ten days after receipt of this notice each county clerk or registrar of voters shall publish so much thereof as may be applicable to his county and as prescribed in subdivision 2 of section 5 and in section 11 of the Direct Primary Law.

FORM 3

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

NOTICE BY COUNTY CLERK OF OFFICES FOR WHICH CANDIDATES ARE TO BE NOMINATED OR ELECTED AT PRIMARY ELECTION AND NAMES OF POLITICAL PARTIES QUALIFIED TO PARTICIPATE THEREIN.

(Section 4, subdivision 2, Direct Primary Law.)

Pursuant to section 4, subdivision 2 of the direct primary law, notice is hereby given that the offices for which candidates are to be nominated at the primary election to be held on Tuesday, the _____ day of August, 191____, together with the names of the political parties qualified to participate in such election are as follows:

STATE (AND DISTRICT) OFFICES.

(Designate such state offices, and Member of State Board of Equalization, if any, as are stated in notice received from Secretary of State, omitting school and judicial offices.)

CONGRESSIONAL OFFICES.

(Designate such congressional offices as are stated in notice received from Secretary of State.)

LEGISLATIVE OFFICES.

(Designate such legislative offices as are stated in notice received from Secretary of State.)

That the names of the political parties qualified to participate in such election for nomination of candidates for each of the above mentioned offices are as follows:

Notice is also hereby given that at said primary election candidates are to be nominated for the following non-partisan offices:

JUDICIAL OFFICES.

(Designate such judicial offices as are stated in the notice received from Secretary of State.)

DIRECT PRIMARY LAW.

SCHOOL OFFICES.

 (Designate such school offices as are stated in the notice received from Secretary of State.)

COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP OFFICES.

 (Designate such county and township offices as are stated in the notice received from Secretary of State, omitting school and judicial offices.)

Notice is also hereby given that at said election there are to be elected by each of the political parties above named the following:

 (Designate "Delegate to State Convention", if any, and the senatorial district from which he is to be elected.)

MEMBERS OF COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

The number of each district and the number of members to be elected by each party from such district being as hereinafter set forth:

	----- Party	----- Party	----- Party	----- Party
----- District	----- Members	----- Members	----- Members	----- Members
----- District	----- Members	----- Members	----- Members	----- Members
----- District	----- Members	----- Members	----- Members	----- Members
----- District	----- Members	----- Members	----- Members	----- Members
----- District	----- Members	----- Members	----- Members	----- Members

(Designate in the first column of the form above the number and name of each district for which members are to be elected, by supervisorial or assembly district, as the case may be, and head each of the following columns with the name of the party and in the lines below and opposite each district the number of members such party is entitled to elect in that district, such number to be computed as provided by subdivision 4 of section 24 of the direct primary law.)

Dated this ----- day of July, 191---

(SEAL)

 County Clerk.

By -----

 Deputy.

NOTE.—This notice shall be published by the County Clerk as required by subdivision 2 of section 4 and by section 11 of the direct primary law.

In the case of August primary elections for the nomination of candidates for city or city and county officers to be voted for at the November election in the odd numbered years, the city clerk or secretary of the legislative body in any such city or the registrar of voters in any such city and county shall make out a complete statement in the form above, so far as applicable, of the offices for which candidates are to be nominated, together with a notice of such primary election, and cause the same to be published as required by subdivision 3 of section 4 and by section 11 of the direct primary law.

The parenthetical notes interspersed in this form are for the guidance of the county clerks and are not to appear in the published notice.

FORM 4

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

APPOINTMENT OF VERIFICATION DEPUTIES BY CANDIDATE.

(Section 5, subdivision 2a, Direct Primary Law.)

I, the undersigned, a candidate for the (*)----- party nomination for the office of -----, which nomination is to be made by direct vote at the primary election to be held on the ----- day of August, 191--, do hereby appoint the following registered qualified electors of the county of -----, as verification deputies to obtain signatures in said county to a nomination paper placing me in nomination as a candidate (*) of said ----- party for said office of -----.

VERIFICATION DEPUTIES.

Names.

Residence.

-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----

Etc.

Etc.

(Signature) -----

(Residence) -----

Filed in the office of the county clerk of ----- county, this ----- day of -----, 191--.

-----, County Clerk.

By -----, Deputy.

NOTE.—(*) In case of a candidate for a judicial, school, county or township office, the words "----- party", and the words "of said ----- party", shall be omitted from the above form.

This document is to be filed with the county clerk of the county in which such verification deputies reside, at or before the time the nomination paper of the candidate is left with the county clerk for filing or for examination.

The verification of signatures to a nomination paper shall not be made by the candidate, nor by any county clerk or registrar of voters, nor by any of the deputies in the office of such county clerk or registrar of voters, nor within one hundred feet of any election booth, polling place, or any place where registration of electors is being conducted.

This form shall not be used for delegates to State Convention nor for members of County Central Committee.

FORM 5

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

APPOINTMENT OF VERIFICATION DEPUTIES BY CANDIDATE.

This form shall be used only for Delegates to State Convention and for Members of County Central Committee.

(Section 5, subdivision 2a, Direct Primary Law.)

I, the undersigned, a candidate for election by the _____ party to the office of _____ at the primary election to be held on the _____ day of August, 191____, do hereby appoint the following registered qualified electors of the county of _____, as verification deputies to obtain signatures in said county to a nomination paper placing me in nomination for election by said party to said office.

VERIFICATION DEPUTIES.

Name	Residence
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
Etc.	Etc.

(Signature) _____

(Residence) _____

Filed in the office of the county clerk of _____ county, this _____ day of _____, 191____.

_____, County Clerk.

By _____, Deputy.

NOTE.—This document is to be filed with the county clerk of the county in which such verification deputies reside, at or before the time the nomination paper of the candidate is left with the county clerk for filing or for examination.

The verification of signatures to a nomination paper shall not be made by the candidate, nor by any county clerk or registrar of voters, nor by any of the deputies in the office of such county clerk or registrar of voters, nor within one hundred feet of any election booth, polling place, or any place where registration of electors is being conducted.

FORM 6

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

APPOINTMENT OF VERIFICATION DEPUTIES BY COMMITTEE.

(Section 5, subdivision 2b, Direct Primary Law.)

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, }
 County of _____ } SS.

We, the undersigned, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that we are each qualified electors of the county of _____, State of California, and that we are each registered (*) as intending to affiliate with the _____ party; and we do hereby propose _____, who resides (at No. _____ street in the city of) or (in the town of) _____, county of _____, as a candidate for the nomination (*) of such party for the office of _____, to be voted for at the primary election to be held on the _____ day of August, 191____; and we do solemnly swear (or affirm) that said _____ has consented to this proposal of his name as candidate for the nomination for said office. We hereby appoint the following registered qualified electors of this county as verification deputies to obtain signatures in this county to the nomination paper of said _____ to said office of _____.

VERIFICATION DEPUTIES.

Names.	Residence.
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
Etc.	Etc.

(Signed)

Names.	Residence.
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____, 191____.

(SEAL)

Notary Public (or other official).

Filed in the office of the county clerk of _____ county this _____ day of _____, 191____.

_____, County Clerk.
By _____, Deputy.

NOTE.—(*) In case of a candidate for a judicial, school, county or township office the words "as intending to affiliate with the _____ party", and the words "of such party" shall be omitted from the above form.

This document is to be filed with the county clerk of the county in which said five electors reside, at or before the time the nomination paper of the candidate is left with the county clerk for filing or for examination.

The verification of signatures to a nomination paper shall not be made by the candidate, nor by any county clerk or registrar of voters, nor by any of the deputies in the office of such county clerk or registrar of voters, nor within one hundred feet of any election booth, polling place, or any place where registration of electors is being conducted.

This form shall not be used for delegates to State Convention nor for members of County Central Committee.

FORM 7

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

APPOINTMENT OF VERIFICATION DEPUTIES BY COMMITTEE

This form shall be used only for Delegates to State Convention and for Members of County Central Committee.

(Section 5, subdivision 2b, Direct Primary Law.)

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, }
County of ----- } ss.

We, the undersigned, swear (or affirm) that we are each qualified electors of the county of -----, State of California, and that we are each registered as intending to affiliate with the ----- party; and we do hereby propose ----- who resides at (No. ----- street in the city of) or (in the town of) -----, county of -----, as a candidate for election by such party to the office of ----- to be voted for at the primary election to be held on the ----- day of August, 191--; and we swear (or affirm) that said ----- has consented to this proposal of his name as a candidate for election to said office. We hereby appoint the following registered qualified electors of this county as verification deputies to obtain signatures in this county to the nomination paper of said candidate.

VERIFICATION DEPUTIES.

Names.	Residence.
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----
Etc.	Etc.

(Signed)

Names.	Residence.
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----

Subscribed and sworn to before me this ----- day of -----, 191--.

(SEAL)

Notary Public (or other official).

Filed in the office of the county clerk of ----- county
this ----- day of -----, 191--.

-----, County Clerk.

By -----, Deputy.

NOTE.—This document is to be filed with the county clerk of the county in which said five electors reside, at or before the time the nomination paper of the candidate is left with the county clerk for filing or for examination.

The verification of signatures to a nomination paper shall not be made by the candidate, nor by any county clerk or registrar of voters, nor by any of the deputies in the office of such county clerk or registrar of voters, nor within one hundred feet of any election booth, polling place, or any place where registration of electors is being conducted.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES AND COMMITTEES IN PREPARING NOMINATION PAPERS.

To effect uniformity in size, and for convenience in handling and filing nomination papers, candidates and committees should comply with the instructions herein given relating to Forms 8 and 9 (Sections of Nomination Papers Signed by Electors) and Form 10 (Index to Nomination Papers).

The matter contained in each of said forms should be written or printed upon paper *11 inches long by 8 1/2 inches wide*.

Where the matter prescribed for a section of a nomination paper, as well as all the signatures to be signed thereto, can not be contained wholly on one page, each section of a nomination paper should consist of a single sheet so folded as to contain four pages only, each page being of the above designated size; the first three pages should be numbered 1, 2 and 3, respectively; the signers' statement should be upon the first page, followed on that page and on the second and third pages by lines for signatures and other matter required, each line being numbered, said numbers running consecutively from 1 on the first page to 50 on the third page, with the verification deputy's affidavit on the third page, leaving the fourth page entirely blank. As many of such sections may be used as is necessary to obtain the required number of signatures.

Where the matter prescribed for the Index to the Nomination Paper can not be embodied wholly on one page the second or reverse page and both sides of any subsequent sheets of the Index may be used on which to continue such Index, all pages being of the above designated size.

All Index sheets together with the Sections of the Nomination Paper to which they relate shall be firmly bound together at the left-hand edge before filing.

DIRECT PRIMARY LAW.

FORM 8

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

SECTION OF NOMINATION PAPER SIGNED BY ELECTORS ON
BEHALF OF PARTY CANDIDATE.(*1) Section _____
Page _____

(Section 5, subdivision 3, Direct Primary Law.)

COUNTY OF _____, CITY (OR TOWN) OF _____ (IF
ANY). NOMINATION PAPER OF _____, CANDI-
DATE FOR _____ PARTY NOMINATION FOR THE
OFFICE OF _____.STATE OF CALIFORNIA, }
County of _____ } ss.

SIGNER'S STATEMENT.

I, the undersigned, am a qualified elector of the city (or town) of _____, county of _____, State of California; and am registered as intending to affiliate with the _____ party; and I hereby nominate _____, who resides at No. _____ street, city of _____, county of _____, State of California, as a candidate for (*2) the nomination of such party for the office of _____ to be voted for at the primary election to be held on the _____ day of August, 191____. I have not signed the nomination paper of any other candidate for the same office, and I further declare that I intend to support for such nomination the candidate named herein.

No.	Precinct	Signature	Residence	Date
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
Etc.				

VERIFICATION DEPUTY'S AFFIDAVIT.

I, _____, solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have been appointed according to the provisions of subdivision 2, section 5 of the direct primary law, as a verification deputy to secure signatures in the county of _____ to the nomination paper

of ----- as candidate for (*2) the nomination of the ----- party for the office of -----; that all the signatures on this section of said nomination paper numbered from 1 to ----, inclusive, were made in my presence, and that to the best of my knowledge and belief, each of said signatures is the genuine signature of the person whose name it purports to be.

(Signed) -----

Verification Deputy.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this ----- day of -----, 191---

(SEAL)

Notary Public (or other official).

NOTE.—(*1) These blanks shall be filled with the number of the section and the page number of that section respectively by the person who arranges the completed nomination paper for filing and not by the verification deputy.

(*2) In case of a delegate to State Convention or member of County Central Committee insert in place of the words "the nomination of such party for" the words "election by such party to"; and in the affidavit insert in place of the words "the nomination of the ----- party for" the words "election by the ----- party to" with name of such party.

Each signer of this nomination paper must write his signature and residence (street and number) in the presence of the verification deputy, and there shall then be inserted the date of his signature. His election precinct shall be inserted by the signer or subsequently by the verification deputy or by that person who arranges the nomination paper for filing. Any section of a nomination paper circulated within any incorporated city or town shall be signed only by registered qualified electors of such city or town and any section circulated in a territory outside of such city or town shall be signed only by registered qualified electors of such territory.

In case two or more persons are to be elected to an office, either at the primary or at the general election, electors can sign a nomination paper on behalf of as many candidates only as there are persons to be so elected.

The verification of signatures to a nomination paper shall not be made by the candidate, nor by any county clerk or registrar of voters, nor by any of the deputies of such clerk or registrar, nor within one hundred feet of any election booth, polling place, or any place where registration of electors is being conducted.

This form shall not be used in the case of a candidate for a judicial, school, county or township office.

DIRECT PRIMARY LAW.

FORM 9

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

SECTION OF NOMINATION PAPER SIGNED BY ELECTORS ON
BEHALF OF CANDIDATE FOR JUDICIAL, SCHOOL, COUNTY,
OR TOWNSHIP OFFICE.(*) Section _____
Page _____

(Section 5, subdivision 3, Direct Primary Law.)

COUNTY OF _____, CITY (OR TOWN) OF _____ (IF
ANY). NOMINATION PAPER OF _____, CANDI-
DATE FOR NOMINATION FOR THE OFFICE OF _____STATE OF CALIFORNIA, }
County of _____ } ss.

SIGNER'S STATEMENT.

I, the undersigned, am a registered, qualified elector of the city (or town) of _____, county of _____, State of California; and I hereby nominate _____, who resides at No. _____ street, city of _____, county of _____, State of California, as a candidate for the nomination for the office of _____ to be voted for at the primary election to be held on the _____ day of August, 191__.

I have not signed the nomination paper of any other candidate for the same office, and I further declare that I intend to support for such nomination the candidate named herein.

No.	Precinct	Signature	Residence	Date
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
Etc.				

VERIFICATION DEPUTY'S AFFIDAVIT.

I, _____, solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have been appointed according to the provisions of subdivision 2, section 5, of the direct primary law, as a verification deputy to secure signatures in the county of _____ to the nomination paper of _____ as candidate for the nomination for the office of _____; that all the signatures on this section of said

nomination paper, numbered from 1 to ----, inclusive, were made in my presence, and that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, each of said signatures is the genuine signature of the person whose name it purports to be.

(Signed) -----
Verification Deputy.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this ---- day of -----, 191---

(SEAL)

Notary Public (or other official).

NOTE.—(*) These blanks shall be filled with the number of the section and the page number of that section respectively by the person who arranges the completed nomination paper for filing and not by the verification deputy.

Each signer of this nomination paper must write his signature and residence (street and number) in the presence of the verification deputy, and there shall then be inserted the date of his signature. His election precinct shall be inserted by the signer or subsequently by the verification deputy or by that person who arranges the nomination paper for filing. Any section of a nomination paper circulated within any incorporated city or town shall be signed only by registered qualified electors of such city or town and any section circulated in a territory outside of such city or town shall be signed only by registered qualified electors of such territory.

In case two or more persons are to be elected to an office either at the primary or at the general election electors can sign a nomination paper on behalf of as many candidates only as there are persons to be so elected.

The verification of signatures to a nomination paper shall not be made by the candidate, nor by any county clerk or registrar of voters, nor by any of the deputies of such clerk or registrar, nor within one hundred feet of any election booth, polling place, or any place where registration of electors is being conducted.

FORM 10

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

INDEX TO NOMINATION PAPER.

(Section 5, subdivision 4, Direct Primary Law.)

This Nomination Paper filed by _____

(In above blank the candidate shall sign his name if he has assumed the initiative by appointing his own verification deputies; otherwise one of the five electors who appointed verification deputies shall sign his own name in the blank.)

Name of Candidate _____

Office _____; Party (if any) _____

Sections 1 to _____, inclusive, containing _____ signatures, circulated as follows:

Sections 1 to _____, inclusive, in _____
(Designate city or town or outside territory.)Sections _____ to _____, inclusive, in _____
(Designate city or town or outside territory.)

Etc.

(Designate city or town)

Name or number	Numbers of sections and of section pages containing voters of precincts		
_____	Sec. 1, page 1 (____ times); Sec. 1, page 2 (____ times); Etc.		
_____	Sec. 2, page 1 (____ times); Sec. 2, page 2 (____ times); Etc.		
_____	Etc.	Etc.	Etc.

(Designate outside territory)

Name or number	Numbers of sections and of section pages containing voters of precincts		
_____	Sec. 1, page 1 (____ times); Sec. 1, page 2 (____ times); Etc.		
_____	Sec. 2, page 1 (____ times); Sec. 2, page 2 (____ times); Etc.		
_____	Etc.	Etc.	Etc.

NOTE.—Before the index is made all sections of the nomination paper shall be arranged by cities, towns and outside territory (i. e., all of the county outside of any incorporated city or town), by the candidate if he has appointed his verification deputies, or by the five electors by whom the verification deputies were appointed (Subd. 3, Sec. 5). The sections shall then be consecutively numbered from 1 up, the pages of each section being also consecutively numbered from 1 up. The sections

shall be kept in this consecutive numerical order, sections 1, 2 and 3, for example, referring to the first city or town, sections 4, 5, 6 and 7 referring to the next city or town, etc., and a record of such groupings shall be made by filling out the blanks in the first part of this form.

Each city, town or outside territory shall then be tabulated separately by precincts in the numerical or alphabetical order of such precincts for each such city, town or outside territory, and showing after the name or number of each of such precincts the numbers of the sections and of the section pages on which the names of the electors registered in such precinct are to be found, and after the number of each page, the number (in parenthesis) of times such names are to be so found on such section page.

Finally, all the sections in numerical order, preceded by this index, shall be bound together by fastening the left-hand edges with a staple, wire, thread or other suitable material.

FORM 11

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

AFFIDAVIT OF CANDIDATE.

(Section 5, subdivision 4, and section 6, subdivision 5, Direct Primary Law.)

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, }
County of _____ } ss.

I, _____, depose and say: I reside at No. _____ street in the city (or town) of _____, in the county of _____, and my post-office address is _____, county of _____, California; my election precinct is _____ in said county, _____ assembly district; I am a qualified elector of said election precinct in which I reside, and I desire to be a candidate for the office of _____ at the election to be held on the _____ day of _____, 191__; and if nominated for said office I will accept said nomination and not withdraw, and I will qualify as such officer if nominated and elected.

I further declare that I have complied with the provisions contained in subdivision 5 of section 6 of the direct primary law.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____, 191__.

(SEAL)

Notary Public in and for the County
of _____, State of California.

NOTE.—This affidavit must be filed at least thirty-five days before the primary election in the place where the candidate's nomination paper is required to be filed.

FORM 12

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

COUNTY CLERK'S CERTIFICATE AS TO NUMBER OF SIGNATURES ON NOMINATION PAPER.

(Section 5, subdivision 4, and section 6, subdivision 1, Direct Primary Law.)

For all candidates whose nomination papers are filed with Secretary of State; except those voted for only in portion of one county, the sufficiency of whose nomination papers is determined by party registration.

To the Secretary of State:

I, County Clerk of the County of _____, hereby certify that I have examined the nomination paper of _____, a candidate for (*1) nomination for the office of _____ (*2) by the _____ party at the primary election to be held on the last Tuesday in August, 191____, and that the number of names signed thereto which I have not marked "not sufficient" is _____.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 191____.

(SEAL)

_____, County Clerk.
By _____, Deputy.

NOTE.—(*1) In the case of a candidate for delegate to State Convention insert in place of the words "nomination for" the words "election to."

(*2) In case of a candidate for a judicial or school office omit the words "by the _____ party."

Whenever an office is one voted for only in a district the number and name of such district shall be stated with the title of the office.

In the examination of a nomination paper for which this certificate is to be used the County Clerk shall disregard and mark "not sufficient" any name appearing upon any section thereof which does not appear in the same handwriting on an affidavit of registration in his office, or which (except in the case of nomination papers of candidates for judicial or school offices, the signers of which may be registered as of any or no party) does not appear on said affidavit as intending to affiliate with the party named in such nomination paper.

This certificate shall be affixed to the nomination paper and said paper with this certificate attached shall be forwarded by County Clerk to Secretary of State within five days after said paper was left with him for examination.

FORM 13

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

COUNTY CLERK'S CERTIFICATE AS TO NUMBER OF SIGNATURES ON NOMINATION PAPER.

(Section 5, subdivision 4, and section 6, subdivision 1, Direct Primary Law.)

For Congressional and Legislative candidates, and delegate to State Convention, voted for only in portion of one county, the sufficiency of whose nomination papers is determined by party registration.

To the Secretary of State:

I, County Clerk of the County of _____, hereby certify that I have examined the nomination paper of _____, a candidate for (*) nomination for the office of _____ by the _____ party at the primary election to be held on the last Tuesday in August, 191____, and that the number of names signed thereto which I have not marked "not sufficient" is _____.

I further certify that said number of signatures is not less than one per centum, nor more than two per centum of said party registration in said district which constitutes the basis of percentage as defined in subdivision 6 of section 5 of the direct primary law.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 191____.

(SEAL)

_____, County Clerk.

By _____, Deputy.

NOTE.—(*) In the case of a candidate for delegate to State Convention insert in place of the words "nomination for" the words "election to."

Whenever an office is one voted for only in a district the number and name of such district shall be stated with the title of the office.

In the examination of a nomination paper for which this certificate is to be used the County Clerk shall disregard and mark "not sufficient" any name appearing upon any section thereof which does not appear in the same handwriting on an affidavit of registration in his office or which does not appear on said affidavit as intending to affiliate with the party named in such nomination paper.

This certificate shall be affixed to the nomination paper and said paper with this certificate shall be forwarded by County Clerk to Secretary of State within five days after said paper was left with him for examination.

FORM 14

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

COUNTY CLERK'S CERTIFICATE AS TO NUMBER OF SIGNATURES ON NOMINATION PAPER.

(Section 5, subdivision 9, and section 6, subdivisions 2 and 3, Direct Primary Law.)

For all candidates voted for entirely within one county or city and county, except congressional and legislative candidates and delegates to State Conventions.

I, County Clerk of the County of _____, hereby certify that I have examined the nomination paper of _____, a candidate for (*) nomination for the office of (*) _____ at the primary election to be held on the last Tuesday in August, 191____, and that the number of names signed thereto which I have not marked "not sufficient" is _____.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 191____.

(SEAL) _____, County Clerk.
By _____, Deputy.

NOTE.—(*) In the case of a candidate for member of county central committee insert in place of the words "nomination for" the words "election to" and also insert after the designation of the office the number and name of the district and the words "by _____ party" stating name thereof.

Whenever an office is one voted for only in a district the number and name of such district shall be stated with the title of the office.

In the examination of a nomination paper for which this certificate is to be used the County Clerk shall disregard and mark "not sufficient" any name appearing upon any section thereof which does not appear in the same handwriting on an affidavit of registration in his office, and, in the case of nomination papers of candidates for member of county central committee only, any name which does not appear on said affidavit as intending to affiliate with the party named in such nomination paper.

This certificate shall be affixed to the nomination paper and said paper with this certificate shall be filed by the County Clerk in his office.

In the case of a primary election held in a municipality the County Clerk shall change name and date of election to correspond, affix certificate to nomination paper and cause said paper with certificate attached to be transmitted to and filed with the clerk of that municipality by the twentieth day prior to such election.

FORM 15

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

CERTIFIED LIST OF CANDIDATES FOR NOMINATION.

(Section 10, Direct Primary Law.)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

To the County Clerk of _____ County:

I, _____, Secretary of State, do hereby certify that the following list contains the name and post-office address of each person for whom a nomination paper has been filed in my office and who is entitled to be voted for in the above named county at the primary election to be held on Tuesday, the _____ day of August, 191____, the title of the office for which such person is a candidate, his name and address, being stated under the name of the party or principle he represents, except in the case of a judicial office or a school office.

_____ PARTY.

STATE (AND DISTRICT) OFFICES.

(Title of office)	(Name of candidate)	(Post-office address of candidate)
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

_____ District.

CONGRESSIONAL OFFICES.

(Including United States Senator, if any.)

_____	_____
_____	_____

_____ District.

LEGISLATIVE OFFICES.

_____	_____
_____	_____

_____ District.

_____ District.

DELEGATE TO STATE CONVENTION (IF ANY).

Delegate to State Con- vention _____	}	_____
_____ District.		

Delegate to State Con- vention _____	}	_____
_____ District.		

_____ PARTY.

DIRECT PRIMARY LAW.**STATE (AND DISTRICT) OFFICES.**

(Repeat for each party entitled to participate in the primary election, stating office, and name and address of candidate, in the form above.)

I further certify that the following list contains the name and post-office address of each person for whom nomination papers have been filed in my office, together with a designation of the office for which such person is a candidate, and that such person is entitled to be voted for in said county at said election by any registered qualified elector of said county whether registered as intending to affiliate with any political party or not.

JUDICIAL OFFICES.

(Title of office)	(Name of candidate)	(Post-office address of candidate)
-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----

----- District.

SCHOOL OFFICE.

-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----

Dated at Sacramento, California, this ----- day of -----, 191---

(SEAL)

Secretary of State.

NOTE.—The names herein certified shall be only those of persons who are entitled to be voted for in that county to which the certified list is sent.

Whenever an office is one voted for only in a district the number and name of such district shall be stated with the title of the office.

Omit any office not to be voted on at primary election, and where no sufficient nomination paper has been filed for any office to be voted on insert opposite the title of such office, in the blank where the name of a candidate would otherwise appear, the words "no candidate."

In certifying names of candidates, the Secretary of State shall comply with the requirements of subdivision 7a of section 12 of the direct primary law.

FORM 16

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

NOTICE BY COUNTY CLERK OF TIME AND PLACE OF PRIMARY ELECTION, POLITICAL PARTIES ENTITLED TO PARTICIPATE THEREIN, OFFICES FOR WHICH CANDIDATES ARE TO BE NOMINATED OR ELECTED, AND NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF CANDIDATES.

(Section 10, Direct Primary Law.)

Notice is hereby given that a primary election is to be held in the County of _____ on Tuesday, the _____ day of August, 191____, and that hereinafter under the designation of each of the political parties entitled to participate therein there is stated the title of each office to be voted on thereat, and the name and address of each person for whom a nomination paper has been filed for such office and who is entitled to be voted for in said county at said election, the name of such person being stated under the name of the party or principle he represents.

----- PARTY.

STATE (AND DISTRICT) OFFICES.

(Title of office)

(Name of candidate)

(Post-office address of candidate)

-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----

----- District.

CONGRESSIONAL OFFICES.

-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----

----- District.

LEGISLATIVE OFFICES.

-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----

----- District.

DELEGATES TO STATE CONVENTION (if any).

Delegate to State Con-	}	-----
vention -----		
----- District.		

Delegate to State Con-	}	-----
vention -----		
----- District.		

MEMBERS OF COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Member of County Central Committee -----	}	-----
----- District.		-----
----- to be elected.		-----
Member of County Central Committee -----	}	-----
----- District.		-----
----- to be elected.		-----

(Designate above such offices (except judicial and school offices) with name and number of district, if any, and names and addresses of candidates therefor, as appear upon the certified list transmitted to county clerk by Secretary of State, and also the office of member of County Central Committee, and names and addresses of candidates therefor, if any, for whom nomination papers have been filed in the office of the county clerk and who are entitled to be voted for, stating the name and number of district and the number to be elected in each district. Omit any office not to be voted on at primary election, and where no sufficient nomination paper has been filed for any office to be voted on, insert opposite the title of such office in the blank where the name of a candidate would otherwise appear, the words "no candidate.")

PARTY.

STATE (AND DISTRICT) OFFICES.

(Repeat for each party entitled to participate in the primary election, stating office, and name and address of candidate, in the form above.)

Notice is also hereby given that following are the judicial, school, county and township offices for which candidates are to be nominated at said primary election, together with the names and addresses of all persons for whom nomination papers have been filed for each of said offices, and that candidates for said offices may be voted for, at said primary election, by any registered qualified elector of said county, whether registered as intending to affiliate with any political party or not.

JUDICIAL OFFICES.

(Title of office)	(Name of candidate)	(Post-office address of candidate)
-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----

----- District.

-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----

SCHOOL OFFICES.

-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----

COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP OFFICES.

 ----- Supervisor District

 ----- Township

(Designate above such judicial and school offices, with name and number of district, if any, and names and addresses of candidates therefor as appear upon the certified list transmitted to county clerk by Secretary of State, and also designate such offices (except members of County Central Committee) with name and number of district or township, if any, and names and addresses of candidates therefor for whom nomination papers have been filed in the office of the county clerk, and who are entitled to be voted for.

The offices of "Justice of the Peace" and "Superintendent of Schools" shall be designated under "Judicial Offices" and "School Offices" respectively, and not under "County and Township Offices."

Omit any office not to be voted on at primary election, and where no sufficient nomination paper has been filed for any office to be voted on insert opposite the title of such office in the blank where the name of a candidate would otherwise appear the words "no candidate.")

Notice is also hereby given that at said primary election the polls will be open from the hour of 6 o'clock a. m. to the hour of 7 o'clock p. m. on the day thereof, and that during said hours said election will be held at the legally designated polling places in each precinct in said county, which are as follows:

City of -----

(Name or number of precinct)

(Location of polling place)

Precinct -----

Precinct -----

Town of -----

Precinct -----

----- Township (outside of city)

Precinct -----

Dated this ----- day of -----, 191---

-----, County Clerk.

NOTE.—This notice is to be published as required by sections 10 and 11 of the direct primary law, and the names and addresses of all candidates shall appear in the published notice in the order in which they will appear upon the ballot as prescribed by subdivision 8 of section 12 of the direct primary law.

The parenthetical notes interspersed in this form are for the guidance of the county clerks and are not to appear in the published notice.

FORM 17

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

CERTIFICATE OF NOMINATION ISSUED TO CANDIDATE.

(By Board of Canvassers.)

(Section 23, Direct Primary Law.)

OFFICE OF COUNTY CLERK,
County of _____

This is to certify that _____ was (*1) nominated as a candidate for the office of _____ (*2) by the _____ party at the primary election held in the above named county on the _____ day of August, 191__.

In witness whereof, the Board of Supervisors of said county has caused this official certificate of (*1) nomination to be issued and its seal affixed thereto this _____ day of _____, 191__, by its clerk thereunto duly authorized.

County Clerk and ex officio Clerk
of said Board of Supervisors.

(SEAL)

By _____, Deputy.

NOTE.—(*1) In the case of a delegate to State Convention or a member of the County Central Committee insert in place of the words "nominated as a candidate for" the words "elected to" and in the second paragraph insert in place of the word "nomination" the word "election".

(*2) In the case of a judicial, school, county or township office the words "by the _____ party" shall be omitted.

Whenever an office is one voted for only in a district the number and name of such district shall be stated with the title of the office.

Whenever the duty of canvassing the vote is placed by law upon some officer or board other than the Board of Supervisors, change accordingly the title of the board or officer issuing the above certificate.

This certificate is to be issued to any person nominated for or elected to an office voted for wholly within a county, city and county or municipality, except that in the case of a municipal primary election the date and place of holding thereof and the board or officer issuing the certificate shall be changed accordingly.

FORM 18

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

CERTIFICATE OF NOMINATION ISSUED TO CANDIDATE.

(By Secretary of State.)

(Section 23, Direct Primary Law.)

OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE,
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA.

I, _____, Secretary of State of the State of California, do hereby certify that _____ was (*1) nominated as a candidate for the office of _____ (*2) by the _____ party at the primary election held on the _____ day of August, 191_, as appears by the official returns of said election and statement thereof on file in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal this _____ day of _____, 191_.

(SEAL)

Secretary of State.

NOTE.—(*1) In the case of a delegate to State Convention insert in place of the words "nominated as a candidate for" the words "elected to".

(*2) In the case of a judicial or school office omit the words "by the _____ party".

Whenever an office is one voted for only in a district the number and name of such district shall be stated with the title of the office.

This certificate is to be issued to any person nominated or elected at a primary election whose nomination paper is filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

FORM 19

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

**CERTIFICATE OF NOMINATION ISSUED TO PRESIDENTIAL
ELECTOR.**

(Section 24, subdivision 2, Direct Primary Law.)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I, _____, Secretary of State of the State of California, certify that at the state convention of the _____ party, which met according to law, at the State Capitol on Tuesday, the _____ day of September, 191____, _____ was nominated as one of the electors of President and Vice President of the United States for said party, as appears by the records of said state convention relating to the nomination of said electors on file in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal this _____ day of _____, 191____

(SEAL)

Secretary of State.

FORM 20

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

CERTIFICATE OF SECRETARY OF STATE SHOWING CANDIDATES NOMINATED AT PRIMARY ELECTION.

(Section 23, Direct Primary Law.)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

To the County Clerk of _____ County:

I, _____, Secretary of State, do hereby certify that hereinafter are stated the names of those persons entitled to receive votes within the above named county at the ensuing November election who have received nominations as candidates for public offices under and pursuant to the provisions of the direct primary law, and whose nominations are evidenced by the compilation and statement required to be made by me and filed in my office as provided in section 22 of said law, and that set opposite their respective names there is shown separately and respectively for each of said nominees the name of the political party or organization, if any, which has nominated each of said persons, and the designation of the public office for which he is so nominated.

STATE (AND DISTRICT) OFFICES.

(Name of candidate)

(Party)

(Office)

[illegible]

District.

CONGRESSIONAL OFFICES.

(Including United States Senator, if any.)

_____ District _____

District.

LEGISLATIVE OFFICES.

_____ District _____

District.

DIRECT PRIMARY LAW.

(*) JUDICIAL OFFICES.

(Name)	(Office)
-----	-----
-----	-----
-----	-----
	----- District.

(*) SCHOOL OFFICE.

-----	-----
-----	-----

I also certify that at the state conventions which met, according to law, at the state capitol on Tuesday, the ----- day of September, 191--, the following persons were nominated as electors of President and Vice President of the United States, for the parties respectively hereinafter placed at the head of the column containing their respective names, and you are hereby directed to print the names of such candidates for electors upon the official ballots to be used at the ensuing November election as the candidates of their respective parties for such office.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

----- Party.	----- Party.	----- Party, Etc.
1.-----	-----	-----
2.-----	-----	-----
3.-----	-----	-----
(Etc. to 13.)	(Etc. to 13.)	(Etc. to 13.)

(All of the foregoing statement relating to electors of President and Vice President shall be omitted if such electors are not to be elected at the ensuing November election.)

Dated at Sacramento, California, this ---- day of -----, 191--.

(SEAL)

Secretary of State.

NOTE.—(*) Under the title of judicial offices the Secretary of State shall state the names of any candidates nominated for the office of Judge of the Superior Court for the county to which the certificate is sent.

(*) In the case of judicial and school offices there shall not be stated the names of any political party or organization.

The names herein certified shall be only those of persons who are entitled to be voted for in that county to which the certificate is sent, and in certifying the names of candidates the Secretary of State shall comply with the requirements of section 1197 of the Political Code.

Whenever an office is one voted for only in a district the number and name of such district shall be stated with the title of the office.

Omit any office not to be voted on at the ensuing November election, and in the event that no person has been nominated for any office to be voted on, insert opposite the title of the office, in the blank where the name of a candidate would otherwise appear, the words "no nomination."

FORM 21

Prepared by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

CANDIDATE'S AFFIDAVIT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES
FOR PRIMARY ELECTION.

(Sections 29 and 30, Direct Primary Law.)

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, }
County of ----- } ss.----- being duly sworn says: I was a candidate
for the nomination to the office of ----- at the
primary election held on the ----- day of -----, 191--;There was contributed, disbursed, expended or promised by me, and,
to the best of my knowledge and belief, by any and every other person
or association of persons in my behalf wholly or partly in endeavoring
to secure my nomination the sum of \$-----; that of said
amount the sum of \$----- was contributed, disbursed,
expended or promised by me, and, to the best of my knowledge and
belief, by other persons the sums hereinafter set opposite their names
respectively:

(Name)	(Amount)
-----	\$-----
-----	\$-----
-----	\$-----

I further state that there has been paid, loaned, contributed or other-
wise furnished to me directly or indirectly in aid of my election the sum
of \$----- and no more; and that following are the person
or persons from whom said sum was so received, the amount received
from each being set opposite his name:

(From whom or what source received)	(Amount)
-----	\$-----
-----	\$-----
-----	\$-----
Total amount received	\$-----

That to the best of my knowledge and belief all moneys contributed,
loaned, or expended by me directly or indirectly by myself or through
any other person, in aid of my election, comprise the following items of
expenditure, the particular purposes of such expenses being stated in

each of said items, the amount expended and the name of the recipient thereof being set opposite thereto:

Items of expenditure	Expended	Name of person or persons to whom paid or disbursed
1. For the candidate's official filing fee -----	\$-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
2. For the preparing, printing, circulating and verifying nomination papers -----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
3. For the candidate's personal traveling expenses-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
4. For rent and necessary furnishing of halls or rooms, during such candidacy, for public meetings or for committee headquarters --	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
5. For payment of speakers and musicians at public meetings and their necessary traveling expenses--	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
6. For printing and distribution of pamphlets, circulars, newspapers, cards, handbills, posters and announcements, relative to candidates or political issues or principles-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
7. For the candidate's share of the reasonable compensation of challengers at the polls -----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----

Items of expenditure	Expended	Name of person or persons to whom paid or disbursed
8. For making canvasses of voters -----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
9. For clerk hire -----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
10. For conveying infirm or disabled voters to and from the polls -----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
11. For postage, expressage, telegraphing, and telephoning, relative to candidacy -----	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
Total amount expended..	\$ -----	-----

I have used all reasonable diligence in the preparation of this statement and the same is true and is as full and explicit as I am able to make it.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this ---- day of -----, 191---

(SEAL)

Notary Public in and for the County
of -----, State of California.
(Or other official.)

NOTE.—Lawful expenses are limited to expenses for those purposes only which are stated above. (Section 29, Direct Primary Law.) This affidavit is to be made by the candidate in duplicate, and within fifteen days of the primary election one copy thereof is to be filed with the officer with whom his nomination papers are filed, and the other with the recorder of the county or city and county in which he resides.

By section 29 of the direct primary law a candidate for nomination to any elective office is prohibited from expending or contributing, or promising so to do, any money or other valuable thing, except for lawful expenses as therein defined, and by section 30 of that law he is required to make the verified statement set forth above and file the same as therein provided. By section 31 of that law any person violating any of the provisions of sections 29 or 30 is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, in addition to the sentence imposed by the court, shall forfeit all right to the office for which he was a candidate.

THE DIRECT PRIMARY LAW IN OPERATION.

Assemblyman C. C. YOUNG, author of the bill.

(March 16, 1914.)

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS.

Before entering into any detailed explanation of the workings of the California direct primary law, a half dozen general statements regarding the law may properly be made.

TIME AND NATURE OF PRIMARY ELECTION.

- ✓
- § 3. 1. Party nominations for the placing of party candidates on the ballot for the general election in November are by this law now brought about by party primary elections to be held on the last Tuesday in August preceding the November election. Although these primary elections are in reality distinct and separate party elections on a separate and distinct ballot for each party, they are, for the sake of convenience and economy, all held on the same day, in the same place, and before the same set of election officials. Each of these parties, wherever qualified to so participate, will have its separate party ticket at the election booth, containing the names of all such aspirants for nomination for each office as have complied with the provisions of the law as hereinafter set forth.
- § 12, § 1. § 5, § 6.

- § 17. This consolidation of primary elections for the various parties is made feasible through the fact that voters in registering have in most cases stated their party affiliations, and the election officers are therefore able to hand to each voter, as he presents himself, his proper party ballot. If he has not, in registering, affiliated himself with any party, he is, for purposes of the primary, regarded as a non-partisan; and as such he is furnished, not with a party ballot, but with a ballot containing the names of all candidates for non-partisan offices, as hereinafter described.

Thus every voter, whether registered as a partisan or not, can now participate in a primary election; the only restriction being that only those who are members of any particular party are permitted to take part in the councils of that party in nominating its party candidates.

PARTIES QUALIFIED TO TAKE PART IN PRIMARY.

- § 1, § 9a. 2. The August primary election may be participated in by all political parties which, at the last general election, polled, for any of its candidates voted on throughout the state, at least three per cent of the entire vote of the state; or, for any one of its candidates who was the joint candidate of itself and another party, at least six per cent of such vote. By this provision the Democratic, Progressive, Prohibitionist, Republican, and Socialist parties all qualified at the last presidential election for taking part in the primary election of 1914.

- § 1, § 9b. In addition to the parties which have qualified for the primary as above outlined, any other party may also qualify in either of two ways: *first*, by registering under its party name (or under its proposed party name, if it is a new party) at least three per cent of the total registration of the state; or *second*, by filing with the secretary of state a petition for the formation of such party, containing the names of signers equal in number to at least three per cent of the registration of the state for the last general election. The only restriction on the formation of such new party is that its party name shall not be so similar to the name of an existing party as to mislead the voter.
- § 1, § 9c.

Thus, by these various provisions, it is made possible that any new party large enough to contain at least three per cent of the electorate may

qualify to take part in the primary election. This power of establishing a new party was not provided for in any primary law before this year, and undoubtedly constitutes one of the most important additions in the revision of the statute.

THE PRIMARY FOR NON-PARTISAN OFFICES.

3. All candidates for any judicial office, school office, county office, or township office are hereafter to be nominated on a strictly non-partisan basis, and all the aspirants for nomination to each of such offices are to be placed on all the ballots of every political party participating in the election, in such a manner that the ballots of all the parties shall be identical as to the candidates for these non-partisan offices. These non-partisan candidates shall also have their names appear on a separate special non-partisan ballot to be voted, as stated above, only by those electors who, in registering, did not declare their party affiliations. § 12, § 6. § 5, § 6. § 12, § 1.

For each of these non-partisan offices the two candidates who receive the highest number of votes (or the one candidate, provided he receives a majority vote) shall go upon the ballot at the November election without any party designation whatever. § 23.

The extension of these non-partisan offices to apply to all county offices, just as they have been previously applied to all municipal offices under the charters of most cities, constitutes what is possibly the most important change in the recent revision of the primary law. It seems generally conceded that the next step will logically be the application of the non-partisan feature to state and legislative offices as well, thus permitting national party designations and affiliations to apply only to national issues.

ELECTORS QUALIFIED TO VOTE AT PRIMARY.

4. As indicated above, except to the extent of voting for candidates for non-partisan offices, no voter is permitted to participate in an August primary election unless he has stated on his affidavit of registration with what party he intends to affiliate at the ensuing primary election—whether Republican, Progressive, Democratic, etc.; and at the election he shall receive the ballot only of that party with which he has registered his affiliation. Nor, except for candidates for such non-partisan offices, is any voter permitted to sign the nomination paper for any candidate to be voted on at such election unless he is registered as belonging to the party under which the nomination is being made. Nor is any voter qualified to participate in any August primary election or to sign any nomination paper for a candidate to be voted on at such election, unless he has registered since the first day of January preceding the election. § 17. § 1094. Pol. Code. Supreme Court decision, Grieb vs. Zemansky (S. P. No. 5438).

INDEPENDENT NOMINATIONS SUBSEQUENT TO PRIMARY.

5. An aspirant for any office not non-partisan, (i. e., not a judicial, school, county, or township office), may, by the provisions of section 1188 of the Political Code, also get upon the ballots of the November election as an independent candidate, providing, *first*, that he secures a nominating petition of at least one per cent of the vote in his district at the last preceding election, none of the signers of which petition has voted at the recent primary election; and *second*, that he himself was not a candidate for such office at such primary election. § 5, § 8. § 1188. Pol. Code.

This method of getting upon the ballot is prohibited to candidates for non-partisan office, for the reason that every candidate for this class of office is from the beginning an independent candidate, and has run as such at the primary—a primary, moreover, so far as the non-partisan office is concerned, at which all aspirants are permitted to contest, and in which all electors are permitted to vote, whether registered as partisan or non-partisan. To permit an aspirant for such an office to become an inde-

pendent candidate *after* the primary at which other independent candidates have qualified, would be to give one independent candidate an unfair advantage over another. If candidates for non-partisan office were permitted to qualify in November under the provisions of section 1188, it would soon occur that no non-partisan candidate would run except in this manner, and the primary, with its great service of weeding out minority candidates, would soon become a dead letter so far as such offices are concerned. Accordingly this method of securing an independent nomination is now restricted to candidates for offices which are not on a non-partisan basis.

METHOD OF NOMINATION AT THE PRIMARY.

6. An August primary election is conducted exactly like the general election in November. The election officers and their duties are the same. The voter stamps a cross (X) opposite the name of his choice for each office in the usual manner. The votes are counted, returns are made to the boards of supervisors and canvassed by them, results are recorded or transmitted to the secretary of state—all as in the general election. Of all the candidates for each of the offices on the Republican ballots the one receiving the highest vote is the Republican nominee, to go upon the general ballot as such at the November election. Similarly the candidate receiving the highest number of votes on the Progressive ballots is the Progressive nominee, and so on.

§ 23. The only exceptions to this method of nomination are for the judicial, school, county, and township offices, in which case, as has already been stated, the two candidates for each office receiving the highest number of votes shall be the nominees on the November ballot, or the one candidate providing he receives a majority of all votes cast for the office.

A. C. A. 19. Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 19, now pending and to be voted upon next November, very wisely permits that any county candidate receiving a clear majority over all competitors shall be declared elected at the primary, without being obliged to run again in November. Thus, in the case of such a candidate, the primary would become a final election instead of a merely eliminating election as at present. This provision as to a candidate receiving a majority is already in force in most chartered cities, but is constitutionally forbidden elsewhere until Amendment No. 19 is adopted.

THE OPERATION OF THE LAW.

Let us now in narrative form and in a strictly non-technical fashion examine the workings of this law, by showing in their order the various steps to be taken by the candidate and the voter in carrying out its provisions.

THE QUALIFYING OF A PARTY FOR THE ELECTION.

§ 1. § 9b. As outlined in 2 above, an opportunity is given any political party to qualify for participation in the primary election by securing at least three per cent of the current registration. In order to convey accurate information as to the progress of this registration, both to the proponents of the political party interested and to the secretary of state, whose duty it is to certify what parties are qualified to take part in the primary, four registration reports are required to be made to the secretary of state's office by the various county clerks, in February, March, June and July of each even numbered year. (*Form 1.*)

THE CALLING OF THE ELECTION.

§ 4. § 1. At least forty days before the last Tuesday in August, the date of the August primary election, the secretary of state shall transmit to each

county clerk or registrar of voters, a notice designating the offices for which candidates are to be nominated at such election, and the names of the political parties qualified to participate in such election. (*Form 2.*)

Within ten days after the receipt of such notice, the county clerk or registrar shall publish so much thereof as shall be applicable to his county (*Form 3*), once each week for two successive weeks in not more than two newspapers of the county. § 4, ¶ 2.

THE NOMINATION PAPER AND ITS SIGNERS.

As a prerequisite for placing upon the primary ballot of any political party the name of any candidate for any office except a non-partisan office (*i. e.*, a judicial, school, county, or township office), a paper placing such candidate in nomination must be signed by the voters of such party, examined by the county clerk as to correctness and validity of signatures, and, except in the case of papers nominating members of the county central committee, filed, as provided below, with the secretary of state. § 5, ¶ 1, 2.

The signatures to such nomination paper must not be obtained by the candidate himself, nor by any one connected with the office of the county clerk or registrar of voters, but by electors of the county in which the paper is circulated, called verification deputies, and appointed as herein- after set forth. § 5, ¶ 4.

The nomination paper is prepared in sections (*Form 8*), each section containing at the head the statement of the signers thereto, in which the voter after stating his party affiliation, states that he hereby nominates such candidate for such office, that he will support his nomination in the ensuing election, and that he has not nominated any other candidate for the same office. No such paper shall be signed earlier than seventy days nor later than forty days prior to the date of the August primary. Below this statement are blank lines in which the voter may sign his name and residence, and in which may also be added the precinct of the signer and the date of signing. Each section must, for convenience of the county clerk, be signed only by voters of the same city or town, or territory of the county outside of any city or town, and all signatures on each section must be numbered. At the end of each section of the nomination paper the verification deputy must swear that every signature thereon was made in his presence, and is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, the genuine signature of the person whose name it purports to be. § 5, ¶ 3.

NUMBER OF SIGNATURES REQUIRED.

The number of signatures required to such nomination paper is not less than one half of one per cent in the case of a candidate for an office to be voted on throughout the state (in other cases not less than one per cent), and not more than two per cent, of the highest vote cast at the last general election, in the political subdivision in which the candidate seeks nomination, for any candidate of his political party who ran as a candidate of such party only—that is, without the endorsement of any other party. § 5, ¶ 5, 6.

This low percentage requirement necessitates for a candidate for assemblyman, for instance, in a district of ordinary size, only thirty-five or forty nomination papers to be signed, thus allowing the candidate to carefully select those who are asked to sign, and making his nomination paper a really important and weighty endorsement of his candidacy.

No more than a two per cent quota of nomination papers is permitted to be filed, and no more than three per cent is allowed to be secured, thus serving a double purpose of preventing the persistent circulation of nomination papers from becoming a nuisance to the public, and also preventing any candidate from attempting to "tie up" voters in advance by getting a large percentage of their names signed up for himself. § 6, ¶ 4, 5.

- § 6.15. If through excess of zeal on the part of the candidate's verification deputies; or through a lack of "team work" on their part, more than this three per cent of signatures are secured, the candidate must notify each signer whose name appears on sections of the paper which create the excess of signatures over the permitted three per cent, that the section containing his signature has not been used or filed; and he must be able to swear in the statement required to be made by him, that he has complied with this requirement.
- § 5.14.

NOMINATION PAPERS FOR NON-PARTISAN OFFICES.

- § 5.13. Aspirants for nomination to non-partisan offices (*i. e.*, judicial, school, county, and township offices) proceed as outlined above except in the following particulars: *first*, the nomination paper (*Form 9*) may be signed by any voter irrespective of party affiliation, and shall nowhere contain any reference to party; *second*, the number of signatures required for nomination is not less than one half of one per cent nor more than two per cent of the total vote cast by all political parties at the last election in the state or political subdivision thereof in which the candidate seeks nomination; and *third*, that, although in the case of candidates for the supreme court or district courts of appeal and for state superintendent of public instruction nomination papers are to be filed with the secretary of state, all other nomination papers for non-partisan offices shall be filed with the county clerk or registrar of voters.
- § 6.11.2.

VERIFICATION DEPUTIES AND THEIR APPOINTMENT.

Having described the nomination paper by which the name of the candidate is placed upon the primary ballot, let us now discuss the verification deputies, whose function it is to secure the signatures to such nomination paper. As in the former instance we will first confine our attention to those offices which are not non-partisan.

- The first thing to be done by any candidate who seeks the nomination of his party for any office will naturally be the selection of one or more verification deputies to circulate his nomination paper for signatures.
- § 5.12a. The candidate accordingly signs a paper (*Forms 4 and 5*) appointing certain electors of a county as verification deputies to secure signatures in such county to his nomination paper, and, at or before the time he files his nomination paper, files these appointments with the county clerk to indicate the authentic list of deputies. In case the office to which he seeks nomination covers a district comprising more than one county, the candidate must repeat this process in each of the counties in which he desires his nomination paper to be circulated and signed, since verification deputies are allowed to secure signatures only in the county of their residence.

- There is an alternative method provided for the appointment of verification deputies, which, though it may be used in any case, is designed primarily to be employed by friends or admirers of the candidate, who belong to some party other than his own, and who wish to try to secure for him the endorsement of their party, thus providing for him another party nomination in addition to the nomination he seeks in his own party.
- § 5.12b. By this alternative method the list of verification deputies is appointed, and filed, and the sections of the nomination paper after being signed are collected, arranged, and filed, not by the candidate, either personally or through agents named or deputized by him, but by a self-appointed, independent committee of five electors registered with the party to which belong the friends of the candidate who are seeking to give him their party endorsement.
- § 5.13.

In order to safeguard a candidate of one party from being proposed § 5. 1 2b. for a party endorsement which he does not want, and which, if secured, might embarrass him in his own party, the law provides that the paper in which the committee of five appoints its verification deputies (*Forms 6 and 7*) must contain a statement that they have secured the consent of the candidate "to be thus proposed for nomination to such office." There is nothing, however, to prevent the candidate coupling with this consent a statement to the committee that the one nomination he is personally seeking is that of his own party, and that, while he should appreciate the honor of voluntary endorsement by other parties, he himself shall take no action toward securing such endorsement, either by circulating or filing nomination papers or in any other manner.

Verification deputies appointed to circulate the nomination papers for § 5. 1 2a. 2b. candidates for nomination to judicial, school, county or township offices are named exactly as indicated above except that, in the paper in which they are appointed, there is no reference whatever to any political party.

THE ARRANGEMENT AND FILING OF NOMINATION PAPERS.

After the verification deputies have concluded the obtaining of signa- § 5. 1 3. tures to the nomination paper and attested their authenticity, the various sections thereof must be returned—to the candidate, if he appointed the verification deputies, or to some member of the committee of five, if the deputies were appointed by the committee—to be arranged and filed by the candidate or by the committee, as the case may be. The various sections shall first be numbered in order and fastened together by cities or § 5. 1 4. towns or the portion of the county outside of such cities and towns. An index of precincts (*Form 10*) shall then be made for convenience of the county clerk, in such a manner that, while he has before him the affidavits of registration of any precinct of any city, he can by aid of the index at once turn to and check the signature of every voter who is registered in that particular precinct. At least forty days prior to the primary election, the county clerk or registrar of voters receives the nomination paper with its several sections and index properly arranged and bound. He then compares the signature of each name upon the paper with the corresponding signature on the original affidavit of registration in his office, noting also, except in case of a candidate for a non-partisan office, whether the voter who has signed a paper proposing the candidate for nomination in a certain party has registered as affiliating with that same party. After marking "not sufficient" and deducting from the total of names on the nomination paper such names as do not meet the above requirements, the county clerk or registrar shall prepare a certificate (*Forms 12, 13 and 14*) showing the number of valid signatures on the nomination paper; § 6. 1 1. 2. and, in behalf of the candidate or the committee of five, as the case may be, shall see that within five days after having been left for examination all nomination papers for county or township offices and for members of the county central committee are filed in his own office, and that all other nomination papers are filed in the office of the secretary of state.

THE FILING FEE.

A fee for filing nomination papers must be paid by each candidate for § 7. office, before his papers can be filed. In various subdivisions of section 7 the language indicates that no additional fee is required for the filing of other nomination papers in the endorsement of the candidate. For county offices, or for township offices having a salary of over nine hundred dollars per year, the fee is ten dollars and is paid to the county clerk. For minor township offices, and for offices carrying no salary, there is no fee. For all other offices, state, district, congressional and legislative, the fee is paid

to the secretary of state, and is as follows: state offices and United States senator, fifty dollars; district and congressional offices, twenty-five dollars; legislative offices (senate and assembly), ten dollars.

THE CANDIDATE'S AFFIDAVIT.

§ 5, ¶ 4.

At least thirty-five days prior to the August primary election, the candidate shall file in the place where his nomination paper is required to be filed, an affidavit (*Form 11*) stating his residence, election precinct, and the office to which he aspires, with the additional statement that if nominated he will accept such nomination, and that, if subsequently elected, he will accept the office. This affidavit is entirely independent of any nomination paper, whether such nomination paper is filed by the candidate for his own party, or by a committee for an endorsing party. Accordingly only one affidavit shall be filed, even though the candidate may be aware that friends in other parties are attempting to endorse his candidacy by giving him their party nomination.

§ 5, ¶ 4.

Inasmuch as the filing of nomination papers does not now have to be done by the candidate or his agent, but, in the case of endorsed candidates, may be done by the "five electors," the language of the old law is changed accordingly; and the former provision, "each candidate shall file *with his* nomination paper or papers his affidavit," has now, as indicated above, been changed to, "each candidate shall file *in the place where* his nomination paper is required to be filed . . . his affidavit," etc. This change in wording emphasizes the fact, enlarged upon below, that the nomination paper no longer is necessarily filed through the agency of the candidate.

RESTRICTIONS UPON CANDIDATES.

§ 5, ¶ 8.

In the law of 1913 there has been retained from the law of 1911 the following language, found in subdivision 8 of section 5 of the present act: ". . . a candidate who has filed nomination papers as one of the candidates for nomination to any office on the ballots of any political party at a primary election under the provisions of this act, and who is defeated for such nomination, shall be ineligible for nomination to the same office at the ensuing general election, either as an independent candidate or as the candidate of any other party." There are those who think that the above inhibition violates in spirit the new provision also found in section 5 of the present law, in the last sentence of subdivision 4: "Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to limit the rights of any person to become the candidate of more than one political party for the same office upon complying with the requirements of this act."

§ 5, ¶ 4.

In any discussion of the operation of the primary law, a reconciling of the apparent conflict between these two subdivisions of section 5 seems a very important matter, since it will possibly play a rather prominent part in a good many candidacies for minor offices under the law. Accordingly let us go into this phase of our subject in rather full detail. In considering the seeming conflict between these two subdivisions of section 5, a clear distinction must be recognized between, first, the man who loses his own party nomination, and at the same time wins the endorsement of another party; and second, the man who wins the nomination of his own party, but is not endorsed by some other party which has attempted to endorse him.

AS TO THE CANDIDATE WHO LOSES IN HIS OWN PARTY.

§ 5, ¶ 8.

In the first case, although future experience may prove, in view of this new policy of permitting more than one nomination, that it will be wise to cut out this provision of subdivision 8, which would seem to compel the candidate who has lost the nomination he sought in his own party also to forfeit the nomination of an endorsing party, there are nevertheless good,

logical reasons for such an inhibition. Very possibly, in fairness to the opponent who has defeated him for nomination, there would seem to be justice in the position, that the candidate, having failed in the party of his choice for a nomination in which he has initiated proceedings and "filed nomination papers," should be precluded from another chance at election by running as the candidate of some other party against his successful competitor in his own party. In a sense, the spirit of the primary as a method of choosing party candidates would seem to be violated, if a candidate who had been turned down for nomination in his own party were permitted to again enter the lists as an opponent to his party's nominee.

AS TO THE CANDIDATE WHO WINS IN BOTH PARTIES.

Of course, it is understood that in case the candidate wins his own party nomination, and also by either the endorsement or the "writing in" process, gets the greatest number of votes in some other party, he shall be considered as also nominated by this other party, provided that, in case he secures this nomination by having his name written in, the number of votes so "written in" is as great as the minimum number of nomination papers which would have been required to place his name upon the ballots of such party. § 5, ¶ 8.

A candidate of one party, who is also nominated by another party by having his name "written in," as outlined above, may withdraw as the candidate of this second party, and the vacancy thus created shall not be filled by such party. Neither shall a vacancy be filled which has been created when an endorsed or "written in" candidate fails to secure his own party nomination, and thus, as outlined above, becomes ineligible as the candidate of the party which has endeavored to make him its nominee by endorsing or "writing in" his name. § 25.

AS TO THE CANDIDATE WHO WINS IN HIS OWN PARTY.

As to the second case, however, where a man is sufficiently popular in his own party to win in it the nomination he has sought, must he, by the provisions of subdivision 8, forfeit that nomination providing it transpires, after his friends in another party have sought their party's endorsement of his candidacy, that this other party refuses to bestow such endorsement? § 5, ¶ 8.

That such a technical construction of the law is contrary to its whole intent and spirit becomes at once apparent when it is reflected that, under such construction, the failure of one party to give to the candidate of another party an endorsement in which he has but a passive interest and which he may have done nothing to secure, would not only deprive him of the nomination he has won in his own party, but would also at the same time, on account of the provisions of section 25, *deprive his own party of having any nominee at all*. Even if it could be argued that the candidate should be thus penalized for having consented that another party should attempt to endorse him, it would at least seem contrary to the spirit of the law that his party, which has had nothing to do with his "consent," should be similarly penalized. § 5, ¶ 4.

WHAT THE LAW REALLY PROVIDES.

However, an examination of the law shows that the ineligibility to another party nomination is limited to "a candidate who has *filed nomination papers* as" a candidate for a designated party nomination, and at the primary has been *defeated* for *such* party nomination. This ineligibility requires two things: first, an act by the candidate himself—namely, the filing of his nomination papers for a designated party nomination which he seeks; and second, his defeat for such nomination at the primary by the members of such party. § 5, ¶ 8.

§ 5. ¶ 9.
primary
law of 1911. Such ineligibility—and such only—to other party nominations exists in the present law. Such ineligibility also existed in the law of two years ago. Thus, if a person takes the initiative and seeks a party nomination under the first alternative method provided by the present law, by which he himself appoints his own verification deputies (subdivision 2a of section 5); himself collects and arranges the sections of his nomination paper for filing (subdivision 3 of section 5); and himself *files such paper* (subdivision 8 of section 5); and *then* is defeated at the primary for such nomination—he by such defeat becomes ineligible to any other party or independent nomination.

It is clear, however, that none of these things takes place in the case of a person proposed for endorsement in another party not his own, through the action of a committee of five from such other party (subdivision 2b of section 5). This committee of five being self-constituted and self-appointed, acts for itself and not as agent of the person whose endorsement they propose. He but consents to accept an endorsement if others secure it, and in no way becomes responsible for the filing of nomination papers or for any other act performed toward the securing of such endorsement. Hence the loss of such endorsement fails to come under the inhibition laid down in subdivision 8 of section 5, and should not deprive the candidate of the nomination he has won in his own party.

It is, of course, true that the word "endorsement," as used above in this analysis, does not occur in express terms anywhere in the primary law. But it is none the less true that an endorsement is precisely what will take place when any party nominates the candidate of another party, since no candidate who seeks party nomination will attempt to pose as belonging to two parties, or is apt to come out openly by taking the initiative in attempting to secure the nomination of a party not his own, providing such other party has its own candidates for the office.

CERTIFICATION AND PUBLICATION OF CANDIDATES' NAMES.

§ 10. At least thirty days prior to the August primary election the secretary of state shall certify to the county clerk or registrar of voters of each county the name, address and party of each state, district, congressional or legislative candidate to be voted for in such county, except that all judicial and school offices shall be certified without regard to party (Form 15). The county clerk or registrar shall thereupon publish these names in the same general form (Form 16) as furnished by the secretary of state, and shall add thereto a list of candidates for all county and township offices together with the statement that candidates for all non-partisan offices may be voted for by any elector, whether he has, in registering, declared his party affiliation or not. He shall also designate the location of various polling places where the election will be held, together with the date of the election and the hours of voting. Such publication shall be made once each week for two successive weeks in not more than two newspapers of the county.

ROTATION OF CANDIDATES' NAMES.

§ 12. ¶ 7a. All candidates, except candidates for legislative or county offices, who are to be voted on in more than one assembly district, shall have their names so arranged upon the ballots in the various assembly districts, that no candidate shall have the advantage of any other in the position of his name. For example, each of four candidates for nomination for governor shall have his name placed first in twenty assembly districts, second in twenty others, third in twenty others, and last in the final twenty.

§ 12. ¶ 7c. All candidates for legislative office, including candidates as delegate to the state convention, shall have their names placed upon all ballots in

alphabetical order. All candidates for county office to be voted on through- § 12, § 7b.
out the entire county have their names rotate by supervisorial districts
unless there are more than five assembly districts in the county, in which
case they rotate by assembly districts.

SAMPLE BALLOTS.

Sample ballots shall be sent by mail to all voters not less than five nor § 13.
more than ten days prior to the August primary election. Sample ballots
shall no longer be published by advertisement in newspapers. The sample
ballot to be sent to the various voters shall be in each case the ballot of
the party with which the voter, in registering, has declared himself affili-
ated. To those voters who declared no party affiliation, the sample ballot
sent shall contain only the names of candidates for the non-partisan offices.

THE PRIMARY ELECTION.

As already stated, the manner of preparing the ballots, of voting, and §§ 12-21.
of counting the votes in a primary election, as prescribed in sections 12
to 21 of this law, differs in no essential particular from that of a general
November election. As in the case of the general election, primary elec- § 14.
tion polls are now open from 6 a.m. to 7 p.m., instead of from 6 a.m. to
6 p.m. as formerly.

CANVASS OF VOTES AND RETURNS.

The board of supervisors of each county commence the canvass of votes § 22.
at 1 p.m. of the second day after the election, or as soon thereafter as the
returns are all in. They must complete their canvass by the sixteenth day
after the election. As soon as the results are ascertained, the county clerk
must send a statement of such results to the secretary of state. The secre-
tary of state shall at once compile these results and file a statement of
them in his office. The county clerk shall likewise compile and file a
statement of the results of the election for county and township offices.

CERTIFICATIONS OF NOMINATION.

The board of canvassers shall issue certificates of nomination (*Form* § 23.
17) to the successful candidates for nomination to county and township
offices—the two highest for each office except for a candidate who polls a
majority vote, in which case it is the one highest. The secretary of state
shall likewise issue certificates of nomination to the successful candidates
for nomination to all state, district, congressional and legislative offices
(*Form* 18). The secretary of state shall also, at least thirty days before
the November election, certify to each county clerk or registrar the names
of all state, district, congressional, and legislative nominees to be voted
for at such election by the voters of his county, showing in each case the
name of the political party or parties, if any, by which the candidate has
been nominated, and to what office (*Form* 20).

THE STATE CONVENTION.

In this act is embodied the "Wisconsin plan" for state conventions, a § 24, § 2.
plan which is briefly as follows: All nominees for state officers, if any,
except for judicial and school offices, and all legislative nominees, of each
party participating in the September primary, meet simultaneously in
separate party conventions, at the state capitol, on Tuesday, three weeks
after the primary election. To these are added twenty additional dele-
gates for each party, consisting of one delegate from each hold-over sena-
torial district, who shall have nomination papers circulated in his behalf,
shall have his name placed upon the ballot, and shall be elected and certi-
fied in the same manner as a state senator is nominated.

Each convention shall forthwith formulate its party platform, and all platforms shall be made public at the same time. The wisdom is obvious of having a platform framed by those who, if elected, are to carry out its provisions. Each convention also selects its state central committee, not less than three from each congressional district, and in "presidential years" nominates its presidential electors (*Form 19*).

§ 24.
2a, b, c.

In the event of a vacancy in the state convention of any political party, provision is made for the filling of such vacancies by county central committees, or, in the case of a vacancy caused by lack of a nominee to a state office, by the state central committee.

THE COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

§ 24, ¶ 4.

In the present law the old county convention is done away with; and the selection of the county central committee, which used to be the one function of such convention, is now made by direct election of the members thereof at the August primary election. These candidates for the county central committee are placed upon the ballot by means of nomination papers, and are elected and certified in the same manner as county officers are nominated and certified, except as to the non-partisan feature of such offices—a party central committee being elected for each party.

In all counties containing more than five assembly districts this central committee is chosen by assembly districts, there being elected from each assembly district one member for each thousand or fraction thereof of the party registration as such registration appears on the first Monday of June preceding the election. In all other counties the election is by supervisorial districts and the apportionment is so arranged that the number from each district will vary for each party according to the strength of the party registration for that district as it appears on the first Monday of June. The county central committee in all except the three largest counties of the state will according to these provisions consist of from twenty to twenty-five members for each party, as appears by the following illustration:

Suppose the Democratic registration of a certain county on the first Monday of June is 7,000, composed of 500 Democrats in the first supervisorial district, 3,000 in the second, 1,000 in the third, 800 in the fourth and 2,200 in the fifth. According to this provision of the law, the number in each of these districts is to be divided by one twentieth of the entire Democratic registration for the county, or, in this case, by 350; and the number of committeemen for each district is the integer, or whole number, next larger than the quotient obtained by such division. This would produce, in the illustration here given, two Democratic committeemen in the first district, nine in the second, three in the third, one in the fourth, and seven in the fifth, or twenty-two in all. Similarly for each of the other parties that may desire to select a county central committee.

§ 24, ¶ 4.
and
§ 12, ¶ 7b.

This method of selecting party central committees, as well as the provision already outlined for rotation of candidates' names on the ballot, will, in all but the three largest counties of the state, require a separate and distinct ballot for each supervisorial district of the county.

TIE VOTES AND ELECTION CONTESTS.

§ 26.

Tie votes shall be determined by lot. Any candidate desiring to contest the nomination of any other candidate for the same office may, within five days after the completion of the official canvass, institute proceedings for a contest for the election. The various proceedings of such contest are very fully and carefully worked out in this act, especial pains being taken to so hasten these proceedings as to determine the contest in time for correctly printing the ballots of the November election.

§ 28.

LEGITIMATE ELECTION EXPENSES.

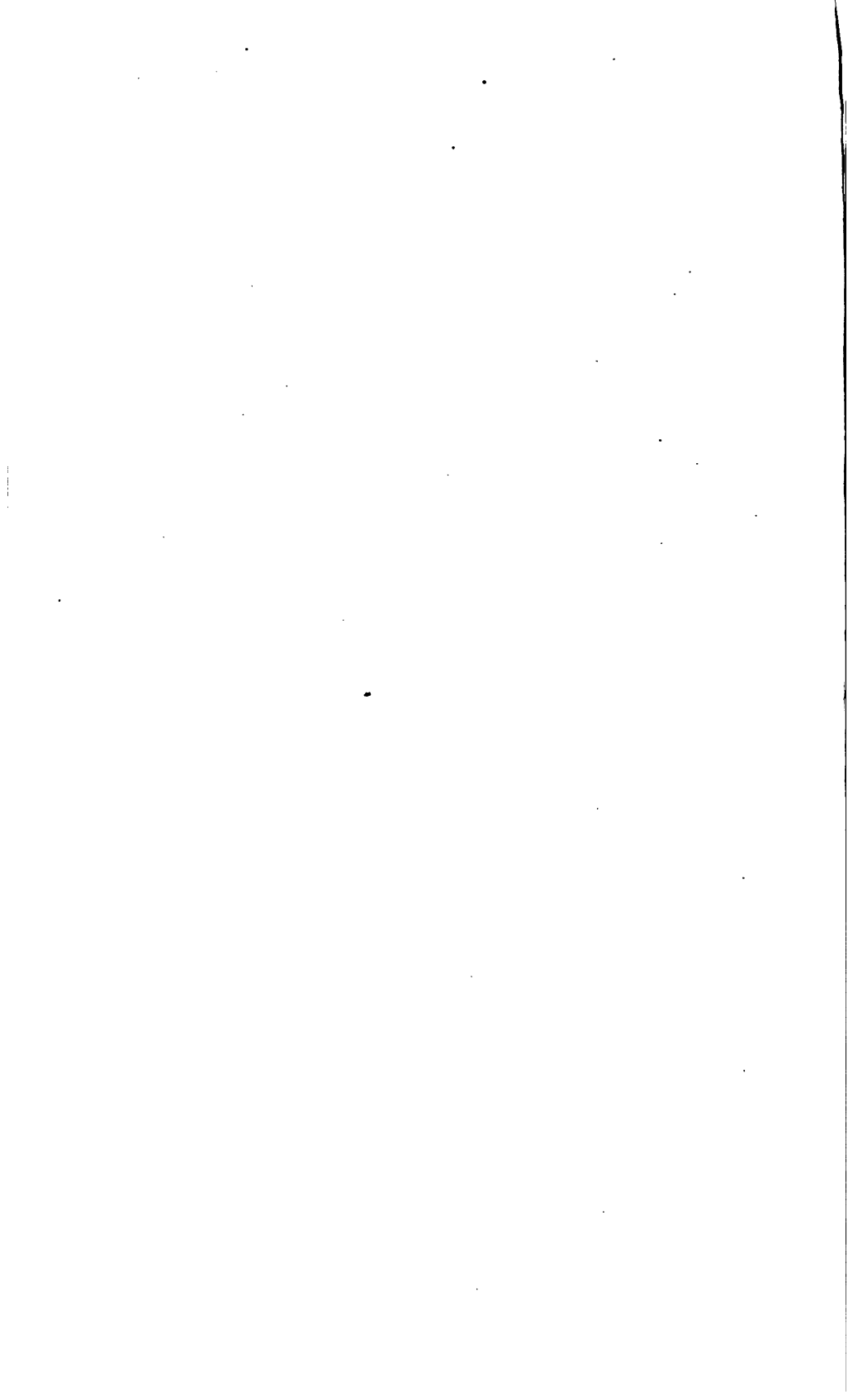
A list of eleven classes of lawful election expenses is provided for in § 29. this act, and no other kind of election or campaigning expenses shall be permitted to candidates. No limit is set on expenditures of the candidate, provided the expenses are all as limited above and are all accounted for and sworn to by the candidate in a detailed statement to be filed within fifteen days after the primary election (*Form 21*).

Such statement shall also state in detail the sources of all moneys § 30. received by the candidate in assisting his candidacy, together with the amount expended by himself. All these statements of receipts and expenditures shall be made a matter of public record.

Any candidate expending money unlawfully, or failing to make a true § 31. and complete statement of his receipts and expenditures, shall not only be guilty of a misdemeanor, but shall forfeit his office, if elected.

REPEAL OF FORMER ACT.

This direct primary law, though an amendment, section by section, of § 36. the primary law of 1911, and consequently in general form much like the preceding act, is nevertheless in many vital features very different from the former law, which law is accordingly expressly repealed by this act. This law is also applicable to certain municipal elections, but these are so infrequent, owing to the express election provisions of most city charters, that no account is taken of them in the foregoing explanation.



STATEMENT OF THE VOTE OF CALIFORNIA.

AT GENERAL ELECTION HELD NOVEMBER 5, 1912.

Counties	Voting precincts in California, 1912	Total vote cast, 1910	Regis- tration, 1912	Total vote cast, 1912.
Alameda	286	35,692	92,835	69,700
Alpine	5	76	105	91
Amador	27	2,144	3,600	2,656
Butte	84	5,991	12,807	9,447
Calaveras	34	2,399	3,997	3,281
Colusa	26	2,096	3,458	2,961
Contra Costa	54	5,741	12,822	8,988
Del Norte	8	794	1,177	906
El Dorado	35	2,081	3,778	2,841
Fresno	142	13,413	30,054	21,748
Glenn	20	1,629	3,672	2,604
Humboldt	69	6,202	13,289	9,033
Imperial	27	226	5,304	3,577
Inyo	28	1,449	2,296	1,720
Kern	86	6,669	13,396	11,597
Kings	28	3,091	5,740	4,186
Lake	19	1,464	2,673	2,286
Lassen	25	1,205	2,040	1,522
Los Angeles	727	68,430	259,115	168,064
Madera	29	1,757	3,613	2,644
Marin	46	4,288	8,190	6,727
Mariposa	21	1,052	1,721	1,274
Mendocino	64	4,748	8,750	6,082
Merced	36	2,907	6,014	4,553
Modoc	23	1,256	2,382	1,837
Mono	8	415	539	400
Monterey	51	4,840	9,846	7,862
Napa	30	4,306	7,926	6,106
Nevada	46	3,302	5,716	4,248
Orange	59	6,447	17,969	11,420
Placer	54	3,501	6,689	4,551
Plumas	23	1,110	2,647	1,896
Riverside	76	6,017	13,770	10,592
Sacramento	105	12,293	29,552	20,056
San Benito	124	1,942	3,735	2,787
San Bernardino	26	9,338	22,617	16,304
San Diego	146	9,481	30,041	22,993
San Francisco	464	59,724	134,688	105,646
San Joaquin	83	8,955	19,978	14,496
San Luis Obispo	43	4,270	7,897	5,906
San Mateo	42	4,983	9,399	7,512
Santa Barbara	60	4,880	10,864	7,637
Santa Clara	132	14,671	34,146	24,209
Santa Cruz	50	4,591	9,428	7,526
Shasta	55	3,844	7,310	4,911
Sierra	21	993	1,514	1,215
Siskiyou	66	3,906	7,503	5,204
Solano	35	6,029	10,873	8,525
Sonoma	91	9,106	20,330	14,990
Stanislaus	54	4,498	11,536	8,276
Sutter	23	1,635	2,909	2,192
Tehama	44	2,583	5,269	3,658
Trinity	24	999	1,580	1,063
Tulare	86	6,667	13,998	10,599
Tuolumne	30	2,508	4,016	2,869
Ventura	32	3,619	6,672	5,109
Yolo	22	3,589	5,560	4,219
Yuba	29	2,102	3,668	2,614
Totals	4,283	393,893	967,368	707,776

**ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE-
REPUBLICAN**

Counties	A. J. Wallace	Charles S. Wheeler	Philip Barrett	Frances Collins Foster	George C. Pardee
Alameda	31,542	31,542	31,530	31,500	31,540
Alpine	36	36	36	36	36
Amador	684	684	683	683	684
Butte	3,365	3,359	3,355	3,360	3,360
Calaveras	750	746	746	745	746
Colusa	810	806	804	806	804
Contra Costa	3,539	3,543	3,534	3,533	3,538
Del Norte	376	376	376	376	376
El Dorado	776	770	768	767	769
Fresno	8,839	8,839	8,823	8,818	8,821
Glenn	906	903	901	898	904
Humboldt	3,609	3,601	3,597	3,600	3,601
Imperial	1,420	1,414	1,416	1,413	1,418
Inyo	431	431	431	431	431
Kern	3,647	3,643	3,635	3,629	3,634
Kings	1,419	1,423	1,420	1,421	1,421
Lake	649	645	645	645	646
Lassen	559	557	556	556	556
Los Angeles	75,593	75,506	75,388	75,387	75,416
Madera	943	936	936	935	937
Marin	2,750	2,744	2,744	2,742	2,750
Mariposa	306	300	302	301	302
Mendocino	2,237	2,233	2,233	2,231	2,232
Merced	1,571	1,568	1,567	1,566	1,572
Modoc	608	610	608	609	610
Mono	106	107	106	107	106
Monterey	3,081	3,072	3,065	3,062	3,074
Napa	2,432	2,430	2,427	2,428	2,431
Nevada	1,381	1,378	1,380	1,378	1,376
Orange	5,143	5,045	5,038	5,038	5,088
Placer	1,913	1,909	1,909	1,908	1,912
Plumas	762	761	759	759	759
Riverside	5,146	5,138	5,131	5,129	5,132
Sacramento	7,534	7,530	7,526	7,524	7,534
San Benito	1,054	1,054	1,053	1,053	1,053
San Bernardino	6,202	6,190	6,184	6,183	6,183
San Diego	7,922	7,906	7,908	7,903	7,913
San Francisco	38,610	38,577	38,573	38,508	38,577
San Joaquin	4,314	4,295	4,288	4,294	4,293
San Luis Obispo	2,373	2,371	2,368	2,368	2,371
San Mateo	2,825	2,820	2,817	2,819	2,821
Santa Barbara	3,395	3,405	3,389	3,395	3,393
Santa Clara	10,868	10,849	10,833	10,836	10,837
Santa Cruz	3,059	3,052	3,050	3,049	3,055
Shasta	1,636	1,638	1,637	1,636	1,640
Sierra	483	483	482	485	484
Siskiyou	1,740	1,734	1,730	1,727	1,731
Solano	3,853	3,372	3,362	3,361	3,368
Sonoma	5,806	5,790	5,781	5,786	5,803
Stanislaus	3,143	3,140	3,138	3,137	3,142
Sutter	846	843	843	842	842
Tehama	1,218	1,217	1,214	1,217	1,218
Trinity	343	342	340	340	340
Tulare	4,283	4,281	4,274	4,276	4,271
Tuolumne	755	751	753	751	754
Ventura	2,055	2,043	2,044	2,045	2,048
Yolo	1,332	1,324	1,320	1,320	1,319
Yuba	1,132	1,131	1,132	1,132	1,135
Totals	283,610	283,193	282,888	282,781	283,057

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

PARTY—Progressive.

Marshall Simonson	Frank R. Dyer	Ralph W. Bull	R. G. Fernald	John F. McLaughlin	M. B. Harris	J. W. Finney	M. A. Lucas
31,529	31,530	31,518	31,520	31,520	31,507	31,511	31,491
36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
684	687	681	683	683	682	681	684
3,355	3,356	3,351	3,355	3,355	3,353	3,348	3,349
745	744	742	742	744	738	744	745
807	804	804	804	806	804	806	805
3,533	3,538	3,531	3,535	3,532	3,531	3,531	3,529
376	376	377	376	376	376	376	376
767	766	767	767	767	766	766	767
8,814	8,806	8,803	8,809	8,812	8,825	8,808	8,808
901	902	899	900	900	900	899	900
3,597	3,597	3,607	3,598	3,597	3,597	3,596	3,596
1,415	1,414	1,413	1,414	1,414	1,413	1,413	1,413
431	431	431	431	431	430	430	430
3,643	3,631	3,633	3,628	3,631	3,633	3,632	3,630
1,419	1,422	1,420	1,419	1,418	1,420	1,419	1,414
644	644	644	644	644	644	644	644
556	557	556	557	556	556	556	556
75,482	75,356	75,355	75,348	75,405	75,318	75,300	75,264
936	935	936	936	936	939	936	936
2,742	2,746	2,745	2,744	2,744	2,745	2,741	2,742
301	301	301	302	301	301	301	301
2,232	2,231	2,229	2,227	2,229	2,231	2,227	2,229
1,567	1,567	1,568	1,568	1,566	1,565	1,565	1,561
608	608	608	608	609	608	608	607
106	106	107	106	106	107	106	106
3,070	3,062	3,061	3,062	3,060	3,064	3,062	3,058
2,431	2,428	2,427	2,427	2,428	2,426	2,425	2,424
1,379	1,375	1,374	1,373	1,373	1,376	1,370	1,374
5,038	5,036	5,010	5,033	5,037	5,037	5,038	5,032
1,908	1,911	1,908	1,910	1,911	1,910	1,913	1,908
758	758	758	759	759	759	758	757
5,126	5,125	5,126	5,126	5,126	5,126	5,127	5,125
7,521	7,520	7,516	7,517	7,522	7,519	7,513	7,510
1,052	1,051	1,051	1,051	1,051	1,051	1,053	1,052
6,184	6,181	6,181	6,184	6,181	6,184	6,185	6,182
7,908	7,906	7,903	7,904	7,904	7,903	7,903	7,916
38,508	38,533	38,497	38,482	38,565	38,498	38,494	38,417
4,289	4,285	4,286	4,286	4,292	4,282	4,277	4,274
2,366	2,366	2,363	2,365	2,365	2,364	2,366	2,360
2,817	2,817	2,813	2,817	2,816	2,815	2,816	2,813
3,394	3,390	3,390	3,406	3,395	3,387	3,389	3,386
10,832	10,829	10,831	10,832	10,848	10,841	10,830	10,831
3,053	3,050	3,051	3,053	3,052	3,051	3,047	3,045
1,636	1,635	1,633	1,635	1,634	1,635	1,636	1,632
483	481	481	480	484	481	488	480
1,729	1,726	1,730	1,727	1,730	1,728	1,727	1,726
3,358	3,356	3,360	3,357	3,360	3,362	3,361	3,347
5,788	5,784	5,789	5,783	5,795	5,789	5,785	5,784
3,139	3,137	3,136	3,134	3,137	3,137	3,139	3,130
842	841	841	842	843	841	842	840
1,217	1,217	1,216	1,216	1,216	1,217	1,213	1,215
341	340	341	340	340	340	341	340
4,275	4,274	4,271	4,273	4,274	4,276	4,271	4,271
749	754	752	750	754	752	752	751
2,046	2,046	2,044	2,045	2,047	2,046	2,044	2,041
1,321	1,323	1,318	1,319	1,319	1,317	1,320	1,316
1,132	1,132	1,133	1,131	1,133	1,132	1,132	1,132
282,910	282,790	282,653	282,676	282,868	282,671	282,594	282,883

**ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE-
DEMOCRATIC**

Counties	Thomas F. Gilman	R. F. De Valle	Clarence F. Lee	T. W. H. Shanahan	P. B. Lynch
Alameda	24,418	24,405	24,396	24,398	24,407
Alpine	34	34	34	34	34
Amador	1,622	1,615	1,618	1,614	1,615
Butte	4,028	4,005	4,010	4,008	4,007
Calaveras	1,869	1,863	1,862	1,861	1,859
Colusa	1,760	1,757	1,758	1,758	1,758
Contra Costa	3,290	3,285	3,282	3,290	3,287
Del Norte	323	324	324	324	324
El Dorado	1,613	1,611	1,610	1,609	1,608
Fresno	8,891	8,853	8,854	8,858	8,851
Glenn	1,325	1,325	1,327	1,326	1,325
Humboldt	2,887	2,878	2,880	2,881	2,880
Imperial	1,295	1,291	1,295	1,291	1,292
Inyo	806	806	806	804	806
Kern	5,569	5,557	5,561	5,553	5,552
Kings	1,967	1,961	1,963	1,963	1,961
Lake	1,118	1,115	1,118	1,117	1,116
Lassen	644	642	643	644	641
Los Angeles	55,110	55,009	54,933	54,939	54,925
Madera	1,154	1,149	1,146	1,148	1,147
Marin	2,849	2,842	2,837	2,840	2,838
Mariposa	689	684	683	683	684
Mendocino	2,507	2,509	2,508	2,509	2,508
Merced	1,978	1,965	1,966	1,965	1,964
Modoc	941	938	938	940	936
Mono	182	182	182	182	182
Monterey	3,392	3,385	3,380	3,381	3,386
Napa	2,662	2,655	2,653	2,652	2,654
Nevada	1,851	1,846	1,843	1,842	1,843
Orange	4,406	4,320	4,316	4,318	4,316
Placer	1,823	1,815	1,817	1,816	1,816
Plumas	742	740	741	740	741
Riverside	2,963	2,962	2,960	2,961	2,959
Sacramento	9,869	9,838	9,833	9,847	9,830
San Benito	1,253	1,250	1,249	1,249	1,249
San Bernardino	5,835	5,825	5,819	5,818	5,814
San Diego	9,731	9,707	9,707	9,712	9,701
San Francisco	48,953	48,805	48,819	48,831	48,833
San Joaquin	7,969	7,940	7,938	7,935	7,938
San Luis Obispo	2,248	2,243	2,242	2,243	2,244
San Mateo	3,246	3,240	3,234	3,240	3,239
Santa Barbara	2,819	2,807	2,796	2,797	2,796
Santa Clara	9,173	9,157	9,161	9,162	9,154
Santa Cruz	2,875	2,865	2,861	2,862	2,861
Shasta	2,040	2,040	2,037	2,027	2,037
Sierra	515	516	515	517	517
Siskiyou	2,465	2,457	2,455	2,457	2,454
Solano	3,650	3,647	3,648	3,645	3,651
Sonoma	6,500	6,486	6,523	6,485	6,484
Stanislaus	3,127	3,096	3,097	3,095	3,094
Sutter	1,063	1,060	1,059	1,058	1,059
Tehama	1,595	1,587	1,588	1,589	1,587
Trinity	461	459	459	459	458
Tulare	4,293	4,280	4,277	4,281	4,278
Tuolumne	1,459	1,449	1,449	1,450	1,449
Ventura	2,108	2,101	2,099	2,099	2,100
Yolo	2,239	2,235	2,234	2,238	2,236
Yuba	1,242	1,233	1,235	1,234	1,231
Totals	283,436	282,651	282,578	282,579	282,516

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.
PARTY.

George M. Coolidge	E. L. Doherty	Mary E. Fox	Joseph S. Tobin	George W. Mordcaid	Stephen J. Sullivan	Mary Boun Tucker	Henry E. Monroe
24,388	24,387	24,382	24,396	24,405	24,421	24,388	24,406
34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
1,615	1,614	1,617	1,616	1,616	1,614	1,615	1,618
3,996	4,003	4,006	4,007	4,006	4,003	4,002	4,009
1,857	1,859	1,862	1,861	1,861	1,860	1,860	1,861
1,758	1,758	1,760	1,759	1,758	1,758	1,758	1,758
3,276	3,276	3,282	3,287	3,283	3,282	3,288	3,286
324	324	324	324	324	324	323	324
1,608	1,609	1,609	1,609	1,610	1,608	1,609	1,611
8,852	8,849	8,844	8,850	8,850	8,850	8,844	8,853
1,325	1,326	1,327	1,326	1,326	1,326	1,325	1,326
2,877	2,879	2,882	2,882	2,882	2,882	2,888	2,883
1,291	1,288	1,287	1,291	1,290	1,288	1,287	1,293
802	803	798	803	803	803	800	804
5,542	5,544	5,543	5,549	5,546	5,551	5,544	5,554
1,961	1,960	1,961	1,961	1,960	1,962	1,961	1,961
1,113	1,112	1,114	1,114	1,114	1,115	1,112	1,116
642	641	641	643	641	642	640	641
54,901	54,944	54,916	54,948	54,882	54,919	54,879	54,981
1,145	1,147	1,146	1,148	1,151	1,147	1,146	1,146
2,833	2,837	2,835	2,838	2,837	2,838	2,834	2,840
683	684	683	683	683	683	683	683
2,506	2,508	2,506	2,509	2,508	2,509	2,509	2,509
1,960	1,964	1,964	1,964	1,965	1,963	1,964	1,963
935	938	937	938	939	937	937	940
181	182	182	182	182	182	182	182
3,380	3,381	3,381	3,384	3,380	3,385	3,378	3,385
2,652	2,651	2,654	2,653	2,653	2,652	2,653	2,653
1,841	1,841	1,843	1,843	1,842	1,842	1,841	1,844
4,318	4,315	4,312	4,315	4,316	4,319	4,313	4,318
1,817	1,814	1,817	1,819	1,819	1,818	1,817	1,819
739	739	740	740	740	740	740	739
2,959	2,958	2,958	2,958	2,958	2,960	2,959	2,959
9,820	9,822	9,816	9,820	9,823	9,828	9,824	9,831
1,247	1,247	1,248	1,248	1,248	1,248	1,248	1,248
5,828	5,814	5,820	5,818	5,816	5,819	5,819	5,816
9,697	9,698	9,698	9,701	9,697	9,705	9,692	9,708
48,711	48,747	48,678	48,850	48,746	48,771	48,703	48,824
7,924	7,928	7,931	7,931	7,932	7,930	7,932	7,937
2,246	2,245	2,244	2,246	2,247	2,246	2,244	2,244
3,234	3,233	3,232	3,241	3,236	3,238	3,236	3,236
2,784	2,789	2,795	2,797	2,791	2,792	2,790	2,793
9,153	9,156	9,153	9,154	9,155	9,154	9,151	9,156
2,857	2,856	2,851	2,859	2,856	2,858	2,850	2,859
2,039	2,037	2,039	2,038	2,039	2,039	2,036	2,038
510	513	517	517	516	516	516	516
2,452	2,453	2,453	2,456	2,453	2,453	2,451	2,455
3,642	3,643	3,645	3,647	3,643	3,645	3,645	3,647
6,478	6,481	6,477	6,484	6,481	6,482	6,485	6,486
3,089	3,091	3,086	3,091	3,092	3,095	3,093	3,095
1,057	1,058	1,057	1,059	1,058	1,057	1,056	1,058
1,579	1,584	1,586	1,586	1,585	1,586	1,584	1,586
458	457	460	459	458	459	459	459
4,275	4,274	4,273	4,278	4,272	4,277	4,272	4,274
1,443	1,446	1,445	1,447	1,448	1,446	1,448	1,449
2,102	2,099	2,099	2,100	2,098	2,100	2,098	2,104
2,232	2,237	2,239	2,236	2,238	2,237	2,236	2,241
1,230	1,232	1,233	1,233	1,233	1,234	1,234	1,235
282,196	282,309	282,213	282,530	282,325	282,432	282,215	282,594

**ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE-
SOCIALIST**

Counties	W. M. Boyd	H. F. Whitler	Dr. A. H. Briggs	Jennie Beam	Booe Walker
Alameda	9,332	9,307	9,306	9,293	9,302
Alpine	2	2	2	2	2
Amador	135	133	132	134	132
Butte	930	927	927	926	924
Calaveras	399	397	397	397	397
Colusa	111	112	112	112	112
Contra Costa	1,300	1,288	1,291	1,285	1,285
Del Norte	104	103	103	103	103
El Dorado	278	277	275	277	277
Fresno	2,278	2,274	2,277	2,275	2,277
Glenn	126	125	126	125	125
Humboldt	1,781	1,773	1,769	1,772	1,773
Imperial	446	444	444	443	444
Inyo	305	301	302	301	302
Kern	1,300	1,295	1,294	1,293	1,292
Kings	406	404	404	402	402
Lake	266	263	263	262	262
Lassen	148	147	148	148	148
Los Angeles	19,895	19,803	19,809	19,779	19,790
Madera	226	226	225	225	225
Marin	733	730	732	728	730
Mariposa	138	138	138	139	138
Mendocino	752	745	747	746	747
Merced	441	440	443	440	438
Modoc	119	119	118	118	118
Mono	67	67	67	67	67
Monterey	557	555	555	555	556
Napa	478	477	477	475	475
Nevada	648	645	645	647	648
Orange	896	893	894	893	893
Placer	481	480	482	479	478
Plumas	236	235	234	234	232
Riverside	1,036	1,033	1,033	1,029	1,032
Sacramento	1,553	1,543	1,556	1,538	1,541
San Benito	179	179	180	179	179
San Bernardino	1,901	1,887	1,888	1,887	1,882
San Diego	2,373	2,367	2,364	2,364	2,365
San Francisco	12,354	12,279	12,300	12,269	12,271
San Joaquin	995	990	992	990	990
San Luis Obispo	704	702	707	702	705
San Mateo	827	817	815	814	817
Santa Barbara	619	623	620	617	617
Santa Clara	2,068	2,068	2,063	2,062	2,061
Santa Cruz	892	890	889	889	887
Shasta	933	935	935	933	933
Sierra	133	132	132	133	133
Siskiyou	633	629	628	625	629
Solano	781	781	781	779	776
Sonoma	1,494	1,485	1,486	1,483	1,486
Stanislaus	749	747	746	744	743
Sutter	79	79	78	79	79
Tehama	388	388	387	388	387
Trinity	182	182	182	182	182
Tulare	1,233	1,227	1,228	1,225	1,227
Tuolumne	363	365	364	363	365
Ventura	426	425	424	423	424
Yolo	301	303	303	299	300
Yuba	186	186	186	186	186
Totals	79,201	78,867	78,905	78,757	78,791

STATEMENT OF VOTE.

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PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.
PARTY.

James Andrew -----	Ida Kinney -----	H. J. Dady -----	T. W. Williams -----	Job Hartman -----	J. R. Cochran -----	Edith Lynn -----	Mary Garrett -----
9,302	9,289	9,308	9,309	9,298	9,288	9,282	9,266
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
133	132	133	132	133	133	134	131
924	924	924	927	926	926	923	922
397	397	397	398	397	397	397	397
112	111	112	113	111	111	111	110
1,287	1,284	1,283	1,285	1,285	1,282	1,282	1,280
103	104	103	103	103	103	103	103
277	277	277	277	277	275	278	277
2,272	2,274	2,273	2,273	2,273	2,272	2,274	2,277
125	123	123	123	123	123	123	123
1,772	1,772	1,769	1,773	1,771	1,771	1,772	1,768
443	442	443	445	445	444	441	444
302	302	302	301	302	302	301	301
1,293	1,294	1,296	1,298	1,296	1,294	1,293	1,292
404	403	403	405	403	402	403	403
263	262	263	263	263	263	262	262
147	148	147	147	148	147	147	147
19,804	19,782	19,778	19,824	19,906	19,781	19,831	19,794
225	225	225	225	225	225	225	225
731	728	730	733	731	731	731	729
138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138
746	748	747	747	748	748	748	748
437	438	439	438	438	437	437	438
119	118	118	118	118	118	118	118
67	67	69	67	67	69	67	69
556	558	556	560	558	556	557	558
476	475	476	477	476	477	475	472
644	645	644	647	643	642	643	644
893	891	891	891	896	891	891	873
477	478	477	481	479	477	478	477
234	234	234	234	234	234	235	234
1,033	1,031	1,031	1,034	1,036	1,032	1,030	1,030
1,544	1,534	1,536	1,541	1,537	1,534	1,529	1,533
179	179	179	181	180	180	180	179
1,884	1,885	1,883	1,883	1,887	1,884	1,881	1,882
2,864	2,867	2,864	2,861	2,869	2,859	2,857	2,859
12,277	12,258	12,259	12,271	12,271	12,250	12,198	12,184
994	989	991	993	993	992	990	990
703	703	701	705	704	700	702	701
817	816	817	816	818	816	814	815
618	616	615	617	618	618	615	614
2,064	2,059	2,060	2,063	2,062	2,060	2,060	2,059
887	885	887	890	891	887	889	889
932	933	935	934	934	934	934	934
132	133	131	131	131	131	132	132
626	625	627	625	624	624	624	626
778	779	779	783	777	776	777	775
1,484	1,486	1,487	1,485	1,482	1,484	1,484	1,482
746	742	743	742	742	742	739	738
78	78	79	78	78	78	79	78
387	388	387	389	387	387	388	387
182	182	182	182	181	183	183	183
1,226	1,224	1,224	1,226	1,221	1,224	1,226	1,225
363	366	364	365	367	364	365	367
425	424	424	424	425	424	424	425
299	302	299	301	301	301	301	299
186	186	186	186	186	186	186	186
78,813	78,735	78,740	78,860	78,910	78,709	78,689	78,534

ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE

PROHIBITION

Counties	Annie E. K. Bidwell	Frank Willard Emerson	Ellsworth L. Rich	William F. Prescott	Edward F. Van Vleet
Alameda	1,160	1,159	1,150	1,146	1,149
Alpine					
Amador	57	55	55	54	55
Butte	489	456	454	453	453
Oalaveras	66	64	64	64	65
Oolusa	84	82	80	81	82
Contra Costa	181	179	178	178	177
Del Norte	40	40	40	40	40
El Dorado	49	49	48	48	49
Fresno	590	585	581	583	581
Glenn	67	62	63	62	61
Humboldt	177	169	172	173	169
Imperial	193	194	193	193	192
Inyo	77	77	77	78	77
Kern	182	186	184	183	183
Kings	156	156	157	158	157
Lake	123	123	123	124	124
Lassen	34	34	34	35	34
Los Angeles	8,190	8,112	8,089	8,068	8,067
Madera	89	87	87	86	87
Marin	68	67	66	68	66
Mariposa	17	17	17	17	17
Mendocino	141	141	141	145	141
Merced	228	225	223	223	222
Modoc	45	46	45	46	46
Mono	11	11	11	11	12
Monterey	301	302	299	299	300
Napa	126	127	126	127	126
Nevada	111	106	107	104	105
Orange	852	848	850	848	848
Placer	125	120	121	121	119
Plumas	30	26	27	26	27
Riverside	834	834	833	829	830
Sacramento	213	202	202	197	200
San Benito	74	73	73	74	73
San Bernardino	1,233	1,222	1,218	1,219	1,217
San Diego	1,189	1,135	1,134	1,129	1,129
San Francisco	1,158	1,151	1,124	1,122	1,119
San Joaquin	426	420	419	421	421
San Luis Obispo	214	214	211	214	210
San Mateo	80	77	76	75	74
Santa Barbara	357	357	356	356	355
Santa Clara	824	823	821	818	817
Santa Cruz	323	321	320	316	315
Shasta	54	54	53	53	53
Sierra	13	12	12	13	12
Siskiyou	104	100	100	101	99
Solano	169	166	165	168	164
Sonoma	367	365	362	360	359
Stanislaus	864	862	858	859	858
Sutter	65	66	67	66	66
Tehama	168	161	164	161	161
Trinity	9	9	9	9	9
Tulare	265	264	265	264	264
Tuolumne	38	38	38	38	38
Ventura	169	171	169	170	170
Yolo	113	110	110	114	112
Yuba	34	32	32	32	32
Totals	23,366	23,144	23,053	23,040	22,988

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

PARTY.

Byron H. Padlock	Frederick Head	Simon P. Meach	Thomas K. Beard	Henry French	Stephen H. Taft	Lucy B. Blanchard	Stella B. Irvine
1,187	1,143	1,148	1,141	1,142	1,164	1,142	1,142
54	57	55	55	55	56	53	55
454	455	454	454	453	458	454	453
64	64	64	65	64	68	64	65
80	80	80	79	80	81	80	79
178	176	178	178	177	187	178	178
40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
48	48	48	48	49	50	48	48
582	582	580	581	582	585	587	588
61	61	61	61	61	62	60	60
169	169	169	169	169	176	172	171
192	192	192	191	190	195	191	191
77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77
182	182	183	182	183	185	184	183
158	157	157	157	157	159	158	159
123	123	124	123	123	124	123	123
35	34	36	34	34	35	34	35
8,067	8,063	8,064	8,077	8,093	8,128	8,138	8,068
86	85	86	85	85	88	85	85
67	66	68	66	66	70	68	67
17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
141	141	141	141	141	145	140	142
223	223	222	222	222	227	224	224
45	45	45	45	45	47	45	45
11	11	12	11	11	11	12	11
301	299	300	299	300	304	300	303
126	126	127	126	127	129	126	126
106	105	105	104	106	109	105	104
847	848	847	847	847	849	851	849
120	120	119	120	120	120	120	119
26	26	27	26	26	27	26	26
829	831	829	831	832	838	830	834
200	199	198	204	199	205	199	199
73	73	73	74	73	76	73	74
1,218	1,219	1,218	1,218	1,219	1,226	1,219	1,221
1,130	1,128	1,132	1,127	1,132	1,133	1,131	1,131
1,117	1,129	1,113	1,101	1,112	1,156	1,102	1,101
419	416	419	416	418	419	417	417
211	211	211	210	213	214	210	213
75	75	74	75	74	82	77	74
356	355	354	359	356	358	353	354
818	815	818	815	823	831	821	814
316	317	315	316	316	320	316	315
53	53	53	53	54	55	54	53
12	13	12	12	12	13	14	14
100	102	100	101	99	104	98	98
165	165	164	165	164	173	167	169
357	362	359	363	357	364	358	357
858	858	858	872	858	866	853	861
66	67	66	67	66	69	67	66
161	161	161	160	158	160	161	160
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
265	264	264	264	264	266	264	265
38	38	38	38	38	39	38	38
171	170	169	168	170	173	171	170
110	113	112	110	111	111	110	112
32	32	32	32	32	32	33	32
22,995	23,010	22,997	22,983	23,001	23,265	23,052	23,004

*Scattering—Los Angeles, 3; Napa, 21.

DIRECT PRIMARY LAW.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

First Congressional District.

Counties	Edward H. Hart (Republican)	William Kent (Progressive)	I. G. Zimwalt (Democrat)	Joseph Breckden (Socialist)	Scattering
Del Norte	143	354	228	66	
Humboldt	1,495	3,264	2,128	1,506	
Mendocino	1,268	1,802	1,857	542	
Glenn	412	739	1,141	82	
Butte	1,566	2,799	3,169	704	
Lake	321	635	866	194	2
Colusa	347	926	1,408	64	
Yuba	373	968	1,062	129	
Sutter	515	585	845	51	
Sonoma	2,554	5,313	4,718	1,088	
Marin	1,591	2,956	1,334	466	
Totals	10,585	20,341	18,756	4,892	2

Second Congressional District.

Counties	Frank M. Rutherford (Republican)	John E. Baker (Democrat)	J. G. Williams (Socialist)	Scattering
Modoc	230	1,368	70	
Siskiyou	1,122	2,858	481	1
Trinity	206	620	123	
Shasta	892	2,753	628	
Lassen	176	1,096	82	
Tehama	725	2,115	291	1
Plumas	372	1,147	180	
Sierra	363	606	104	
Nevada	1,656	1,782	475	
Placer	1,433	2,184	383	
El Dorado	655	1,611	225	
Amador	696	1,392	122	
Calaveras	719	1,766	302	
Alpine	30	51	1	
Tuolumne	618	1,445	267	
Mariposa	285	673	84	
Totals	10,178	23,467	3,818	2

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—Continued.

Third Congressional District.

Counties	C. F. Curry (Republican) -----	Gilbert McMillan Rosa (Democrat) -----	William L. Wilson (Socialist) -----	Scattering -----
Yolo -----	1,666	1,449	430	2
Napa -----	3,020	1,446	551	2
Sacramento -----	12,056	3,546	1,883	
Solano -----	4,287	1,977	960	
Contra Costa -----	4,141	1,788	1,440	
San Joaquin -----	5,890	4,991	1,258	
Totals -----	31,060	15,197	6,522	4

Fourth Congressional District.

Counties	Julius Kahn (Republican) -----	Bert Schleinger (Democrat) -----	Norman W. Pend- ton (Socialist) -----	Scattering -----
San Francisco -----	25,515	14,884	5,090	2
Totals -----	25,515	14,884	5,090	2

Fifth Congressional District.

Counties	John I. Nolan (Republican) -----	Stephen V. Costello (Democrat) -----	E. L. Baglin (Socialist) -----
San Francisco -----	27,902	18,516	6,962
Totals -----	27,902	18,516	6,962

Sixth Congressional District.

Counties	Joseph R. Knowland (Republican) -----	Hiram A. Lathrel (Democrat) -----	J. Sitt Wilson (Socialist) -----
Alameda -----	35,219	4,135	26,234
Totals -----	35,219	4,135	26,234

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—Continued.

Seventh Congressional District.

Counties	James Carson Needham (Republican)	Dwight E. Church (Democrat)	J. B. Gato (Socialist)	Scattering
Stanislaus -----	3,375	2,649	970	1
Merced -----	1,482	1,835	485	2
Madera -----	573	1,446	213	3
Fresno -----	8,064	8,657	2,516	1
Kings -----	1,810	1,478	364	1
Tulare -----	4,048	3,680	1,315	1
Kern -----	3,652	4,007	1,308	7
Totals -----	22,994	23,752	7,171	

Eighth Congressional District.

Counties	Everett A. Hayes (Republican)	James B. Holahan (Democrat)	Robert Whitaker (Socialist)	Scattering
San Mateo -----	3,324	2,294	839	13
Santa Cruz -----	2,664	2,955	1,091	11
Santa Clara -----	11,708	6,610	3,146	
San Benito -----	967	1,061	263	
Monterey -----	3,271	2,709	781	1
San Luis Obispo -----	2,355	1,688	796	7
Santa Barbara -----	3,409	1,851	737	
Ventura -----	2,173	1,432	472	
Totals -----	29,861	20,620	8,125	32

Ninth Congressional District.

Counties	Charles W. Bell (Republican)	Thomas H. Kirk (Democrat)	Ralph L. Clavell (Socialist)	George S. Yarnall (Prohibition)	Scattering
Los Angeles -----	28,845	14,571	11,123	6,510	73
Totals -----	28,845	14,571	11,123	6,510	73

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—Continued.

Tenth Congressional District.

Counties	William D. Stephens (Republican)	George Hinge (Democrat)	Fred G. Wheeler (Socialist)	Emory D. Martin- dale (Prohibition)	Scattering
Los Angeles -----	43,637	17,890	17,126	2,995	14
Totals -----	43,637	17,890	17,126	2,995	14

Eleventh Congressional District.

Counties	Samuel G. Evans (Republican)	William Kettner (Democrat)	Noble Asa Richard- son (Socialist)	Helen M. Shoddard (Prohibition)
San Bernardino -----	5,294	4,541	2,119	1,323
Mono -----	169	93	47	16
Inyo -----	465	694	259	41
Riverside -----	5,649	2,158	1,019	705
Orange -----	4,443	3,320	896	1,110
San Diego -----	4,426	12,759	2,355	1,327
Imperial -----	980	1,257	364	320
Totals -----	21,426	24,822	7,059	4,842

SUPERIOR JUDGES.

Alameda County.		Riverside County.	
(Two to be elected.)		(One to be elected.)	
William H. Donahue.....	38,593	F. E. Densmore.....	5,976
F. B. Ogden.....	45,825	T. S. Nightingale.....	3,163
James P. Montgomery.....	16,069	Scattering	2
Robert M. Royce.....	12,766		
Fresno County.		San Bernardino County.	
(Two to be elected.)		(One to be elected.)	
H. Z. Austin.....	11,874	Benj. F. Bledsoe.....	5,343
Herbert F. Briggs.....	7,973	Scattering	12
Geo. E. Church.....	8,163		
Geo. L. Warlow.....	8,062	San Diego County.	
Scattering	2	(One to be elected.)	
Kings County.		Albert Schoonover	8,885
(One to be elected.)		W. A. Sloane.....	10,530
M. L. Short.....	2,969	Scattering	119
H. S. Hampton.....	16		
Los Angeles County.		San Francisco County.	
(Five to be elected.)		(Four to be elected.)	
James O. Rives.....	111,389	James V. Coffey.....	66,763
Paul J. McCormick.....	109,463	Daniel C. Deasy.....	37,706
Charles Wellborn	94,427	Thomas F. Graham.....	71,443
Frederick W. Houser.....	89,708	Wm. P. Lawlor.....	54,980
John N. York.....	76,595	Edmund P. Mogan.....	60,968
J. W. Summerfield.....	57,672	Emil Pohl.....	6,160
G. Ray Horton.....	55,136	Edward P. Shortall.....	54,310
George H. Hutton.....	35,171	Lucy Goode White.....	12,584
William Frederickson	21,454		
Fred H. Taft.....	13,220	San Joaquin County.	
Scattering	1,888	(One to be elected.)	
Marin County.		O. W. Norton.....	10,307
(One to be elected.)		Scattering	14
<i>Unexpired term—</i>			
Edgar T. Zook.....	5,323	Shasta County.	
Madera County.		(One to be elected.)	
(One to be elected.)		J. E. Barber.....	3,621
W. M. Conley.....	1,782	J. G. Estep.....	30
A. W. Frederick.....	116		
Scattering	16	Tulare County.	
Modoc County.		(One to be elected.)	
(One to be elected.)		J. A. Allen.....	5,482
<i>Unexpired term—</i>		Alfred Daggert	3,230
Clarence A. Raker.....	1,450	L. N. Atwood.....	119
Scattering	25	Scattering	3

FOR SENATORS.

First Senatorial District—					
	Del Norte.	Humboldt.	Trinity.	Tehama.	Total.
William Kehoe (Republican).....	258	3,628	324	854	5,064
H. P. Andrews (Democrat).....	356	2,392	322	1,831	4,901
E. W. Welden (Socialist).....	91	1,738	167	333	2,329
Scattering		5			5
William Kehoe's plurality, 163.					

Third Senatorial District—					
	Plumas.	Sierra.	Nevada.	Placer.	El Dorado.
E. S. Birdsell (Republican).....	852	537	1,774	2,149	991
John A. Livingston (Democrat)....	431	344	1,109	1,425	1,074
A. M. Clark (Socialist).....	233	150	743	437	270
E. S. Birdsell's majority, 87.					

Fifth Senatorial District—					
				Napa.	Solano.
B. F. Rush (Republican).....				2,444	3,804
Joseph Walsh (Democrat).....				2,137	2,717
Alonzo Smith Knight (Socialist).....				442	819
B. F. Rush's majority, 133.					

Seventh Senatorial District—					
					Sacramento.
O. G. Hopkins (Republican).....					6,966
P. C. Cohn (Democrat).....					9,162
Andrew Johnson (Socialist).....					1,610
P. C. Cohn's majority, 586.					

Ninth Senatorial District—					
				Marin.	Contra Costa.
Sumner Crosby (Republican).....				2,433	2,836
James O. Owens (Democrat).....				2,799	3,892
R. Leonhart (Socialist).....				854	1,008
J. C. Owens' plurality, 1,422.					

Eleventh Senatorial District—					
				San Mateo.	San Benito.
William R. Flint (Republican).....				3,506	1,363
John H. Leonard (Democrat).....				1,924	900
Ralph H. Smith (Socialist).....				841	227
Scattering					1
William R. Flint's majority, 998.					

Thirteenth Senatorial District—					
					Alameda.
Edw. K. Strobridge (Republican).....					5,529
Benjamin F. Mason (Democrat).....					2,062
O. A. Tobey (Socialist).....					1,858
Edw. K. Strobridge's majority, 1,639.					

Fifteenth Senatorial District—					
					Alameda.
A. H. Breed (Republican).....					14,309
Richard B. Bell (Democrat).....					5,356
Harold French (Socialist).....					3,805
A. H. Breed's majority, 5,148.					

Seventeenth Senatorial District—					
				Monterey.	San Luis Obispo.
Alonzo E. Bunker (Republican).....				2,563	1,439
A. E. Campbell (Democrat).....				3,656	3,234
A. M. Rayl (Socialist).....				510	533
A. E. Campbell's majority, 1,845.					

Nineteenth Senatorial District—					
					San Francisco.
Edward I. Wolfe (Republican).....					5,499
Edwin E. Grant (Democrat).....					5,594
W. S. Vanderburgh (Socialist).....					574
Scattering					1
Grant's plurality, 95.					

Twenty-first Senatorial District—					
					San Francisco.
Fred C. Gerdes (Republican).....					8,833
Joseph J. McShane (Democrat).....					5,857
Emil Liess (Socialist).....					2,737
Fred C. Gerdes' majority, 239.					

SENATORS—Continued.

Twenty-third Senatorial District—				San Francisco.
Thos. F. Finn (Republican).....				4,420
James H. Ferren (Democrat).....				1,696
Rollar Allen (Socialist).....				1,510
Scattering				32
Thos. F. Finn's majority, 1,214.				
Twenty-fifth Senatorial District—				
	Ventura.	Santa Barbara.	Total.	
D. W. Mott (Republican).....	2,258	2,635	4,893	
B. F. Thomas (Democrat).....	1,548	2,969	4,517	
Mina Dominguez (Socialist).....	425	645	1,070	
Scattering			2	
D. W. Mott's plurality, 376.				
Twenty-seventh Senatorial District—				Santa Clara.
Frank H. Benson (Republican).....				6,045
William Edgar (Democrat).....				3,532
W. W. Dunham (Socialist).....				1,168
Scattering				3
Frank H. Benson's majority, 1,342.				
Twenty-ninth Senatorial District—				Los Angeles.
Henry H. Lyon (Republican).....				4,168
Stephen Monteleone (Democrat).....				2,159
Carl K. Broneer (Socialist).....				3,697
Scattering				9
Henry H. Lyon's plurality, 471.				
Thirty-first Senatorial District—				Los Angeles.
Edwin M. Butler (Republican).....				10,138
Joseph K. Tuttle (Democrat).....				5,199
William Francis Ireland (Socialist).....				4,674
Daniel B. Koenig (Prohibitionist).....				965
Scattering				21
Edwin M. Butler's plurality, 471.				
Thirty-third Senatorial District—				Los Angeles.
Prescott F. Cogswell (Republican).....				8,355
Frank D. Firey (Democrat).....				5,165
J. B. Rutherford (Socialist).....				1,707
Loring A. Pickering (Prohibitionist).....				2,727
Scattering				10
Prescott F. Cogswell's plurality, 3,190.				
Thirty-fifth Senatorial District—				Los Angeles.
Newton W. Thompson (Republican).....				7,570
Phillip F. Dodson (Democrat).....				5,140
Harry J. L. Atwood (Socialist).....				4,957
Scattering				35
Newton W. Thompson's plurality, 2,430.				
Thirty-sixth Senatorial District—				Los Angeles.
William J. Carr (Independent).....				11,139
P. H. Quinn (Independent).....				3,720
Scattering				48
William J. Carr's majority, 7,371.				
Thirty-seventh Senatorial District—				Los Angeles.
William E. Brown (Republican).....				9,014
Herbert T. Muzzy (Democrat).....				5,014
James R. Townsend (Socialist).....				3,096
Scattering				7
William E. Brown's majority, 897.				
Thirty-ninth Senatorial District—				
	Riverside.	Orange.	Imperial.	Total.
John N. Anderson (Republican).....	5,045	4,613	1,141	10,799
Louis Paul Hart (Democrat).....	2,078	3,420	966	6,484
George Bauer (Socialist).....	1,015	902	401	2,318
F. D. Ashleigh (Prohibitionist).....	829	942	235	2,006
Scattering			4	4
John N. Anderson's plurality, 4,315.				

FOR MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

First Assembly District—

	Del Norte.	Siskiyou.	Total.
L. F. Ooburn (Republican).....	344	1,453	1,797
William B. Shearer (Democrat).....	272	2,201	2,473
Otto L. Haese (Socialist).....	86	813	899
Scattering		2	2

Ooburn's majority, 676.

Second Assembly District—

	Humboldt.
H. O. Nelson (Republican).....	3,715
W. F. Harris (Democrat).....	1,860
George Keeling (Socialist).....	2,555
Scattering	1

Nelson's majority, 1,160.

Third Assembly District—

	Shasta.	Trinity.	Total.
O. William White (Republican).....	1,754	469	2,223
Timothy D. Goodman (Democrat).....	1,562	301	1,863
D. N. Cunningham (Socialist).....	846	161	1,007

White's plurality, 360.

Fourth Assembly District—

	Plumas.	Lassen.	Modoc.	Sierra.	Total.
A. F. Shartel (Republican).....	597	541	736	459	2,333
H. D. Semans (Democrat).....	698	476	673	359	2,206
O. M. Goodhue (Socialist).....	251	142	94	134	621
Scattering			1		1

Shartel's plurality, 127.

Fifth Assembly District—

	Tehama.	Glenn.	Colusa.	Total.
James King Kendrick (Republican).....	910	879	737	2,526
Harry Polsley (Democrat).....	1,585	1,154	1,471	4,210
F. A. Hersey (Socialist).....	346	118	114	578
Scattering			1	1

Polsley's majority, 1,105.

Sixth Assembly District—

	Maricopa.
Horace Fremont Milliken (Republican).....	1,860
T. J. Weldon (Democrat).....	2,434
E. S. Scott (Socialist).....	1,167
Scattering	2

Weldon's plurality, 574.

Seventh Assembly District—

	Butte.
G. O. Miller (Republican).....	2,479
John H. Guill, Jr. (Democrat).....	3,499
A. O. Mastellar (Socialist).....	868
William J. Van Orsdel (Prohibitionist).....	662

Guill's plurality, 1,020.

Eighth Assembly District—

	Yuba.	Sutter.	Yolo.	Total.
J. A. Murray (Republican).....	1,004	871	1,634	3,509
Lawrence H. Wilson (Democrat).....	945	746	1,602	3,293
August Dahler (Socialist).....	172	83	400	655

Murray's plurality, 216.

Ninth Assembly District—

	Nevada.	Placer.	Total.
Edwin O. Gaylord (Republican).....	1,192	1,819	3,011
George B. Finnegan (Democrat).....	2,074	1,554	3,628
Geo. Heffner (Socialist).....	446	496	942

Finnegan's plurality, 617.

Tenth Assembly District—

	Solano.
Walter S. Thompson (Republican).....	2,131
W. S. Killingsworth, Sr. (Democrat).....	3,027
Conrad Rump (Socialist).....	727
O. J. Uhl (Independent).....	1,729

Killingsworth's plurality, 896.

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Eleventh Assembly District—					Napa.	Lake.	Total.		
Wallace Rutherford (Republican)-----					2,057	695	2,752		
James M. Palmer (Democrat)-----					2,862	814	3,676		
James Mason (Socialist)-----					348	224	572		
Scattering-----						2	2		
Palmer's majority, 350.									
Twelfth Assembly District—							Sonoma.		
James W. Hamilton (Republican)-----							2,358		
G. W. Libby (Democrat)-----							3,269		
Richard Corbett (Socialist)-----							721		
Libby's majority, 411.									
Thirteenth Assembly District—							Sonoma.		
Lucien E. Fulwider (Republican)-----							2,246		
H. W. Slater (Democrat)-----							3,741		
Niles F. Spencer (Socialist)-----							564		
Scattering-----							5		
Slater's majority, 926.									
Fourteenth Assembly District—							Sacramento.		
J. M. Inman (Republican)-----							4,373		
D. E. Wiley (Democrat)-----							3,052		
Howard Nealy Mitchell (Socialist)-----							871		
Inman's majority, 450.									
Fifteenth Assembly District—							Sacramento.		
J. Fontaine Johnson (Republican)-----							3,592		
Hugh B. Bradford (Democrat)-----							4,135		
Herman Schoech (Socialist)-----							675		
Bradford's plurality, 543.									
Sixteenth Assembly District—					Amador.	El Dorado.	Alpine.	Calaveras.	Total.
F. G. Stevenot (Republican)-----					743	779	54	1,125	2,701
Will A. Dower (Democrat)-----					1,350	1,171	29	1,657	4,207
D. W. Thorne (Socialist)-----					144	275	2	206	627
Scattering-----								1	1
Dower's majority, 878.									
Seventeenth Assembly District—								Marin.	
Charles W. Byrnes (Republican)-----								3,267	
T. S. Malone (Democrat)-----								992	
O. O. Edwards (Socialist)-----								1,621	
Byrnes' majority, 654.									
Eighteenth Assembly District—								Contra Costa.	
T. D. Johnston (Republican)-----								3,694	
Edw. M. Hasey (Democrat)-----								2,198	
John Dahlstrom (Socialist)-----								1,336	
Johnston's majority, 160.									
Nineteenth Assembly District—								San Joaquin.	
Elisha R. Lawrence (Republican)-----								1,517	
J. W. Stuckenbruck (Democrat)-----								4,029	
M. H. Steely (Socialist)-----								525	
Stuckenbruck's majority, 1,987.									
Twentieth Assembly District—								San Joaquin.	
E. H. McGowen (Republican)-----								2,616	
W. O. Wall (Democrat)-----								3,257	
R. A. Hawley (Socialist)-----								432	
Wall's majority, 209.									
Twenty-first Assembly District—								San Francisco.	
Walter A. McDonald (Republican)-----								2,896	
James W. Farrell (Democrat)-----								1,491	
Isaac Sturza (Socialist)-----								1,030	
McDonald's majority, 375.									
Twenty-second Assembly District—								San Francisco.	
William P. Kennedy (Republican)-----								1,495	
John J. Ford, Jr. (Democrat)-----								1,680	
Carl F. Loschenkohl (Socialist)-----								609	
Ford's plurality, 185.									

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Twenty-third Assembly District—		San Francisco.
James J. Ryan (Republican).....	2,105	
John Joseph Bogue (Democrat).....	1,981	
Herman E. Doyal (Socialist).....	1,624	
Ryan's plurality, 124.		
Twenty-fourth Assembly District—		San Francisco.
William M. Collins (Republican).....	3,502	
George M. Wilson (Democrat).....	1,789	
Louis I. Fortin (Socialist).....	1,301	
Collins' majority, 412.		
Twenty-fifth Assembly District—		San Francisco.
George M. Hench (Republican).....	3,052	
William O. McCarthy (Democrat).....	3,768	
Michael F. Heaney (Socialist).....	1,029	
McCarthy's plurality, 716.		
Twenty-sixth Assembly District—		San Francisco.
William B. Bush (Republican).....	5,810	
Ray Elric Brouillet (Democrat).....	3,289	
Mads Peter Ohristensen (Socialist).....	1,711	
Bush's majority, 810.		
Twenty-seventh Assembly District—		San Francisco.
J. E. White (Republican).....	3,246	
Edward P. Walsh (Democrat).....	4,566	
Helen Willsey Hall (Socialist).....	615	
Walsh's majority, 705.		
Twenty-eighth Assembly District—		San Francisco.
Wm. S. Scott (Republican).....	4,355	
Walter T. Lyon (Democrat).....	2,802	
Lizzie Robe (Socialist).....	755	
Scott's majority, 798.		
Twenty-ninth Assembly District—		San Francisco.
George A. Wentworth (Republican).....	3,209	
Ignatius A. Richardson (Democrat).....	3,381	
K. J. Doyle (Socialist).....	1,415	
Scattering.....	2	
Richardson's plurality, 172.		
Thirtieth Assembly District—		San Francisco.
Edward J. D. Nolan (Republican).....	4,843	
T. E. Strong (Democrat).....	2,513	
Thomas P. D. Gray (Socialist).....	1,226	
Scattering.....	3	
Nolan's majority, 1,101.		
Thirty-first Assembly District—		San Francisco.
Milton L. Schmitt (Republican).....	4,875	
George Douglas Wise (Democrat).....	2,596	
Adelheid Oswald (Socialist).....	584	
Schmitt's majority, 1,695.		
Thirty-second Assembly District—		San Francisco.
John Gillson (Republican).....	3,678	
Arthur L. Shannon (Democrat).....	3,757	
Allen K. Gifford (Socialist).....	695	
Shannon's plurality, 79.		
Thirty-third Assembly District—		San Francisco.
Victor J. Canepa (Republican).....	2,363	
John Angus Macaulay (Democrat).....	1,804	
Salvatore Schiro (Socialist).....	400	
Canepa's majority, 159.		
Thirty-fourth Assembly District—		Alameda.
A. A. Rogers (Republican).....	2,480	
George Beck (Democrat).....	2,698	
O. A. Shaw (Socialist).....	746	
Beck's plurality, 218.		

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Thirty-fifth Assembly District—		Alameda.
Alfred Morgenstern (Republican).....	4,397	
E. D. Rue (Democrat).....	1,653	
E. A. Larkin (Socialist).....	2,144	
Morgenstern's majority, 600.		
Thirty-sixth Assembly District—		Alameda.
Frank M. Smith (Republican).....	3,892	
Henry H. McPike (Democrat).....	3,020	
J. E. Oofer (Socialist).....	2,016	
Smith's plurality, 872.		
Thirty-seventh Assembly District—		Alameda.
William C. Clark (Republican).....	5,384	
James K. Moffitt (Democrat).....	2,203	
P. B. Cowdery (Socialist).....	1,149	
Clark's majority, 2,032.		
Thirty-eighth Assembly District—		Alameda.
Daniel Ferguson (Republican).....	2,789	
John B. Kelly (Democrat).....	1,080	
H. C. Tuck (Socialist).....	1,300	
Ferguson's majority, 409.		
Thirty-ninth Assembly District—		Alameda.
George Fitzgerald (Republican).....	3,156	
J. W. McMannis (Democrat).....	821	
H. G. Strowenjans (Socialist).....	2,270	
Fitzgerald's majority, 65.		
Fortieth Assembly District—		Alameda.
George Gelder (Republican).....	3,440	
O. F. Fraser (Democrat).....	1,751	
W. M. Bartlett (Socialist).....	2,159	
Gelder's plurality, 1,281.		
Forty-first Assembly District—		Alameda.
O. C. Young (Republican).....	5,630	
Wm. A. Powell (Democrat).....	2,507	
Elvina S. Beals (Socialist).....	1,486	
Young's majority, 1,637.		
Forty-second Assembly District—		San Mateo.
Henry Ward Brown (Republican).....	3,374	
E. J. Crane (Democrat).....	1,958	
Hy. Meyer (Socialist).....	896	
Brown's majority, 1,520.		
Forty-third Assembly District—		Santa Cruz.
D. D. Bowman (Republican).....	2,663	
John B. Maher (Democrat).....	2,566	
Cora P. Wilson (Socialist).....	1,190	
Scattering	1	
Bowman's plurality, 97.		
Forty-fourth Assembly District—		Santa Clara.
L. D. Bohnett (Republican).....	5,721	
William M. Hines (Democrat).....	3,897	
Paul Lambert (Socialist).....	1,127	
Scattering	5	
Bohnett's majority, 692.		
Forty-fifth Assembly District—		Santa Clara.
D. R. Hayes (Republican).....	4,578	
Elijah Miller (Democrat).....	3,991	
Jennie Arnott (Socialist).....	1,102	
Scattering	5	
Hayes' plurality, 582.		
Forty-sixth Assembly District—		Stanislaus.
Walter H. Killam (Republican).....	1,948	
David W. Tulloch (Democrat).....	3,072	
W. B. Harvey (Socialist).....	641	
S. C. Gibson (Prohibitionist).....	1,473	
Tulloch's plurality, 1,124.		

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Forty-seventh Assembly District—		Mariposa.	Pualluma.	Inyo.	Mono.	Total.
Geo. A. Clarke (Republican).....	379	933	1,095	191	2,598	
J. A. Van Harlingen (Democrat).....	484	1,242	196	73	1,995	
Mary M. McNeill (Socialist).....	93	281	217	55	646	
Scattering	1	-----	1	-----	2	
Clarke's plurality, 603.						
Forty-eighth Assembly District—		Monterey.	San Benito.	Total.		
William Sandholdt, Jr. (Republican).....	2,418	773	3,191			
J. K. Alexander (Democrat).....	3,734	1,072	4,806			
S. G. Button (Socialist).....	534	421	955			
Scattering	1	1	2			
Alexander's majority, 658.						
Forty-ninth Assembly District—		Merced.	Madera.	Total.		
George Marchbank (Republican).....	1,358	889	2,247			
J. J. Griffin (Democrat).....	1,884	1,077	2,961			
O. H. Cole (Socialist).....	462	281	743			
Scattering	2	-----				
Griffin's plurality, 714.						
Fiftieth Assembly District—				Fresno.		
W. F. Ohandler (Republican).....				2,309		
W. H. Kerr (Democrat).....				1,774		
Christian Christensen (Socialist).....				749		
Don A. Allen (Prohibitionist).....				352		
Scattering				4		
Ohandler's plurality, 535.						
Fifty-first Assembly District—				Fresno.		
W. A. Sutherland (Republican).....				3,113		
Henry Hawson (Democrat).....				2,988		
Walter Olifton (Socialist).....				765		
Scattering				1		
Sutherland's plurality, 125.						
Fifty-second Assembly District—				Fresno.		
L. B. Cary (Republican).....				2,963		
F. E. Jones (Democrat).....				2,734		
Dr. O. W. Osteinwand (Socialist).....				186		
Scattering				3		
Cary's majority, 40.						
Fifty-third Assembly District—			San Luis Obispo.			
A. B. Green (Republican).....			2,695			
Mary Ella Riddle (Democrat).....			1,471			
J. M. Emmert (Socialist).....			751			
Green's majority, 473.						
Fifty-fourth Assembly District—				Kings.		
R. A. Moore (Republican).....				1,639		
J. W. Guiberson (Democrat).....				1,664		
O. J. Snyder (Socialist).....				326		
Guiberson's plurality, 25.						
Fifty-fifth Assembly District—				Tulare.		
G. W. Wyllie (Republican).....				3,973		
Aubrey M. Lumley (Democrat).....				3,840		
Peter Schulp (Socialist).....				1,294		
Wyllie's plurality, 133.						
Fifty-sixth Assembly District—				Kern.		
Fred J. Crease (Republican).....				3,475		
William E. Simpson (Democrat).....				5,231		
I. T. Sharp (Socialist).....				1,101		
Simpson's majority, 655.						
Fifty-seventh Assembly District—			San Bernardino.			
George H. Johnson (Republican).....			2,891			
J. L. McMinn (Democrat).....			2,230			
L. Wm. Gurr (Socialist).....			1,140			
J. M. Hartley (Prohibitionist).....			693			
Johnson's plurality, 661.						

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Fifty-eighth Assembly District—		San Bernardino.
James E. Cram (Republican).....	2,911	
Evan G. Evans (Democrat).....	1,962	
Edward J. Roher (Socialist).....	755	
S. T. Martin (Prohibitionist).....	566	
Cram's plurality, 949.		
Fifty-ninth Assembly District—		Santa Barbara.
O. L. Preisker (Republican).....	2,946	
Henry C. Bagby (Democrat).....	3,089	
J. H. Hoback (Socialist).....	505	
Scattering	5	
Bagby's plurality, 143.		
Sixtieth Assembly District—		Ventura.
Thomas G. Gabbert (Republican).....	2,104	
W. E. Shepherd (Democrat).....	1,738	
J. M. Mathews (Socialist).....	397	
Gabbert's plurality, 366.		
Sixty-first Assembly District—		Los Angeles.
W. A. Roberts (Republican).....	3,682	
Daniel S. Hammack (Democrat).....	2,365	
P. D. Noel (Socialist).....	1,656	
Enoch A. Holtwick (Prohibitionist).....	696	
Charles H. Randall (Independent).....	2,782	
Scattering	5	
Roberts' plurality, 900.		
Sixty-second Assembly District—		Los Angeles.
Freeman H. Bloodgood (Republican).....	4,755	
Force Parker (Democrat).....	2,392	
Herman H. Holtkamp (Socialist).....	1,220	
Etta B. Taft (Prohibitionist).....	488	
Scattering	2	
Bloodgood's majority, 653.		
Sixty-third Assembly District—		Los Angeles.
Henry Stanley Benedict (Republican).....	7,117	
John W. Satterwhite (Democrat).....	3,202	
Sallie E. Bowman (Socialist).....	1,347	
Wiley J. Phillips (Prohibitionist).....	640	
Scattering	12	
Benedict's majority, 1,916.		
Sixty-fourth Assembly District—		Los Angeles.
Frank E. Woodley (Republican).....	5,440	
Troy Edward Burns (Democrat).....	3,082	
L. Gilbert Wilhite (Socialist).....	1,867	
Scattering	3	
Woodley's majority, 488.		
Sixty-fifth Assembly District—		Los Angeles.
J. Henry Baetz (Republican).....	1,182	
J. Scott Allen (Democrat).....	1,068	
O. W. Kingsley (Socialist).....	1,534	
Scattering	2	
Kingsley's plurality, 352.		
Sixty-sixth Assembly District—		Los Angeles.
Thomas L. Ambrose (Republican).....	3,064	
Benjamin F. Groves (Democrat).....	1,902	
William J. Ooady (Socialist).....	2,591	
Scattering	24	
Ambrose's plurality, 473.		
Sixty-seventh Assembly District—		Los Angeles.
Howard J. Fish (Republican).....	4,573	
Clark McLain (Democrat).....	1,583	
Samuel O. Ramage (Socialist).....	1,017	
Gabrella T. Stickney (Prohibitionist).....	2,139	
Scattering	2	
Fish's plurality, 2,434.		

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Sixty-eighth Assembly District—

Los Angeles.

W. A. Johnstone (Republican).....	3,956
Bernard Hartley (Democrat).....	1,645
E. B. Johnson (Socialist).....	689
Henry L. Kuhns (Prohibitionist).....	1,910
Scattering	2
Johnstone's plurality, 2,046.	

Sixty-ninth Assembly District—

Los Angeles.

Egbert J. Gates (Republican).....	4,322
Fred A. Young (Democrat).....	2,118
B. R. Brainard (Socialist).....	1,786
Alice P. Woertendyke (Prohibitionist).....	1,750
Scattering	9
Gates' plurality, 2,204.	

Seventieth Assembly District—

Los Angeles.

John H. Strine (Republican).....	4,019
Charles L. Soyster (Democrat).....	2,920
Charles H. Dodd (Socialist).....	966
Jesse W. Robinson (Prohibitionist).....	1,319
Strine's plurality, 1,099.	

Seventy-first Assembly District—

Los Angeles.

Elijah A. Emmons (Republican).....	3,187
Ed. O. Bailey (Democrat).....	1,855
Alexander Kane (Socialist).....	3,118
Lucy D. Wilhoite (Prohibitionist).....	466
Scattering	8
Emmons' plurality, 69.	

Seventy-second Assembly District—

Los Angeles.

Arthur G. Kuck (Republican).....	6,024
T. B. Crane (Democrat).....	3,348
A. M. Salyer (Socialist).....	1,508
Newton Hogan (Prohibitionist).....	925
Scattering	9
Kuck's majority, 234.	

Seventy-third Assembly District—

Los Angeles.

Howard A. Pears (Republican).....	3,284
S. M. Smyser (Democrat).....	1,870
George W. Downing (Socialist).....	3,017
Horace J. Winslow (Prohibitionist).....	591
Scattering	3
Pears' plurality, 267.	

Seventy-fourth Assembly District—

Los Angeles.

Frank H. Mouser (Republican).....	3,002
Olaud E. Sheckels (Socialist).....	2,617
L. O. Haller (Socialist-Labor).....	786
Scattering	12
Mouser's plurality, 385.	

Seventy-fifth Assembly District—

Los Angeles.

Lyman Farwell (Republican).....	5,664
Emmet Wilson (Democrat).....	3,154
Albert J. Peterson (Socialist).....	1,209
Scattering	9
Farwell's majority, 1,292.	

Seventy-sixth Assembly District—

Orange.

Hans V. Weisel (Republican).....	4,450
I. D. Mills (Democrat).....	3,420
J. H. Stewart (Socialist).....	870
W. T. Mitchell (Prohibitionist).....	969
Weisel's plurality, 1,030.	

Seventy-seventh Assembly District—

Riverside.

William H. Ellis (Republican).....	4,694
Robert M. Irving (Democrat).....	2,336
S. S. Samuels (Socialist).....	1,098
Joseph Jarvis (Prohibitionist).....	923
Ellis' majority, 332.	

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Seventy-eighth Assembly District—		Imperial.
H. W. Morehouse (Republican).....		1,440
Jas. W. Glassford (Democrat).....		1,108
J. W. Kramer (Prohibitionist).....		193
Scattering		1
Morehouse's majority, 138.		
Seventy-ninth Assembly District—		San Diego.
E. O. Hinkle (Republican).....		6,864
Edward T. Lannon (Democrat).....		3,307
Kasper Bauer (Socialist).....		2,083
Irving H. Skinner (Prohibitionist).....		612
Hinkle's majority, 862.		
Eightieth Assembly District—		San Diego.
Fred E. Judson (Republican).....		3,424
George O. Tyler (Socialist).....		1,220
E. E. Lowe (Prohibitionist).....		1,071
Scattering		1
Judson's majority, 1,132.		

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CHIEF POLITICAL DIVISIONS OF THE STATE

(Insert from General Election Laws, p. 46-66.)

§ 75. The state is divided into counties; the names, boundaries and territorial subdivisions thereof are as declared in Part IV of this code.

Senatorial districts.

§ 78. The state is divided into forty senatorial districts, which shall be designated and constituted as follows:

1. The counties of Del Norte, Humboldt, Trinity and Tehama shall constitute the first senatorial district.

2. The counties of Modoc, Siskiyou, Shasta and Lassen shall constitute the second senatorial district.

3. The counties of Plumas, Sierra, Nevada, Placer and El Dorado shall constitute the third senatorial district.

4. The counties of Mendocino, Colusa, Lake and Glenn shall constitute the fourth senatorial district.

5. The counties of Napa and Solano shall constitute the fifth senatorial district.

6. The counties of Butte, Yuba, Sutter and Yolo shall constitute the sixth senatorial district.

7. The county of Sacramento shall constitute the seventh senatorial district.

8. The county of Sonoma shall constitute the eighth senatorial district.

9. The counties of Marin and Contra Costa shall constitute the ninth senatorial district.

10. The counties of San Joaquin and Amador shall constitute the tenth senatorial district.

11. The counties of San Mateo, San Benito and Santa Cruz shall constitute the eleventh senatorial district.

12. The counties of Tuolumne, Mariposa, Stanislaus, Merced, Alpine, Mono, Madera and Calaveras shall constitute the twelfth senatorial district.

13. All that portion of the county of Alameda described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point where the line dividing Oakland and Brooklyn townships intersects the northeasterly boundary line of the county of Alameda; thence southwesterly along said dividing line to the northeasterly boundary line of the city of Piedmont; thence southeasterly and southerly following the northern and eastern boundary line of the city of Piedmont to the southeasterly corner thereof; thence southwesterly along Thirteenth avenue to the center line of Fourteenth avenue; thence southerly along the center line of Fourteenth avenue to the center line of Lincoln street; thence easterly along the center line of Lincoln or East Thirty-first street to the center line of Twenty-third avenue; thence southerly along the center line of Twenty-third avenue to the center line of Sherman street, otherwise known as the old County Road; thence easterly along said old County Road to the center line of High street; thence easterly along center line of the Foothill Road, or County Road No. 3358, to the center line of Grand, or Ninetieth avenue; thence southwesterly along said line of Ninetieth avenue, crossing East Fourteenth street to the center line of "B," or Second street; thence easterly along said "B" street to the center line of Jones, or Ninety-eighth avenue; thence southerly along the center line of Jones, or Ninety-eighth avenue, to the center line of County Road No. 1995; thence southerly along center line of County Road No. 1995 to the line dividing Brooklyn and Eden townships; thence westerly along said township line to the line dividing Brooklyn and Alameda townships; thence southerly and westerly along the boundary line of Alameda township to the westerly boundary line of Alameda county; thence southerly along said westerly boundary line to its intersection with the northerly boundary line of Santa Clara county; thence easterly along the boundary line dividing Alameda and Santa Clara counties to a point which is the intersection of the boundary lines of the counties of Alameda, Santa Clara, Stanislaus and San Joaquin; thence northwesterly and northerly along the boundary line between the counties of Alameda and San Joaquin to a point where the boundary line dividing the counties of Alameda



and Contra Costa intersects the westerly boundary line of the county of San Joaquin; thence in a southwesterly and northwesterly direction along the boundary line between the counties of Alameda and Contra Costa to the point of beginning, shall constitute the thirteenth senatorial district.

14. All that portion of the county of Alameda described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point where the westerly boundary line of the county of Alameda is intersected by the line dividing Oakland and Alameda townships; thence easterly along said dividing line to a point in Oakland harbor where said line is intersected by the line dividing Oakland and Brooklyn townships; thence northerly along the westerly boundary line of Brooklyn township, passing through the easterly arm of Lake Merritt and up Indian Gulch to the northeasterly boundary line of East Oakland Heights; thence southeasterly along said last boundary line to the center of Thirteenth avenue; thence northeasterly along center line of Thirteenth avenue, or County Road to Moraga Valley, to the center line of Fourteenth avenue; thence southerly along the center line of Fourteenth avenue to the center line of Lincoln street; thence easterly along the center line of Lincoln, or East Thirty-first street, to the center line of Twenty-third avenue; thence southerly along the center line of Twenty-third avenue to the center line of Sherman street, otherwise known as old County Road; thence easterly along said old County Road to the center line of High street; thence along the center line of Foothill Road, or County Road No. 3358, to the center line of Grand, or Ninetieth avenue; thence southerly along said line of Ninetieth avenue, crossing East Fourteenth street to "B," or Second street; thence easterly along said "B" street to the center line of Jones, or Ninety-eighth avenue; thence southerly along the center line of Jones, or Ninety-eighth avenue, to the center line of County Road No. 1995; thence southerly along center line of County Road No. 1995 to the line dividing Brooklyn and Eden townships; thence westerly along said township line to the line dividing Brooklyn and Alameda townships; thence southerly and westerly along the boundary line of Alameda township to the westerly boundary line of Alameda county; thence northwesterly along the westerly county boundary line to the southerly boundary line of Oakland township and the point of beginning, shall constitute the fourteenth senatorial district.

15. All that portion of the county of Alameda described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point where the northern boundary line of the city of Berkeley intersects the northeasterly boundary line of the county of Alameda; thence westerly along said northern boundary line of the city of Berkeley to a point where the same is coincident with the center line of Eunice street; thence westerly along the center line of Eunice street to the center line of Milvia street; thence southerly along the center line of Milvia street to the center line of Adeline street; thence southerly along the center line of Adeline street to the northerly boundary line of the town of Emeryville; thence easterly, southerly and westerly following the boundary line of the town of Emeryville to the center line of San Pablo avenue; thence southerly along the center line of San Pablo avenue to the center line of Broadway; thence southerly along the center line of Broadway to the northern boundary line of Alameda township; thence easterly along the northern boundary line of Alameda township to the westerly line of Brooklyn township, the same being a point in Oakland harbor; thence northerly along the westerly boundary line of Brooklyn township, passing through the easterly arm of Lake Merritt and up Indian Gulch to the northeasterly boundary line of East Oakland Heights; thence southeasterly along last said boundary line to the center line of Thirteenth avenue; thence northeasterly along the center line of Thirteenth avenue, or County Road to Moraga valley, to the southeastern corner of the city of Piedmont; thence northerly and westerly following the easterly and northerly boundary lines of the city of Piedmont to the line dividing Brooklyn and Oakland townships; thence northeasterly along the last said township line to the boundary line of Alameda county; thence northwesterly along the county boundary line to the point of beginning, shall constitute the fifteenth senatorial district.

16. All that portion of the county of Alameda described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point where the northerly boundary line of the city of Berkeley intersects the northeasterly boundary line of the county of Alameda; thence westerly along said northern boundary line of the city of Berkeley to a point where the same is coincident

with the center line of Eunice street; thence westerly along the center line of Eunice street to the center line of Milvia street; thence southerly along the center line of Milvia street to the center line of Adeline street; thence southerly along the center line of Adeline street to the northerly boundary line of the town of Emeryville; thence easterly, southerly and westerly, following the boundary line of the town of Emeryville to the center line of San Pablo avenue; thence southerly along the center line of San Pablo avenue to the center line of Broadway; thence southerly along the center line of Broadway to the northern boundary line of Alameda township; thence westerly along the line dividing Alameda and Oakland townships to the western boundary line of the county of Alameda; thence northerly along the said county boundary line to the northern boundary line of the county of Alameda; thence easterly following the northern boundary line of the county of Alameda to the point of beginning, shall constitute the sixteenth senatorial district.

17. The counties of Monterey and San Luis Obispo shall constitute the seventeenth senatorial district.

18. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco described as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of Van Ness avenue and Market street, continuing thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Market to the waters of the bay of San Francisco; thence along the shore line northerly to Filbert street, Filbert to Leavenworth, Leavenworth to Broadway, Broadway to Van Ness avenue, Van Ness avenue to Market street, the place of beginning, together with all the waters of the bay of San Francisco and the islands contained therein, situated within the boundaries of the city and county of San Francisco, shall constitute the eighteenth senatorial district.

19. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of Maple and California streets, continuing thence along the center line of the following named streets: California to Baker, Baker to Pine, Pine to Laguna, Laguna to Sutter, Sutter street to Van Ness avenue, Van Ness avenue to Broadway, Broadway to Leavenworth, Leavenworth to Filbert, Filbert to the waters of the bay of San Francisco; thence along the shore line of said bay northerly and westerly to the waters of the Pacific ocean; thence along said shore line to Lobos creek where the same enters into the Pacific ocean; thence along the line of said creek and the southerly boundary line of the Presidio Reservation to Maple street, Maple to California, the place of beginning, shall constitute the nineteenth senatorial district.

20. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Pine and Laguna streets, continuing thence along the center line of the following named streets: Laguna to O'Farrell, O'Farrell street to St. Joseph avenue, St. Joseph avenue to Turk, Turk to Baker, Baker to Oak street, Oak street to Central avenue, Central avenue to Buena Vista avenue, Buena Vista avenue to Frederick street, Frederick to Clayton, Clayton street to Clarendon avenue, Clarendon avenue to Burnett avenue, Burnett avenue to Palo Alto avenue, Palo Alto avenue to the easterly line of the San Miguel rancho; thence along said line northerly to a point opposite Seventeenth street; thence along said line of Seventeenth street, if extended, to Kirkham street, Kirkham street to Locksley avenue, Locksley avenue to the westerly line of San Miguel rancho; thence along said line to Corbett avenue and Sloat boulevard; thence along said line of the Sloat boulevard to the waters of the Pacific ocean; thence along the shore line of said ocean northerly and easterly to Lobos creek; thence along the line of said creek and the southerly boundary line of the Presidio Reservation to Maple street, Maple to California, California to Baker, Baker to Pine, Pine to Laguna, the place of beginning, together with the islands known as the Farallon Islands, shall constitute the twentieth senatorial district.

21. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of the center line of Twenty-first street with the center line of Dolores street; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Twenty-first street to San Carlos street, San Carlos street to Eighteenth street, Eighteenth street to Shotwell street, Shotwell street to Twenty-first street, Twenty-first street to Bryant avenue, Bryant avenue to Army street,

Army street to Mission street, Mission street to Twenty-ninth street, Twenty-ninth street to Dolores street, Dolores street to point of beginning; and all that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of Oak and Fillmore streets; thence along the center line of the following named streets: Fillmore street to Duboce avenue, Duboce avenue to Church street, Church street to Twenty-first street, Twenty-first street to Dolores street, Dolores street to Twenty-second street, Twenty-second street to Grand View avenue, Grand View avenue to Dixie alley, Dixie alley to Burnett avenue, Burnett avenue to Corbett avenue, Corbett avenue to the westerly boundary line of the San Miguel rancho; thence along the line of said San Miguel rancho northeasterly to Locksley avenue, Locksley avenue to Kirkham street; thence along the line of Kirkham street, if extended, easterly to a point in the easterly boundary line of the San Miguel rancho opposite Seventeenth street; thence along said line southerly to Palo Alto avenue, Palo Alto avenue to Burnett avenue, Burnett avenue to Clarendon avenue, Clarendon avenue to Clayton street, Clayton street to Frederick street, Frederick street to Buena Vista avenue, Buena Vista avenue to Central avenue, Central avenue to Oak street, Oak street to Fillmore street, the place of beginning, and the following described portion of the city and county of San Francisco, to wit: Commencing at the point of intersection of the center line of Bryant avenue with the center line of Twenty-first street; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Bryant avenue to Army street, Army street to Connecticut street, Connecticut street to Twentieth street, Twentieth street to Bryant avenue, Bryant avenue to the point of beginning, shall constitute the twenty-first senatorial district.

22. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Twenty-first street and Bryant avenue, continuing thence along the center line of the following named streets: Bryant avenue to Eleventh street, Eleventh to Market, Market street to Van Ness avenue, Van Ness avenue to Sutter street, Sutter street to Laguna, Laguna to O'Farrell, O'Farrell street to St. Joseph avenue, St. Joseph avenue to Turk street, Turk to Baker, Baker to Oak, Oak to Fillmore, Fillmore to Duboce avenue, Duboce avenue to Church street, Church street to Twenty-first street, Twenty-first street to San Carlos street, San Carlos street to Eighteenth street, Eighteenth street to Shotwell street, Shotwell street to Twenty-first street, Twenty-first street to Bryant avenue, the place of beginning, shall constitute the twenty-second senatorial district.

23. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of the center line of Market street with the center line of Eleventh street; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Eleventh street to Bryant avenue, Bryant avenue to Twentieth street, Twentieth street to the bay of San Francisco; thence northerly along the shore line of said bay to its intersection with the center line of Market street; thence along the center line of Market street to the point of beginning, and the following described portion of the city and county of San Francisco: Commencing at the point of intersection of the center line of Twentieth street with the center line of Connecticut street; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Connecticut street to Army street, Army street to San Bruno avenue, San Bruno avenue to the boundary line between the city and county of San Francisco and the county of San Mateo; thence easterly along said boundary line to the shore line of the bay of San Francisco; thence northerly along said shore line to its intersection with the center line of Twentieth street; thence along the center line of Twentieth street to the point of beginning, shall constitute the twenty-third senatorial district.

24. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of Dolores and Twenty-ninth streets; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Twenty-ninth to Mission, Mission to Army, Army to San Bruno avenue, San Bruno avenue to the boundary line dividing the city and county of San Francisco and the county of San Mateo; thence along said boundary line westerly to San Jose avenue, San Jose avenue to Dolores street, Dolores street to Twenty-ninth street, the place of beginning; and all that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of Twenty-second and Dolores

streets; thence along the center line of the following named streets: Dolores street to San Jose avenue, San Jose avenue to the boundary line dividing the city and county of San Francisco and the county of San Mateo; thence along said boundary line westerly to the intersection of the waters of the Pacific ocean; thence along the shore line of said ocean northerly to the Sloat boulevard; thence along Sloat boulevard to Corbett avenue, Corbett avenue to Burnett avenue, Burnett avenue to Dixie alley, Dixie alley to Grand View avenue, Grand View avenue to Twenty-second street, Twenty-second to Dolores street, the place of beginning, shall constitute the twenty-fourth senatorial district.

25. The counties of Ventura and Santa Barbara shall constitute the twenty-fifth senatorial district.

26. The county of Fresno shall constitute the twenty-sixth senatorial district.

27. All that portion of the county of Santa Clara not included in the twenty-eighth senatorial district, as designated and constituted by this section, shall constitute the twenty-seventh senatorial district.

28. All that portion of the county of Santa Clara embraced within the following precincts, as constituted at the general election in nineteen hundred ten, to wit: Agnews, that part of Alameda precinct lying north of the center line of Park avenue, Alviso, Berryessa, Burbank, that part of Crandalville precinct number one lying outside of the city limits of the city of San Jose, as established in 1911, Cupertino, East San Jose number two, Fremont, Jefferson, Mayfield, Milpitas numbers one and two, Mountain View numbers one and two, Mount Hamilton, Orchard, Palo Alto numbers one, two, three, four and five, Purissima, San Jose numbers one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven and twelve, Santa Clara numbers one, two, three, and four, Saratoga, Stanford, Stockton, Sunnyvale numbers one and two, and University numbers one and two, shall constitute the twenty-eighth senatorial district.

29. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the north patent boundary line of the city of Los Angeles with the center line of the Los Angeles river; thence southeasterly and southerly along the center line of the Los Angeles river and the center line of the official bed of the Los Angeles river to its intersection with the center line of North Broadway from the east; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: North Broadway to Daly street, Daly street to Mission road, Mission road to Gallardo street, Gallardo street to Macy street, Macy street to Brooklyn avenue, Brooklyn avenue to Pleasant avenue, Pleasant avenue to First street, First street to Pecan street, Pecan street to Fifth street, Fifth street to Gless street, Gless street to Sixth street, Sixth street and its extension westerly along the line of assembly district number sixty-five, as designated and constituted by section ninety of this code, to the center line of the official bed of the Los Angeles river; thence southerly along the line last mentioned and the prolongation thereof to the south boundary line of the city of Los Angeles; thence westerly along the line last mentioned to the center line of Alameda street, Alameda street to Twentieth street, Twentieth street to Compton avenue, Compton avenue to Twenty-first street, Twenty-first street to Central avenue, Central avenue to Twenty-first street from the west, Twenty-first street to Maple avenue, Maple avenue to Eleventh street, Eleventh street to Wall street, Wall street to Fifth street, Fifth street to Hill street, Hill street to Temple street, Temple street to Hill street, Hill street to Sunset boulevard, Sunset boulevard to Hill street, Hill street to Alpine street, Alpine street to Cleveland street, Cleveland street to College street, College street to Adobe street, Adobe street to Look Out drive, Look Out drive to Park terrace, Park terrace to Sunset boulevard, Sunset boulevard to Echo Park avenue, Echo Park avenue and the prolongation thereof to the north patent boundary of the city of Los Angeles; thence easterly along the line last mentioned to the place of beginning, shall constitute the twenty-ninth senatorial district.

30. The counties of San Bernardino and Inyo shall constitute the thirtieth senatorial district.

31. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles embraced within and comprising the seventy-first and seventy-second assembly districts, as designated and constituted by section ninety of this code, shall constitute the thirty-first senatorial district.

32. The counties of Kings, Tulare and Kern shall constitute the thirty-second senatorial district.

33. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles embraced within and comprising the sixty-eighth and seventieth assembly districts, as designated and constituted by section ninety of this code, shall constitute the thirty-third senatorial district.

34. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles embraced within and comprising the sixty-second assembly district, as designated and constituted by section ninety of this code and all that portion of said county bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the center line of Washington street and Hoover street, in the city of Los Angeles; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Hoover street to Pico street, Pico street to Hoover street, Hoover street to Carondelet street, Carondelet street to Ninth street, Ninth street to Hoover street, Hoover street to Seventh street, Seventh street to Vermont avenue, Vermont avenue to Melrose avenue, Melrose avenue to the west patent boundary line of said city; thence north along said patent boundary line to the northwest corner of said city as described in the United States patent; thence east along the north patent boundary of said city to the easterly line of that portion of Tropic precinct number two annexed to said city prior to November 1, 1911; thence northwesterly, westerly and southerly following the exterior lines of those portions of Tropic precincts numbers one and two, and of Ivanhoe precinct so annexed to said city, to the north line of the former city of Hollywood, the same being a point in the present north boundary line of the city of Los Angeles; thence following the boundary line of said city of Los Angeles westerly, southerly, westerly, southerly, westerly, southerly, easterly, southerly, easterly and southerly to the center line of Washington street; thence east along said center line to the point of beginning, shall constitute the thirty-fourth senatorial district.

35. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles embraced within and comprising the sixty-sixth and sixty-ninth assembly districts, as designated and constituted by section ninety of this code, shall constitute the thirty-fifth senatorial district.

36. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles embraced within and comprising the sixty-seventh assembly district as designated and constituted by section ninety of this code, and all that portion of said county embraced within and comprising the sixty-first assembly district, as so designated and constituted, excepting therefrom that portion of said sixty-first assembly district situated within the city of Los Angeles and lying west of the following described lines, to wit: Beginning at the intersection of the north patent boundary line of said city with the center line of the Los Angeles river; thence southeasterly and southerly along the center line of the Los Angeles river and the center line of the official bed of the Los Angeles river to its intersection with the center line of North Broadway from the east, shall constitute the thirty-sixth senatorial district.

37. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles described as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the center lines of Wall street and Fifth street, in the city of Los Angeles; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Fifth street to Hill street, Hill street to Temple street, Temple street to Hill street, Hill street to Sunset boulevard, Sunset Boulevard to Hill street, Hill street to Alpine street, Alpine street to Cleveland street, Cleveland street to College street, College street to Adobe street, Adobe street to Look Out drive, Look Out drive to Park terrace, Park terrace to Sunset boulevard, Sunset boulevard to Echo Park avenue, Echo Park avenue and the prolongation thereof to the north patent boundary line of the city of Los Angeles; thence west along said boundary line to the northwest corner of said city as described in the United States patent; thence south along the west patent boundary line of said city to the center line of Melrose avenue; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Melrose avenue to Vermont avenue, Vermont avenue to Seventh street, Seventh street to Hoover street, Hoover street to Ninth street, Ninth street to Blaine street, Blaine street to Tenth street, Tenth street to Georgia street, Georgia street to Ottawa street, Ottawa street to Figueroa street, Figueroa street to Eleventh street, Eleventh street to Wall street, Wall street to Fifth street, the place of beginning, shall constitute the thirty-seventh senatorial district.

38. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles bounded as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the center line of Maple street and Eleventh street, in the city of Los Angeles; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Eleventh street to Figueroa street, Figueroa street to Ottawa street, Ottawa street to Georgia street, Georgia street to Tenth street, Tenth street to Blaine street, Blaine street to Ninth street, Ninth street to Carondelet street, Carondelet street to Hoover street, Hoover street to Pico street, Pico street to Hoover street, Hoover street to Jefferson street, Jefferson street to Figueroa street, Figueroa street to Vernon avenue, Vernon avenue to McKinley avenue or the northerly prolongation of McKinley avenue from the south, McKinley avenue and said prolongation to Fifty-first street, Fifty-first street to Central avenue, Central avenue to Fifty-first street, Fifty-first street to Hooper avenue, Hooper avenue to Fifty-first street, Fifty-first street and the easterly prolongation thereof to a point in the easterly boundary line of the city of Los Angeles; thence in a northerly direction along said boundary line to the southerly charter boundary line of the city of Los Angeles where the same intersects the center line of Alameda street, Alameda street to Twentieth street, Twentieth street to Compton avenue, Compton avenue to Twenty-first street, Twenty-first street to Central avenue, Central avenue to Twenty-first street from the west; Twenty-first street to Maple avenue, Maple avenue to Eleventh street the place of beginning, shall constitute the thirty-eighth senatorial district.

39. The counties of Riverside, Orange and Imperial shall constitute the thirty-ninth senatorial district.

40. The county of San Diego shall constitute the fortieth senatorial district. [Amended, *Statutes* 1911 Ex., p. 140.]

Assembly districts.

§ 90. The state is hereby divided into eighty assembly districts, respectively numbered and constituted as follows:

1. The counties of Del Norte and Siskiyou shall constitute the first assembly district.

2. The county of Humboldt shall constitute the second assembly district.

3. The counties of Shasta and Trinity shall constitute the third assembly district.

4. The counties of Plumas, Lassen, Modoc and Sierra shall constitute the fourth assembly district.

5. The counties of Tehama, Glenn and Colusa shall constitute the fifth assembly district.

6. The county of Mendocino shall constitute the sixth assembly district.

7. The county of Butte shall constitute the seventh assembly district.

8. The counties of Yuba, Sutter and Yolo shall constitute the eighth assembly district.

9. The counties of Nevada and Placer shall constitute the ninth assembly district.

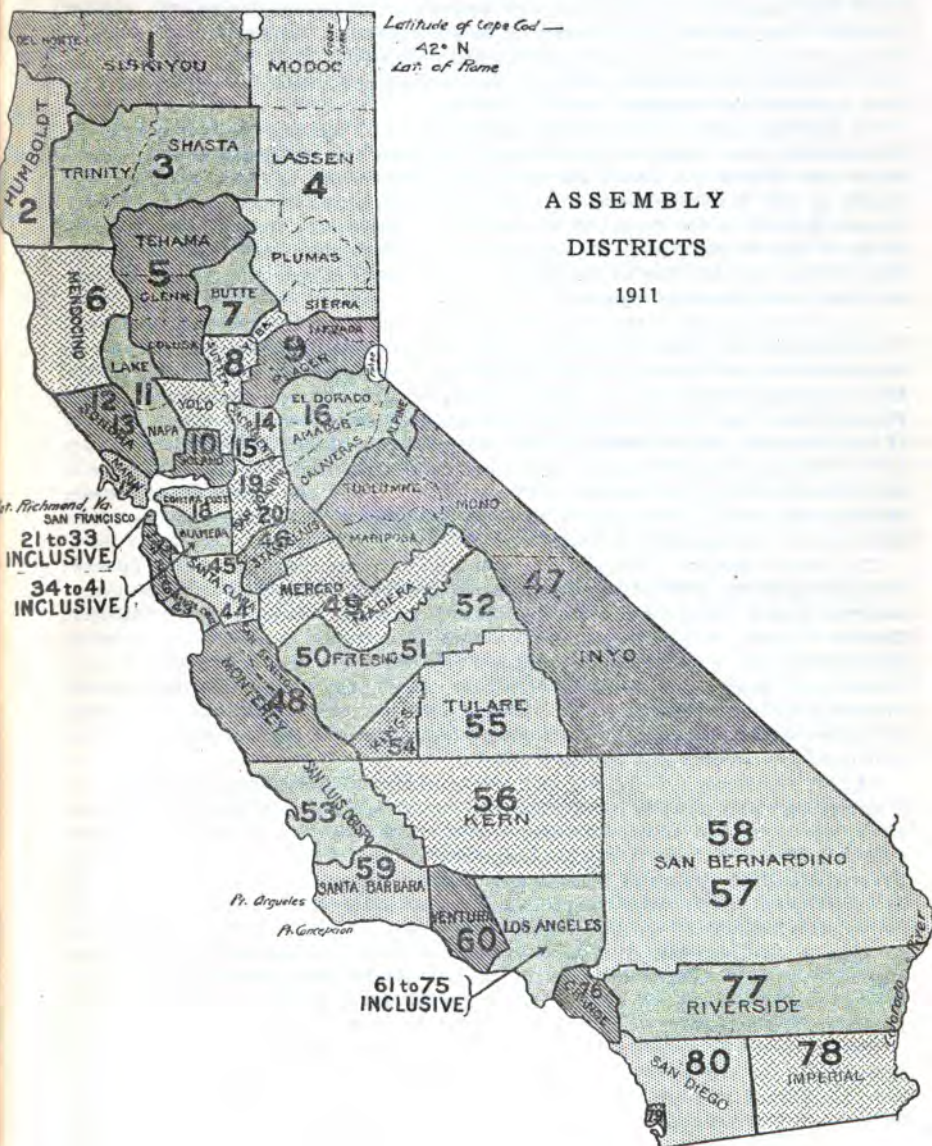
10. The county of Solano shall constitute the tenth assembly district.

11. The counties of Napa and Lake shall constitute the eleventh assembly district.

12. All that portion of the county of Sonoma comprising the following election precincts of nineteen hundred and ten, to wit: Bloomfield, Blucher, Bodega, Cazadero, Cotati, Dry Creek, Duncan's Mills, Forestville, Freestone, Graton, Healdsburg City numbers 1 to 4 inclusive, Healdsburg Road, Lakeville, Magnolia, Marin, Mendocino, Molino, Occidental, Pennsgrrove, Petaluma numbers 1 to 7 inclusive, East Redwood, West Redwood, Sebastopol numbers 1 and 2, Skagg's Spring, Stewart's Point, Table Mountain, Timber Cove, Valley Ford, and Wilson, shall constitute the twelfth assembly district.

13. All that portion of the county of Sonoma not embraced in the twelfth assembly district shall constitute the thirteenth assembly district.

14. All that portion of the county of Sacramento, composed of that part of the city of Sacramento, lying north of the center of "K" street, and east of the center of Thirty-first street, and all that portion of said Sacramento county included within the boundaries of "American township," "Brighton township," "Center township," "Granite township," "Mississippi township," "Natoma township," and "Sutter township," as said townships existed on the first day of January, 1911, shall constitute the fourteenth assembly district.



15. All that portion of the county of Sacramento not included in the fourteenth assembly district shall constitute the fifteenth assembly district.

16. The counties of Amador, El Dorado, Alpine and Calaveras shall constitute the sixteenth assembly district.

17. The county of Marin shall constitute the seventeenth assembly district.

18. The county of Contra Costa shall constitute the eighteenth assembly district.

19. All that portion of the county of San Joaquin not included in the twentieth district shall constitute the nineteenth assembly district.

20. All that portion of the county of San Joaquin comprising the city of Stockton shall constitute the twentieth assembly district.

21. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows : Commencing at the point of intersection of the center line of Market street with the center line of Eleventh street ; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit : Eleventh street to Bryant avenue, Bryant avenue to Twentieth street, Twentieth street to the waters of the bay of San Francisco ; thence northerly along the shore line of said bay to its intersection with the center line of Market street ; thence along the center line of Market street to the point of beginning, shall constitute the twenty-first assembly district.

22. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows : Commencing at the point of intersection of the center line of Twentieth street with the center line of Bryant avenue, continuing thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit : Bryant avenue to Army street, Army street to San Bruno avenue, San Bruno avenue to the boundary line between the city and county of San Francisco and the county of San Mateo ; thence easterly along said boundary line to the bay of San Francisco ; thence northerly along the shore line of the bay of San Francisco to its intersection with the center line of Twentieth street ; thence along the center line of Twentieth street to the point of beginning, shall constitute the twenty-second assembly district.

23. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows : Commencing at the point of intersection of Dolores and Twenty-ninth streets ; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit : Twenty-ninth to Mission, Mission to Army, Army to San Bruno avenue, San Bruno avenue to the boundary line dividing the city and county of San Francisco and the county of San Mateo ; thence along said boundary line westerly to the center line of San Jose avenue ; thence along the center lines of the following named streets, to wit : San Jose avenue to Dolores street, Dolores street to Twenty-ninth street, the place of beginning, shall constitute the twenty-third assembly district.

24. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows : Commencing at the point of intersection of Twenty-second and Dolores streets, thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit : Dolores to San Jose avenue, San Jose avenue to the boundary line dividing the city and county of San Francisco and the county of San Mateo, thence along said boundary line, westerly, to the waters of the Pacific ocean ; thence along the shore line of said ocean northerly, to the Sloat boulevard ; thence along the center lines of the following named streets, to wit : Sloat boulevard to Corbett avenue, Corbett avenue to Burnett avenue, Burnett avenue to Dixie alley, Dixie alley to Grand View avenue, Grand View avenue to Twenty-second street, Twenty-second street to Dolores, the place of beginning, shall constitute the twenty-fourth assembly district.

25. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows : Commencing at the point of intersection of Eighteenth street and Dolores street, continuing along the center lines of the following named streets, to wit : Dolores to Twenty-ninth, Twenty-ninth to Mission, Mission to Army, Army to Bryant avenue, Bryant avenue to Eighteenth street, Eighteenth to Harrison, Harrison to Eighteenth, Eighteenth to Dolores, the point of commencement, shall constitute the twenty-fifth assembly district.

26. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows : Commencing at the point of intersection of McAllister and Fillmore streets, continuing thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit : Fillmore street to Duboce avenue, Duboce avenue to Church street, Church street to Eighteenth,

Eighteenth to Dolores, Dolores to Twenty-second, Twenty-second to Grand View avenue, Grand View avenue to Dixie alley, Dixie alley to Burnett avenue, Burnett avenue to Clarendon avenue, Clarendon avenue to Clayton street, Clayton to Ashbury, Ashbury to Piedmont, Piedmont to Masonic avenue, Masonic avenue to Java street, Java street to Buena Vista avenue, Buena Vista avenue to Central avenue, Central avenue to Oak street, Oak street to Masonic avenue, Masonic avenue to McAllister street, McAllister street to Fillmore street, the place of beginning, shall constitute the twenty-sixth assembly district.

27. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of Fulton street and Masonic avenue; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Masonic avenue to Oak street, Oak street to Central avenue, Central avenue to Buena Vista avenue, Buena Vista avenue to Java street, Java street to Masonic avenue, Masonic avenue to Piedmont street, Piedmont street to Ashbury street, Ashbury street to Clayton street, Clayton street to Clarendon avenue, Clarendon avenue to Burnett avenue, Burnett avenue to Corbett avenue, Corbett avenue to Sloat boulevard, Sloat boulevard to the waters of the Pacific ocean; thence along the shore line of said ocean northerly to Fulton street, Fulton street to Masonic avenue, the place of beginning, shall constitute the twenty-seventh assembly district.

28. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of Fulton street and Parker avenue, thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Parker avenue to California street, California street to Maple avenue, Maple avenue to the southerly line of the Presidio Reservation; thence westerly along the southerly boundary of the Presidio Reservation to Lobos creek; thence along the center line of Lobos creek to the waters of the Pacific ocean; thence westerly and southerly along the said shore line to Fulton street, Fulton street to Parker avenue, the point of beginning, together with the islands known as the Farallon islands, shall constitute the twenty-eighth assembly district.

29. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of McAllister street and Van Ness avenue, thence along the center lines of the following named streets, to wit: Van Ness avenue to Market street, Market street to Eleventh street, Eleventh street to Bryant avenue, Bryant avenue to Eighteenth street, Eighteenth street to Harrison street, Harrison street to Eighteenth street, Eighteenth street to Church street, Church street to Duboce avenue, Duboce avenue to Fillmore street, Fillmore street to McAllister street, McAllister street to Van Ness avenue, the place of beginning, shall constitute the twenty-ninth assembly district.

30. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of Pine street and Van Ness avenue, thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Van Ness avenue to McAllister street, McAllister to Masonic avenue, Masonic avenue to Fulton street, Fulton street to Parker avenue, Parker avenue to California street, California street to Presidio avenue, Presidio avenue to Pine street, Pine street to Van Ness avenue, the point of beginning, shall constitute the thirtieth assembly district.

31. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of Pine street and Van Ness avenue, thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Van Ness avenue to the bay of San Francisco, thence along the shore line of said bay to the waters of the Pacific ocean; thence along the shore line of said ocean to Lobos creek; thence along the line of said Lobos creek to the southerly boundary line of Presidio Reservation; thence along said boundary line to Maple street, Maple street to California street, California street to Presidio avenue, Presidio avenue to Pine street, Pine street to Van Ness avenue, the point of beginning, shall constitute the thirty-first assembly district.

32. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of Van Ness avenue and Market street, continuing along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Van Ness avenue to the waters of the bay of San Francisco; thence easterly along the shore

line of said bay to Jones street, Jones street to Green street, Green street to Mason street, Mason street to Ellis street, Ellis street to Jones street, Jones street to Market street, Market street to Van Ness avenue, the point of beginning, shall constitute the thirty-second assembly district.

33. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of Market street and Jones street, continuing thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Jones to Ellis, Ellis to Mason, Mason to Green, Green to Jones, Jones to the waters of the bay of San Francisco; thence easterly along the shore line of said bay to Market street, Market street to Jones street, the point of beginning and the islands of the bay of San Francisco within the city and county of San Francisco, shall constitute the thirty-third assembly district.

34. All of that portion of the county of Alameda lying easterly of a line described as follows: Beginning at a point where the boundary line between Eden and Alameda townships intersects the westerly boundary line of Alameda county; thence easterly and northerly along the boundary line of Alameda township to the line dividing Brooklyn and Eden townships; thence easterly along the boundary line between Eden and Brooklyn townships to the southwesterly boundary line of the town of San Leandro; thence northerly and easterly along said boundary line to the center of East Fourteenth street; thence northwesterly following along the center line of East Fourteenth street to the center line of Moss avenue, in the city of Oakland; thence northeasterly along the center line of Moss avenue and a direct extension of said center line to the northeasterly boundary line of the city of Oakland; thence following the said northeasterly boundary line of the city of Oakland in a northwesterly direction to its intersection with the northeasterly boundary line of the county of Alameda, shall constitute the thirty-fourth assembly district.

35. All that portion of the county of Alameda described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point where the boundary line between Eden and Alameda townships intersects the westerly boundary line of the county of Alameda; thence in an easterly and northerly direction along the boundary line of Alameda township to the line dividing Brooklyn and Eden townships; thence in an easterly direction along the boundary line between Eden and Brooklyn townships to the southwesterly boundary line of the town of San Leandro; thence northerly and easterly following the said town line to the center line of East Fourteenth street; thence northwesterly following the center line of East Fourteenth street and an extension of the same to its intersection with the line dividing Brooklyn and Oakland townships, said point being in Lake Merritt; thence southwesterly along said township line to its intersection with the northerly boundary line of Alameda township; thence westerly following along the said northerly boundary line of Alameda township to its intersection with the westerly boundary line of Alameda county; thence southeasterly along said county boundary line to the point of beginning, shall constitute the thirty-fifth assembly district.

36. All of that portion of the county of Alameda described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point where the center line of Thirteenth avenue is intersected by the center line of East Fourteenth street, in the city of Oakland; thence northwesterly along the center line of East Fourteenth street and an extension of said center line to a point where the same intersects the westerly boundary line of Brooklyn township, in Lake Merritt; thence northeasterly following along the boundary line between Brooklyn and Oakland townships to the southerly boundary line of the city of Piedmont; thence easterly, northerly and westerly following the said boundary line of the city of Piedmont to the line dividing Oakland and Brooklyn townships; thence northeasterly along said dividing line between Oakland and Brooklyn townships to its intersection with the northeasterly boundary line of the city of Oakland; thence southeasterly following said city boundary line to a point where the same would be intersected by a direct extension northeasterly of the center line of Moss avenue; thence southwesterly along said extension and along the center line of Moss avenue to the center line of East Fourteenth street; thence northwesterly along the center line of East Fourteenth street to the center line of Thirteenth avenue and the point of beginning, shall constitute the thirty-sixth assembly district.

37. All of that portion of the county of Alameda, described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point where the center line of Broadway is intersected by the center line of Thirteenth street, in the city of Oakland; thence southeasterly along the center line of Thirteenth street and a direct extension of said center line to its intersection with the line dividing Brooklyn and Oakland townships; thence northeasterly following along the line dividing Brooklyn and Oakland townships to a point in the southerly boundary line of the city of Piedmont; thence easterly, northerly and westerly, following the southern, eastern and northern boundary line of the city of Piedmont to its intersection with the eastern boundary line of the city of Oakland, as the same existed prior to the annex of 1909; thence northwesterly along the easterly boundary line of the city of Oakland, as the same existed prior to the annex of 1909, to its intersection with the center line of Broadway; thence southerly along the center line of Broadway to the center line of Fifty-first, or Vernon street; thence westerly following along the center line of Fifty-first street to the center line of Shattuck avenue; thence southerly along the center line of Shattuck avenue to the center line of Temescal creek; thence westerly down the center of Temescal creek to the center of Grove street; thence southerly along the center of Grove street to the center of San Pablo avenue; thence southerly along the center of San Pablo avenue to the center of Broadway; thence southerly along the center of Broadway to the center of Thirteenth street, and point of beginning, shall constitute the thirty-seventh assembly district.

38. All of that portion of the county of Alameda described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point where the center line of Adeline street is intersected by the center line of Twenty-second street in the city of Oakland; thence easterly along the center line of Twenty-second street to the center line of Grove street; thence southerly along the center line of Grove street to the center line of San Pablo avenue; thence southerly along the center line of San Pablo avenue to the center line of Broadway; thence southerly along the center line of Broadway to the center line of Thirteenth street; thence easterly along the center line of Thirteenth street and a direct extension of said center line to its intersection with the line dividing Brooklyn and Oakland townships; thence southerly along the line dividing Oakland and Brooklyn townships to the line dividing Oakland and Alameda townships; thence westerly along the line dividing Oakland and Alameda townships to a point where a direct extension of the center line of Adeline street would intersect the same; thence northerly along said extension and along the center line of Adeline street to the point of beginning, shall constitute the thirty-eighth assembly district.

39. All of that portion of the county of Alameda described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point where the center line of Adeline street is intersected by the center line of Twenty-second street in the city of Oakland; thence easterly along the center line of Twenty-second street to the center line of Grove street; thence northerly along the center line of Grove street to the center of Temescal creek; thence westerly down the center of Temescal creek to the town of Emeryville; thence westerly and northerly following the boundary line of the town of Emeryville to the southerly boundary line of the city of Berkeley; thence westerly along the southerly boundary line of the city of Berkeley and a direct extension of same to its intersection with the westerly boundary line of Alameda county; thence southerly along the westerly boundary line of Alameda county to its intersection with the line dividing Oakland and Alameda townships; thence easterly along the line dividing Oakland and Alameda townships to a point where a direct extension of the center line of Adeline street would intersect the same; thence northerly along said extension and along the center line of Adeline street to the center line of Twenty-second street and the point of beginning, shall constitute the thirty-ninth assembly district.

40. All of that portion of the county of Alameda described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point where the easterly boundary line of the town of Emeryville is intersected by the southerly boundary line of the city of Berkeley; thence southerly and easterly along the boundary line of the town of Emeryville to a corner thereof, the same being in the center of Temescal creek; thence up the center of Temescal creek to the center line of Shattuck avenue; thence northerly along the center line of Shattuck avenue to the center line of Russell street; thence westerly along the

center line of Russell street to the center line of Milvia street; thence northerly along the center line of Milvia street to the center line of Codornices creek; thence westerly down the center line of Codornices creek to the easterly boundary line of the town of Albany; thence northerly along the easterly boundary line of the town of Albany to the northern boundary of the county of Alameda; thence westerly and southerly along the northern and western boundary line of the county of Alameda to a point where said boundary line would be intersected by a direct extension westerly of the southerly boundary line of the city of Berkeley; thence easterly along said extension and along the southerly boundary line of the city of Berkeley to the point of beginning, shall constitute the fortieth assembly district.

41. All of that portion of the county of Alameda described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point where the center line of Shattuck avenue is intersected by the center line of Fifty-first street or Vernon street, in the city of Oakland; thence easterly along the center line of Fifty-first or Vernon street to the center line of Broadway; thence northeasterly along the center line of Broadway to its intersection with the northeasterly boundary line of the city of Oakland, as the same existed prior to the annex of 1909; thence southeasterly along said boundary line of the city of Oakland as the same existed prior to the annex of 1909 to its intersection with the northerly boundary line of the city of Piedmont; thence easterly following the northerly boundary line of the city of Piedmont to its intersection with the boundary line dividing Brooklyn and Oakland townships; thence northeasterly along the line dividing Brooklyn and Oakland townships to its intersection with the northeasterly boundary line of Alameda county; thence northwesterly and westerly following along the county boundary line to its intersection with the easterly boundary line of the town of Albany; thence southerly along the easterly boundary line of the town of Albany to its intersection with the center of Codornices creek; thence easterly up the center of Codornices creek to its intersection with the center line of Milvia street; thence southerly along the center line of Milvia street to the center line of Russell street; thence easterly along the center line of Russell street to the center line of Shattuck avenue; thence southerly along the center line of Shattuck avenue to the center line of Fifty-first or Vernon street and the point of beginning, shall constitute the forty-first assembly district.

42. The county of San Mateo shall constitute the forty-second assembly district.

43. The county of Santa Cruz shall constitute the forty-third assembly district.

44. All that portion of the county of Santa Clara not included in the forty-fifth assembly district shall constitute the forty-fourth assembly district.

45. All that portion of the county of Santa Clara embraced within the following precincts, as constituted at the general election in 1910, to wit: Agnew, that part of Alameda precinct lying north of the center line of Park avenue, Alviso, Berryessa, Burbank, that part of Crandalville precinct number one lying outside of the city limits of the city of San Jose, as established in 1911, Cupertino, East San Jose number two, Fremont, Jefferson, Mayfield, Milpitas (numbers one and two), Mountain View (numbers one and two), Mount Hamilton, Orchard, Palo Alto (numbers one to five, inclusive), Purissima, San Jose (numbers one to twelve, inclusive), Santa Clara (numbers one to four, inclusive), Saratoga, Stanford, Stockton, Sunnyvale (numbers one and two), and University (numbers one and two), shall constitute the forty-fifth assembly district.

46. The county of Stanislaus shall constitute the forty-sixth assembly district.

47. The counties of Mariposa, Tuolumne, Mono and Inyo shall constitute the forty-seventh assembly district.

48. The counties of Monterey and San Benito shall constitute the forty-eighth assembly district.

49. The counties of Merced and Madera shall constitute the forty-ninth assembly district.

50. All that portion of the county of Fresno comprising the precincts of Black Mountain, Balfour, Barstow, Bryant, Cantua, Central Colony, Coalinga No. 1, Coalinga No. 2, Coalinga No. 3, Coalinga No. 4, Coalinga No. 5, Crescent, Chicago, Fresno Colony, Fowler, Firebaugh, Houghton, Huron, Iowa, Jameson, Kerman, Kingsburg, Layton, Laguna, Liberty, Lewis Creek, Lucerne, Madison, Mendota,

Monroe, New Hope, Oleander, Panoche, Pleasant Valley, Terry, Washington Colony, Wildflower, Warthan, and West Park, shall constitute the fiftieth assembly district.

51. All that portion of the county of Fresno included in and comprising Fresno city precincts numbered one to twenty-five, both inclusive, and the precincts of Hedges, Belmont, Arlington and East Fresno, shall constitute the fifty-first assembly district.

52. All that portion of the county of Fresno not included in the fiftieth and fifty-first assembly districts, shall constitute the fifty-second assembly district.

53. The county of San Luis Obispo shall constitute the fifty-third assembly district.

54. The county of Kings shall constitute the fifty-fourth assembly district.

55. The county of Tulare shall constitute the fifty-fifth assembly district.

56. The county of Kern shall constitute the fifty-sixth assembly district.

57. All that portion of the county of San Bernardino now comprised within the following townships, to wit: Chino, Ontario, Upland, Cucamonga, Etiwanda, San Bernardino, Hesperia, Oro Grande, and Barstow, shall constitute the fifty-seventh assembly district.

58. All that portion of the county of San Bernardino not included within the fifty-seventh assembly district, as fixed and defined in this act, shall constitute the fifty-eighth assembly district.

59. The county of Santa Barbara shall constitute the fifty-ninth assembly district.

60. The county of Ventura shall constitute the sixtieth assembly district.

61. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles included within and comprising the following election precincts, and parts of election precincts of nineteen hundred ten, to wit: La Liebre, Del Sur, Lancaster, Palmdale, Acton, Newhall, San Fernando, Chatsworth, Calabasas, Lankershim, La Cañada, Sunland, Burbank, Glendale City, Eagle Rock, Annandale, Hermon, that part of Ivanhoe and of Tropic numbers one and two not included within the city of Los Angeles, as the boundaries of said city existed November 1, 1911, and the following described portion of the city of Los Angeles: Beginning at the northeast corner of said city as described in the United States patent; thence following the exterior boundary line of said city as the same existed November 1, 1911, north, northeasterly, easterly, northerly and easterly in a general northeasterly direction to the extreme northeastern corner of said city; thence along the north line of said city west, southwest and southerly following such exterior boundary line of said city to the north patent boundary thereof; thence along the same west to the center line of Alvarado street; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Alvarado street to Sunset boulevard, Sunset boulevard to Park terrace, Park terrace to Lookout drive, Lookout drive to Adobe street, Adobe street to Bernardo street, Bernardo street to North Broadway, North Broadway (crossing the official bed of the Los Angeles river) to Daly street, Daly street to Pasadena avenue, Pasadena avenue to Avenue 35, Avenue 35 to Griffin avenue, Griffin avenue and its extension to the north patent boundary line of said city; thence east along said line to the place of beginning, shall constitute the sixty-first assembly district.

62. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles included within and comprising the following election precincts of nineteen hundred ten, to wit: Redondo Beach city numbers one and two, Hermosa Beach city, Wiseburn, Inglewood city, Freeman, Del Rey, Ocean Park city numbers one, two and three, Moneta, Howard, Ballona, Cienega, Santa Monica city numbers one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight and nine, Malibu, National Military Home numbers one, two, three, four, five and six, Sawtelle city numbers one, two and three, and Sherman, shall constitute the sixty-second assembly district.

63. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the center lines of Washington and Hoover streets, in the city of Los Angeles; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Hoover street to Pico street, Pico street to Hoover street, Hoover street to Carondelet street, Carondelet street to Ninth street, Ninth street to Hoover street, Hoover street to Benton boulevard, Benton boulevard to Sixth street, Sixth street to Hoover street, Hoover street to Occidental boulevard, Occidental boulevard

to First street, First street to Occidental boulevard, Occidental boulevard to Sunset boulevard, Sunset boulevard to Alvarado street, Alvarado street to the north patent boundary of said city; thence along the same east to the easterly line of that portion of Tropico precinct number two annexed to said city prior to November 1, 1911; thence northwesterly, westerly and southerly, following the exterior lines of those portions of Tropico precincts numbers one and two, and of Ivanhoe precinct, so annexed to said city, to the north line of the former city of Hollywood, the same being a point in the present north boundary line of the city of Los Angeles; thence following the boundary line of said city of Los Angeles westerly, southerly, westerly, southerly, westerly, southerly, easterly, southerly, easterly and southerly to the center line of Washington street; thence east along said center line to the point of beginning, shall constitute the sixty-third assembly district.

64. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Hill and Seventh streets, in the city of Los Angeles; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Hill street to Temple street, Temple street to Hill street, Hill street to Sunset boulevard, Sunset boulevard to Hill street, Hill street to Alpine street, Alpine street to Cleveland street, Cleveland street to College street, College street to Adobe street, Adobe street to Lookout drive, Lookout drive to Park terrace, Park terrace to Sunset boulevard, Sunset boulevard to Occidental boulevard, Occidental boulevard to First street, First street to Occidental boulevard, Occidental boulevard to Hoover street, Hoover street to Sixth street, Sixth street to Benton boulevard, Benton boulevard to Hoover street, Hoover street to Seventh street, Seventh street to Hill street, the point of beginning, shall constitute the sixty-fourth assembly district.

65. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the center lines of North Broadway and Daly street, in the city of Los Angeles; thence along the center lines of the following named streets, to wit: North Broadway (crossing the official bed of the Los Angeles river), to Bernardo street, Bernardo street to Adobe street, Adobe street to College street, College street to Cleveland street, Cleveland street to Alpine street, Alpine street to Hill street, Hill street to Sunset boulevard, Sunset boulevard to Hill street, Hill street to Temple street, Temple street to Hill street, Hill street to Fifth street, Fifth street to Central avenue, Central avenue to Sixth street, Sixth street and its easterly extension to the intersection with the center line of Gless street, Gless street to Fifth street, Fifth street to Pecan street, Pecan street to First street, First street to Pleasant avenue, Pleasant avenue to Brooklyn avenue, Brooklyn avenue to Macy street, Macy street to Gallardo street, Gallardo street to Mission road, Mission road to Daly street, Daly street to North Broadway, the point of beginning, shall constitute the sixty-fifth assembly district.

66. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles bounded as follows: Commencing at the northeastern corner of the city of Los Angeles, as the same is described in the United States patent; thence westerly along the northern patent boundary line of said city to the center line of Griffin avenue, or the northerly prolongation thereof; thence along the northerly prolongation of said center line and along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Griffin avenue to Avenue 35, Avenue 35 to Pasadena avenue, Pasadena avenue to Daly street, Daly street to Mission road, Mission road to Gallardo street, Gallardo street to Macy street, Macy street to Brooklyn avenue, Brooklyn avenue to Pleasant avenue, Pleasant avenue to First street, First street to Pecan street, Pecan street to Fifth street, Fifth street to Gless street, Gless street to Sixth street, Sixth street and its extension westerly, along the line of assembly district number sixty-five, as constituted and designated by this section, to the center line of the official bed of the Los Angeles river; thence southerly along said center line and its southerly prolongation to the south boundary of said city; thence east along said boundary line to the southeastern corner of said city; thence north along the east line of said city to the point of beginning, shall constitute the sixty-sixth assembly district.

67. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles included within and comprising the following election precincts of nineteen hundred ten, to wit: Pasadena city numbers one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve,

thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two and twenty-three, and Altadena, shall constitute the sixty-seventh assembly district.

68. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles included within and comprising the following election precincts, and parts of election precincts of nineteen hundred ten, to wit: Claremont city, La Verne, Lordsburg city, San Dimas, Pomona city numbers one, two, three, four, five and six, Spadra, Azusa, Azusa city, Glendora, Covina, Covina city, Rowland, Rivera, Los Nietos, Whittier city numbers one, two, three, and four, and all of El Monte precinct except that portion thereof lying north of the westerly prolongation of the south line of Santa Anita precinct and except that portion thereof lying west of the line dividing ranges eleven and twelve west, in township one south, San Bernardino base and meridian, shall constitute the sixty-eighth assembly district.

69. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles included within and comprising the following election precincts, and parts of election precincts of nineteen hundred ten, to wit: Monrovia city numbers one, two and three, Duarte, Arcadia city numbers one and two, Sierra Madre city, Lamanda numbers one and two, Santa Anita, San Gabriel, Alhambra city numbers one, two and three, South Pasadena city numbers one, two and three, Baird, Belvedere numbers one and two, Montebello, Laguna, Fruitland, Vernon city, Huntington Park city numbers one and two, that part of the precincts of Miramonte and Florence lying east of the center line of the right of way of the Long Beach line of the Pacific Electric Railway Company, and that part of the precinct of El Monte lying north of the westerly prolongation of the southerly line of Santa Anita precinct and also that part of said precinct of El Monte lying west of the line dividing ranges eleven and twelve west, in township one south, San Bernardino base and meridian, shall constitute the sixty-ninth assembly district.

70. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles included within and comprising the following election precincts, and parts of election precincts of nineteen hundred ten, to wit: Long Beach city numbers one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen and nineteen, Naples, Alamitos, Cerritos, Artesia, Norwalk, La Mirada, East Whittier, Downey numbers one and two, Clearwater, Willowbrook, Dominguez, Watts city, Compton city, and that part of Wilmington precinct which was annexed to the city of Long Beach prior to November 1, 1911, shall constitute the seventieth assembly district.

71. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles included within and comprising the following election precincts, and parts of election precincts of nineteen hundred ten, to wit: Catalina, Lomita, Green Meadows, Gardena numbers one and two, all of Wilmington precinct, except the part which was prior to November 1, 1911, annexed to the city of Long Beach, that part of the precincts of Miramonte and Florence lying west of the center line of the right of way of the Long Beach line of the Pacific Electric Railway Company, and Los Angeles city precincts numbers one hundred ninety-two, one hundred ninety-three, one hundred ninety-four, one hundred ninety-seven, one hundred ninety-eight, one hundred ninety-nine, two hundred, two hundred four, two hundred five, two hundred six, two hundred seven, two hundred eight, two hundred eleven, two hundred thirteen, two hundred eighteen, two hundred nineteen, two hundred twenty-three, two hundred twenty-four, two hundred twenty-five, two hundred twenty-six, two hundred twenty-seven, two hundred twenty-eight, two hundred twenty-nine and two hundred thirty, shall constitute the seventy-first assembly district.

72. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles included within and comprising the following election precincts, and parts of election precincts of nineteen hundred ten, to wit: Los Angeles city numbers one hundred sixty-eight, one hundred sixty-nine, one hundred seventy, one hundred seventy-one, one hundred seventy-two, one hundred seventy-three, one hundred seventy-four, one hundred seventy-five, one hundred seventy-six, one hundred seventy-eight, one hundred seventy-nine, one hundred eighty, one hundred eighty-one, one hundred eighty-two, one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four, one hundred eighty-five, one hundred eighty-six, one hundred

eighty-seven, one hundred eighty-eight, one hundred eighty-nine, one hundred ninety, one hundred ninety-one, that part of Los Angeles city precinct number one hundred fifty-seven lying south of the center line of Jefferson street, and all of Los Angeles city precinct number one hundred seventy-seven, except that portion thereof bounded by the west patent boundary line of the city of Los Angeles, the center line of Hoover street (formerly Kingsley street) and the center line of West Jefferson street, shall constitute the seventy-second assembly district.

73. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Main and Washington streets, in the city of Los Angeles; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Main street to Jefferson street, Jefferson street to Figueroa street, Figueroa street to Vernon avenue, Vernon avenue to McKinley avenue, or the northerly prolongation of McKinley avenue from the south, McKinley avenue and said prolongation to Fifty-first street, Fifty-first street to Central avenue, Central avenue to Fifty-first street, Fifty-first street to Hooper avenue, Hooper avenue to Fifty-first street, Fifty-first street and the easterly prolongation thereof to a point in the easterly boundary line of the city of Los Angeles, thence in a northerly direction along said boundary line to the southerly charter boundary line of the city of Los Angeles where the same intersects the center line of Alameda street, Alameda street to Twentieth street, Twentieth street to Central avenue, Central avenue to Washington street, Washington street to Main street, the point of beginning, shall constitute the seventy-third assembly district.

74. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Fifth and Hill streets, in the city of Los Angeles; thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Fifth street to Central avenue, Central avenue to Sixth street, Sixth street and the extension thereof along the line of assembly district number sixty-five, as designated and constituted by this section, to the center line of the official bed of the Los Angeles river; thence southerly along the last mentioned line and the prolongation thereof to the south boundary line of the city of Los Angeles; thence westerly along said boundary line to the center line of Alameda street, Alameda street to Twentieth street, Twentieth street to Central avenue, Central avenue to Washington street, Washington street to Hill street, Hill street to Fifth street, the point of beginning, shall constitute the seventy-fourth assembly district.

75. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Seventh and Hill streets, in the city of Los Angeles, thence along the center line of the following named streets, to wit: Seventh street to Hoover street, Hoover street to Ninth street, Ninth street to Carondelet street, Carondelet street to Hoover street, Hoover street to Pico street, Pico street to Hoover street, Hoover street to Jefferson street, Jefferson street to Main street, Main street to Washington street, Washington street to Hill street, Hill street to Seventh street, the point of beginning, shall constitute the seventy-fifth assembly district.

76. The county of Orange shall constitute the seventy-sixth assembly district.

77. The county of Riverside shall constitute the seventy-seventh assembly district.

78. The county of Imperial shall constitute the seventy-eighth assembly district.

79. All that portion of the county of San Diego included within the corporate limits of the city of San Diego shall constitute the seventy-ninth assembly district.

80. All that portion of the county of San Diego not included in the seventy-ninth assembly district shall constitute the eightieth assembly district. [Amended, *Statutes* 1911 Ex., p. 149.]

Congressional districts.

§ 117. The state is divided into eleven congressional districts, which shall be designated and constituted as follows:

1. The counties of Del Norte, Humboldt, Mendocino, Glenn, Butte, Yuba, Sutter, Marin, Colusa, Lake and Sonoma shall constitute the first congressional district.

2. The counties of Siskiyou, Modoc, Trinity, Shasta, Lassen, Tehama, Plumas, Sierra, Nevada, Placer, El Dorado, Amador, Calaveras, Alpine, Tuolumne, and Mariposa shall constitute the second congressional district.



3. The counties of Napa, Yolo, Sacramento, Solano, Contra Costa and San Joaquin shall constitute the third congressional district.

4. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco comprising the twenty-eighth, thirty-first, thirtieth, thirty-second, thirty-third and twenty-first assembly districts, as such districts are constituted by section ninety of this code, as amended at the extraordinary session of the legislature commencing November 27, 1911, shall constitute the fourth congressional district.

5. All that portion of the city and county of San Francisco not included in the fourth congressional district shall constitute the fifth congressional district.

6. The county of Alameda shall constitute the sixth congressional district.

7. The counties of Stanislaus, Merced, Madera, Fresno, Kings, Tulare and Kern shall constitute the seventh congressional district.

8. The counties of San Mateo, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, San Benito, Monterey, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara and Ventura shall constitute the eighth congressional district.

9. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles comprising the sixty-first, sixty-fifth, sixty-sixth, sixty-seventh, sixty-eighth, sixty-ninth and seventieth assembly districts, as such districts are constituted by section ninety of this code, as amended at the extraordinary session of the legislature commencing November 27, 1911, shall constitute the ninth congressional district.

10. All that portion of the county of Los Angeles not included in the ninth congressional district shall constitute the tenth congressional district.

11. The counties of San Bernardino, Orange, Riverside, San Diego, Mono, Inyo and Imperial shall constitute the eleventh congressional district. [Amended, *Statutes* 1911 Ex., p. 164.]

Equalization districts.

§ 125. The state is hereby divided into four equalization districts designated and constituted as follows:

1. The city and county of San Francisco shall constitute the first equalization district.

2. The counties of Alameda, Alpine, Amador, Calaveras, Contra Costa, El Dorado, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, San Joaquin, and Tuolumne shall constitute the second equalization district.

3. The counties of Butte, Colusa, Del Norte, Glenn, Humboldt, Lake, Lassen, Marin, Mendocino, Modoc, Napa, Plumas, Shasta, Sierra, Siskiyou, Solano, Sonoma, Sutter, Tehama, Trinity, Yolo, and Yuba shall constitute the third equalization district.

4. The counties of Fresno, Inyo, Kern, Kings, Los Angeles, Madera, Mariposa, Merced, Mono, Monterey, Orange, Riverside, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Barbara, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Stanislaus, Tulare, and Ventura shall constitute the fourth equalization district. [Re-enacted, *Statutes* 1907, p. 627.]

Judicial districts.

§ 135. The state is hereby divided into three district courts of appeal districts designated and constituted as follows:

1. The counties of San Francisco, Marin, Contra Costa, Alameda, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Fresno, Santa Cruz, Monterey, and San Benito shall constitute the first appellate district.

2. The counties of Tulare, Kings, San Luis Obispo, Kern, Inyo, Santa Barbara, Ventura, Los Angeles, San Bernardino, Orange, Riverside, and San Diego shall constitute the second appellate district.

3. The counties of Del Norte, Siskiyou, Modoc, Humboldt, Trinity, Shasta, Lassen, Tehama, Plumas, Mendocino, Lake, Colusa, Glenn, Butte, Sierra, Sutter, Yuba, Nevada, Sonoma, Napa, Yolo, Placer, Solano, Sacramento, El Dorado, San Joaquin, Amador, Calaveras, Stanislaus, Mariposa, Madera, Merced, Tuolumne, Alpine, and Mono shall constitute the third appellate district. [Re-enacted, *Statutes* 1907, p. 628.]



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